

Virtuoso[®] Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

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Contents

<u>Preface</u>	9
<u>Related Documents</u>	9
<u>Typographic and Syntax Conventions</u>	10
<u>Data Types</u>	10
<u>Orientation Abbreviations</u>	12

1

<u>Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions</u>	13
<u>cdsName</u>	15
<u>cdsNetExpr</u>	16
<u>cdsParam</u>	17
<u>cdsTerm</u>	18
<u>heHiEditConfig</u>	19
<u>heHiSetInstBinding</u>	20
<u>heHiShowViewsFound</u>	21
<u>heHiUpdate</u>	22
<u>hiPrevWinView</u>	23
<u>hiNextWinView</u>	24
<u>psQueueStatus</u>	25
<u>schAddSelectPt</u>	26
<u>schDirectEdit</u>	27
<u>schExtendSelectPt</u>	29
<u>schHiAbout</u>	30
<u>schHiAlternateView</u>	31
<u>schHiCellViewProperty</u>	32
<u>schHiChangeEditMode</u>	33
<u>schHiCheck</u>	34
<u>schHiCheckAndSave</u>	35
<u>schHiCheckHier</u>	36
<u>schHiCloneSymbol</u>	37
<u>schHiComputePinRef</u>	38

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

<u>schHiCopy</u>	40
<u>schHiCreateBlockInst</u>	42
<u>schHiCreateInst</u>	44
<u>schHiCreateInstBox</u>	46
<u>schHiCreateNetExpression</u>	47
<u>schHiCreateNoteLabel</u>	49
<u>schHiCreateNoteShape</u>	51
<u>schHiCreatePatchcord</u>	52
<u>schHiCreatePin</u>	53
<u>schHiCreateSheet</u>	56
<u>schHiCreateSimBox</u>	58
<u>schHiCreateSymbolLabel</u>	59
<u>schHiCreateSymbolPin</u>	61
<u>Description</u>	61
<u>schHiCreateSymbolShape</u>	63
<u>schHiCreateWire</u>	64
<u>schHiCreateWireLabel</u>	67
<u>schHiDelete</u>	70
<u>schHiDeleteIndex</u>	71
<u>schHiDeleteSheet</u>	72
<u>schHiDescend</u>	73
<u>schHiDescendEdit</u>	74
<u>schHiDescendRead</u>	75
<u>schHiDisplayOptions</u>	76
<u>schHiDrawSymbolPin</u>	77
<u>schHiEditInPlace</u>	78
<u>schHiEditorOptions</u>	79
<u>schHiEditPinOrder</u>	80
<u>schHiEditSheetSize</u>	81
<u>schHiEditTitleBlock</u>	82
<u>schHiEnvSaveLoad</u>	83
<u>schHiExtractConn</u>	84
<u>schHiFind</u>	85
<u>schHiFindMarker</u>	87
<u>schHiFollowPin</u>	88
<u>schHiGotoSheet</u>	89

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

<u>schHiGridOptions</u>	90
<u>schHiHiliteLabel</u>	91
<u>schHiInstToView</u>	92
<u>schHiMousePopUp</u>	94
<u>schHiMove</u>	96
<u>schHiNetExprAvailProps</u>	97
<u>schHiNetExprEvalNames</u>	98
<u>schHiNewCellView</u>	99
<u>schHiObjectProperty</u>	100
<u>schHiOpenCellView</u>	101
<u>schHiOpenOtherView</u>	102
<u>schHiOpenSymbolOrSchematicView</u>	104
<u>schHiPinListToView</u>	105
<u>schHiPlot</u>	107
<u>schHiPlotQueueStatus</u>	108
<u>schHiRenumberAllSheet</u>	109
<u>schHiRenumberInstances</u>	110
<u>schHiRenumberSheet</u>	111
<u>schHiReplace</u>	112
<u>schHiResetInvisibleLabels</u>	114
<u>schHiReturn</u>	115
<u>schHiReturnToTop</u>	116
<u>schHiRotate</u>	117
<u>schHiRouteFlightLine</u>	118
<u>schHiSaveCellView</u>	119
<u>schHiSelectAll</u>	120
<u>schHiSelectByProperty</u>	121
<u>schHiSetSymbolOrigin</u>	123
<u>schHiShowScope</u>	124
<u>schHiSolder</u>	125
<u>schHiSRC</u>	126
<u>schHiStretch</u>	128
<u>schHiSymStretch</u>	130
<u>schHiUpdatePinOrder</u>	131
<u>schHiVHDLProperty</u>	132
<u>schHiUpdatePinsFromView</u>	133

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

<u>schHiVIC</u>	134
<u>schHiVICAndSave</u>	136
<u>schHiViewToView</u>	137
<u>schHiZoomToSelSet</u>	139
<u>schSetSelectOptions</u>	140
<u>schSingleSelectPt</u>	141

2

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

143

<u>schCheck</u>	144
<u>schCheckHier</u>	145
<u>schCheckHierConfig</u>	148
<u>schCloneSymbol</u>	150
<u>schCmdOption</u>	152
<u>schComputePinRef</u>	153
<u>schCopy</u>	156
<u>schCreateInst</u>	157
<u>schCreateInstBox</u>	159
<u>schCreateNetExpression</u>	160
<u>schCreateNoteLabel</u>	162
<u>schCreateNoteShape</u>	164
<u>schCreatePin</u>	166
<u>schCreateSheet</u>	168
<u>schCreateSymbolLabel</u>	171
<u>schCreateSymbolPin</u>	173
<u>schCreateSymbolShape</u>	175
<u>schCreateWire</u>	176
<u>schCreateWireLabel</u>	178
<u>schDelete</u>	180
<u>schDeleteIndex</u>	181
<u>schDeleteSheet</u>	182
<u>schDeselectAllFig</u>	183
<u>schDrawSymbolPin</u>	184
<u>schEditPinOrder</u>	185

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

<u>schEditSheetSize</u>	186
<u>schExistsEditCap</u>	187
<u>schExtendSelSet</u>	188
<u>schExtractConn</u>	190
<u>schExtractStatus</u>	192
<u>schGetBundleDisplayMode</u>	193
<u>schGetCellViewListInSearchScope</u>	194
<u>schGetEnv</u>	196
<u>schGetMatchingObjects</u>	197
<u>schGetPinOrder</u>	199
<u>schGlueLabel</u>	200
<u>schHdlPrintFile</u>	201
<u>schHdlPrintVars</u>	202
<u>schHDLReturn</u>	203
<u>schInhConFind</u>	204
<u>schInhConSet</u>	206
<u>schInstallHDL</u>	208
<u>schInstToView</u>	210
<u>schIsHDLCapEnabled</u>	212
<u>schIsIndexCV</u>	213
<u>schIsSchEditOk</u>	214
<u>schIsSheetCV</u>	215
<u>schIsSymEditOk</u>	216
<u>schIsViewCapEnabled</u>	217
<u>schIsWireLabel</u>	218
<u>schLayoutToPinList</u>	219
<u>schMouseApplyOrFinish</u>	221
<u>schMove</u>	222
<u>schNetExprAvailProps</u>	223
<u>schNetExprEvalNames</u>	225
<u>schPinListToSchem</u>	230
<u>schPinListToSchemGen</u>	232
<u>schPinListToSymbol</u>	234
<u>schPinListToSymbolGen</u>	236
<u>schPinListToVerilog</u>	238
<u>schPinListToView</u>	240

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

<u>schPlot</u>	242
<u>schRegisterFixedMenu</u>	244
<u>schRegisterPopUpMenu</u>	246
<u>schRegPostCheckTrigger</u>	248
<u>schRenumAllSheet</u>	250
<u>schRenumInstances</u>	251
<u>schRenumSheet</u>	253
<u>schReplaceProperty</u>	254
<u>schSaveCurrentPlotOptions</u>	256
<u>schSchemToPinList</u>	257
<u>schSelectAllFig</u>	259
<u>schSelectPoint</u>	260
<u>schSetAndLoadTsgTemplateType</u>	262
<u>schSetBundleDisplayMode</u>	264
<u>schSetCmdOption</u>	265
<u>schSetEnv</u>	267
<u>schSetSymbolOrigin</u>	268
<u>schSetTextDisplayBBox</u>	269
<u>schShiftCmdOption</u>	271
<u>schSingleSelectBox</u>	272
<u>schSnapToConn</u>	273
<u>schSolder</u>	274
<u>schSRC</u>	275
<u>schStretch</u>	277
<u>schSubSelectBox</u>	280
<u>schSymbolToPinList</u>	281
<u>schSync</u>	283
<u>schUnregisterFixedMenu</u>	284
<u>schUnregisterPopUpMenu</u>	285
<u>schUnregPostCheckTrigger</u>	287
<u>schUpdateUserSRCErrAndWarn</u>	288
<u>schVerilogToPinList</u>	290
<u>schVIC</u>	292
<u>schViewToView</u>	294
<u>schZoomFit</u>	296
<u>tsg</u>	297

Preface

This manual provides information for IC schematic capture and simulation environment developers and designers who want to use Cadence® SKILL language functions instead of menu commands in the schematic capture environments.

This manual assumes that you are familiar with the SKILL language.



SKILL commands that are only applicable to the Virtuoso Schematic Editor XL are tagged “**XL Only**”. All other SKILL commands can be used with both the L and XL versions of the schematic editor product.

Related Documents

The following manuals provide additional information about SKILL commands.

- The *[Virtuoso Design Environment User Guide](#)* describes the tools and operations that you should be familiar with before using SKILL functions.
- The *[SKILL Language User Guide](#)* describes how to use the SKILL language functions, the SKILL++ functions, and the SKILL++ object system (for object-oriented programming).
- The *[Virtuoso Schematic Editor L User Guide](#)* shows you how to create a schematic of an electronic circuit.
- The *[Virtuoso Schematic Editor XL User Guide](#)* provides information on schematic editing functionality unique to the XL version of the schematic editor.
- The *[Virtuoso Schematic Editor Known Problems and Solutions](#)* provides information on problems you might encounter while using the schematic editor, along with workarounds should they exist.
- The *[Virtuoso Schematic Editor: What's New in 6.1](#)* [book](#) describes new, changed and deleted features in this release, along with information on the latest documentation updates and PCR fixes.

Typographic and Syntax Conventions

This section describes typographic and syntax conventions used in this manual.

<code>text</code>	Indicates text you must type exactly as it is presented.
<code>z_argument</code>	Indicates text that you must replace with an appropriate argument. The prefix (in this case, <code>z_</code>) indicates the data type the argument can accept. Do not type the data type or underscore.
<code>[]</code>	Denotes optional arguments. When used with vertical bars, they enclose a list of choices from which you can choose one.
<code>{ }</code>	Used with vertical bars and encloses a list of choices from which you must choose one.
<code> </code>	Separates a choice of options; separates the possible values that can be returned by a Cadence SKILL language function.
<code>...</code>	Indicates that you can repeat the previous argument.
<code>=></code>	Precedes the values returned by a Cadence SKILL language function.
<i>text</i>	Indicates names of manuals, menu commands, form buttons, and form fields.

Important

The language requires many characters not included in the preceding list. You must type these characters exactly as they are shown in the syntax.

Data Types

The Cadence SKILL language supports several data types to identify the type of value you can assign to an argument. Data types are identified by a single letter followed by an underscore; for example, `t` is the data type in `t_viewNames`. Data types and the underscore are used as identifiers only: they are not to be typed.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Preface

The table below lists all data types supported by SKILL.

Data Types by Type

Prefix	Internal Name	Data Type
<i>a</i>	array	array
<i>b</i>	ddUserType	Boolean
<i>C</i>	opfcontext	OPF context
<i>d</i>	dbobject	Cadence database object (CDBA)
<i>e</i>	envobj	environment
<i>f</i>	flonum	floating-point number
<i>F</i>	opffile	OPF file ID
<i>g</i>	general	any data type
<i>G</i>	gdmSpecIIUserType	gdm spec
<i>h</i>	hdbobject	hierarchical database configuration object
<i>l</i>	list	linked list
<i>m</i>	nmplIUserType	nmplI user type
<i>M</i>	cdsEvalObject	—
<i>n</i>	number	integer or floating-point number
<i>o</i>	userType	user-defined type (other)
<i>p</i>	port	I/O port
<i>q</i>	gdmspecListIIUserType	gdm spec list
<i>r</i>	defstruct	defstruct
<i>R</i>	rodObj	relative object design (ROD) object
<i>s</i>	symbol	symbol
<i>S</i>	stringSymbol	symbol or character string
<i>t</i>	string	character string (text)
<i>u</i>	function	function object, either the name of a function (symbol) or a lambda function body (list)
<i>U</i>	funobj	function object

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Preface

Data Types by Type, *continued*

Prefix	Internal Name	Data Type
<i>v</i>	hdbpath	—
<i>w</i>	wtype	window type
<i>x</i>	integer	integer number
<i>y</i>	binary	binary function
<i>&</i>	pointer	pointer type

Orientation Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
R0	no orientation
R90	rotates 90 degrees
R180	rotates 180 degrees
R270	rotates 270 degrees
MX	mirrors about the X axis
MXR90	mirrors about the X axis 90 degrees
MY	mirrors about the Y axis
MYR90	mirrors about the Y axis 90 degrees

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

The Virtuoso® Schematic Editor SKILL human interface (HI) functions and arguments, presented in alphabetical order in this chapter, let you customize the schematic editor menus and bindkeys. They are designed to be top-level functions that are not called by other functions. Human interface functions are not intended for procedural use. The procedural functions are described in [Chapter 2, “Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface \(PI\) Functions.”](#)

Most Virtuoso schematic editor human interface functions begin with `schHi`. You can often derive the name of the HI function from the PI function by simply adding the `Hi` portion of the name. For example, the PI function

```
schCreateWire
```

has the corresponding HI function

```
schHiCreateWire
```

Most HI functions are interactive, requiring you to interact with a form or prompting you to click on a location or an object in your schematic. The functions accept input from an options form associated with the corresponding menu command. When you call a function without specifying any required arguments, an option form automatically appears. For example, when you type `schHiCopy` in the CIW, the system prompts you to use your cursor to point to the object in your schematic that you want to copy. Option forms provide a graphical interface that lets you specify function arguments. You can manually open an option form for an active command by pressing the `F3` function key on your keyboard.

Refer to [Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide](#) for more information about the schematic editor forms and options.

Most interactive functions remain active until you explicitly cancel them or until you start a new function. Some interactive functions, such as copy, return the action immediately even though the command is still active. These functions are based on enter functions. All HI functions return a Boolean value, either `t` or `nil`. When the function completes normally, the function

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

returns a `t`; when the function fails or is canceled, the function returns a `nil`. In this way, you can create compound functions that take error recovery action.

Some functions are restricted to either schematic or schematic symbol view types. Other functions are restricted to multisheet designs, indexes, or sheets.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

cdsName

```
cdsName(  
    )
```

Description

The `cdsName` function uses information about the instance currently being drawn in order to compute the data returned by the schematic editor during a redraw. Consequently, `cdsName` is only intended to be called as the value of an `ILLLabel` on a symbol, and is not intended for direct evaluation during a program. If it is invoked directly, information on the current drawn instance will not be available. The `cdsName` will display label information, usually placed on the layer `annotate_drawing7`, near the cell name or instance name.

This function is also attached to a cell symbol view when you use the Add Symbol Label form and the Edit Component Display form is used to control the display of this label type.

The CDF *Interpreted Labels Information* sections of both the library and component are also used to configure what the label displays. The pertinent *Interpreted Labels Information* parameters are `instDisplayMode` and `instNameType`.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

None.

cdsNetExpr

```
cdsNetExpr(  
    )
```

Description

The `cdsNetExpr` function is used inside the `ILLLabel` that is created using the *Create – Net Expression* command. This function uses information about the instance currently being drawn in order to compute the data returned by the schematic editor during a redraw. Consequently, `cdsNetExpr` is only intended to be called as the value of an `ILLLabel` on a symbol, and is not intended for direct evaluation during a program. If it is invoked directly, information on the current drawn instance will not be available.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

None.

cdsParam

```
cdsParam(  
    n_index  
)
```

Description

The `cdsParam` function displays label information, usually placed on the layer `annotate` drawing, about the parameter values or backannotated parameter values. This function uses information about the instance currently being drawn in order to compute the data returned by the schematic editor during a redraw. Consequently, `cdsParam` is only intended to be called as the value of an `ILLabel` on a symbol, and is not intended for direct evaluation during a program. If it is invoked directly, information on the current drawn instance will not be available.

The `cdsParam` function is also attached to a cell symbol view when you use the Add Symbol Label form. The Edit Component Display form is used to control the display of this label type. The CDF *Interpreted Labels Information* sections of both the library and component are also used to configure what this label displays.

The pertinent *Interpreted Labels Information* parameters are `paramDisplayMode`, `paramLabelSet`, `opPointLabelSet`, `modelLabelSet`, `paramEvaluate`, and `paramSimType`.

Arguments

<i>n_index</i>	Three labels are usually generated during automatic symbol generation, but you can define additional labels. The only requirement for the parameter labels is that you number them sequentially, starting with 1.
----------------	---

Value Returned

None.

cdsTerm

```
cdsTerm(  
    s_pinName  
)
```

Description

The function `cdsTerm` displays label information, usually placed on the layer `annotate drawing8`, near the pin or a net attached to the pin. It is also attached to a cell symbol view when you use the Add Symbol Label form, and the Edit Component Display form is used to control the display of this label type.

The `cdsTerm` function uses information about the instance currently being drawn in order to compute the data returned by the schematic editor during a redraw. Consequently, `cdsTerm` is only intended to be called as the value of an `ILLLabel` on a symbol, and is not intended for direct evaluation during a program. If it is invoked directly, information on the current drawn instance will not be available.

The CDF *Interpreted Labels Information* sections of both the library and component are also used to configure what this label displays. The pertinent *Interpreted Labels Information* parameters are `termDisplayMode`, `termSimType`, and `netNameType`.

Arguments

<code>s_pinName</code>	If the symbol contains special characters, you must put the string in quotation marks or escape the special characters properly.
------------------------	--

Value Returned

None.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

heHiEditConfig

```
heHiEditConfig(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Opens the hierarchy editor if the current editing window has a design opened within the context of a configuration.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

heHiSetInstBinding

```
heHiSetInstBinding(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Sets the instance bindings of an instance in a cellview of open configurations. The form associated with this function is updated with current binding information. The new bindings are communicated to the hierarchy editor.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

heHiShowViewsFound

```
heHiShowViewsFound(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Shows the current view being used for each instance in a form.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

heHiUpdate

```
heHiUpdate(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Updates the information in the hierarchy editor after you edit the configuration.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

hiPrevWinView

```
hiPrevWinView(  
    )
```

Description

Scrolls back through up to ten window zoom or pan views.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

None.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

hiNextWinView

```
hiNextWinView(  
    )
```

Description

Scrolls forward through up to ten window zoom or pan views.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

None.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

psQueueStatus

```
psQueueStatus(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the plot jobs in the spooling queues. Usable when editing schematics or symbols. You can use this function to examine the plot spooling queue.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schAddSelectPt

```
schAddSelectPt(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Selects the object under the cursor. Maintains the selected set and adds the object to the selected set. Usable when editing schematics. Is equivalent to the Graphics Editor `mouseAddSelectPt` function. Provides other functions with the identity of the most recently selected object, which is required for extended selection.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schDirectEdit

```
schDirectEdit(  
    x_index  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Directly edits or manipulates the object under the cursor. Usable when editing schematics and symbols.

If the object is under the cursor or if the object is in the selected set, you can modify all objects in the selected set. If the object under the cursor is not in the selected set, you can modify only that object. If there is no object under the cursor, the `SelectByArea` process is used.

In the `schBindkey.il` file, `DrawThru1` is bound to `schDirectEdit` as shown:

```
<DrawThru1> schDirectEdit(1)  
Shift<DrawThru1> schDirectEdit(2)  
Ctrl<DrawThru1> schDirectEdit(3)
```

The following table shows what kind of edit takes place.

Object Type/Index	1	2	3
Instance (or Block)	Stretch	Copy	Move
Wire	Stretch	Copy	Move
Wire Vertex	Stretch	Add Wire	Move
Schematic Pin	Stretch	Add Wire	Move
Note Shape	Move	Copy	Move
Note Shape Edge	Stretch	Move	Move
Note Shape Vertex	Stretch	Move	Move
Symbol Pin	Move	Add Line	Move
Labels	Move	Copy	Move
Instance Pin	Add Wire	Add Wire	Add Wire
Instance Label	Move	Move	Move
Net Expression	Move	Copy	Move

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Arguments

x_index An integer that specifies which function to execute.
Valid Values: 1, 2, 3

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schDirectEdit( 1 )
```

If the cursor is not over an object, executes `selectByArea`. If the object under the cursor is an instance, executes `stretch` on the instance. If that instance belongs to the selected set, stretches all objects in the selected set.

```
schDirectEdit( 2 )
```

If the cursor is not over an object, executes an additive `selectByArea`. If the object under the cursor is an instance, executes `copy` on the instance. If that instance belongs to the selected set, copies all objects in the selected set.

```
schDirectEdit( 3 )
```

If the cursor is not over an object, executes `deselectByArea`. If the object under the cursor is an instance, executes `move` on the instance. If the instance belongs to the selected set, moves all objects in the selected set.

schExtendSelectPt

```
schExtendSelectPt(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Extends the selection of the object under the current cursor position by selecting objects around the current object. Usable only when editing schematics.

Searches through the schematic cellview for objects that are physically touching the object under the cursor and adds them to the selected set. If the cursor is over an object, this function selects the object. If the object is already selected, this function extends the selection. This function adds any objects in the next selection level to the selected set. It increments the selection level until something is selected. When this function reaches the maximum selection level, it cycles back to the single object. For example,

- Extending a wire selects all segments in the same branch; selection stops at T-intersections, pins, instance pins, and changes in wire width. Executing the function a second time selects all connected wire segments, stopping only at pins and instance pins.
- Extending an instance selects all single wire segments connected to any of its instance pins. Repeating the function extends along wires as described above.
- Extending a label selects its owner. Repeating the function extends the owner as described above for wires, pins, and instances.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiAbout

```
schHiAbout (  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Opens the product information window, which indicates the schematic editor release number and copyright information.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiAlternateView

```
schHiAlternateView(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Changes the view name of a single component by toggling through the list of possible views. Usable only while editing a schematic cellview. Operates on one instance at a time.

If the selected set contains only one instance, that instance is modified. If no instances are in the selected set, you are prompted to point at an object to modify. If more than one instance is in the selected set, you are prompted to select only one instance. The set of view names is derived from the views that exist for the instance's master excluding those views referenced in the `schCycleViewNameExclusionList` global variable defined in the `schConfig.il` file.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiCellViewProperty

```
schHiCellViewProperty(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the options form showing the properties for the current cellview. Usable only when editing schematic or symbol cellviews.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiChangeEditMode

```
schHiChangeEditMode(  
    t_newMode  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Sets the mode for the design in the current window to read or append. The mode is the same as that supplied to `dbOpenCellViewByType`.



To prevent any unintentional loss of data, you should not use this function to change the mode to overwrite w mode.

Arguments

<code>t_newMode</code>	New access mode; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>r</code> (read), <code>a</code> (append)
------------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiChangeEditMode( "r" )
```

Changes the mode to read and returns a `t`.

schHiCheck

```
schHiCheck(  
    [ t_action ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Checks the connectivity of a schematic and optionally starts the schematic rules checker (SRC) or the cross-view checker (VIC). Usable only when editing schematics. A dialog box shows the total number of errors and warnings detected when the function is complete.

Arguments

<i>t_action</i>	Defines the action to take; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>run</code> , <code>editOptions</code> , <code>editOptionsAndRun</code> Default: <code>editOptionsAndRun</code>
-----------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiCheck( "editOptions" )
```

Displays the options form for modifying the check options.

```
schHiCheck( "run" )
```

Runs the checks that are set on the form.

```
schHiCheck( "editOptionsAndRun" )
```

Lets you modify the various check option settings on a form. The check is then performed on the schematic in the current window.

schHiCheckAndSave

```
schHiCheckAndSave(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Performs the checks specified by the check options and saves the schematic to disk under the same cell name and view name, and in the same library. Usable only when editing schematics.

Provides a simple interface to the schematic check function and saves the schematic if no connectivity errors are encountered during the check. If errors do exist, then depending on the *Check and Save Action on Error* setting, the schematic is either saved or not saved or you are prompted for the next action to perform.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiCheckHier

```
schHiCheckHier(  
    [ t_action ]  
    [ t_refLibs ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Performs the specified checks on the current schematic and the hierarchy below it. Also updates the connectivity as needed and runs the schematic rules checker (SRC), the cross-view checker (VIC), or both. Usable only when editing schematics. Only processes schematics found in the hierarchy starting from the current cellview. The view name list used to control the traversal is taken from the window in which the function is run.

Arguments

<i>t_action</i>	Defines the action to take; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>run</code> , <code>editOptions</code> , <code>editOptionsAndRun</code> Default: <code>editOptionsAndRun</code>
<i>t_refLibs</i>	Additional reference libraries to process; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCheckHier( "editOptions" )
```

Displays the form for modifying the check hierarchy options.

```
schHiCheckHier( "run" " " )
```

Runs the hierarchical check with the options set as they are on the form; the empty string for the *t_refLibs* argument specifies that no reference libraries are to be checked.

```
schHiCheckHier( "editOptionsAndRun" )
```

Lets you modify the various check option settings on a form.

schHiCloneSymbol

```
schHiCloneSymbol(  
    [ t_libraryName ]  
    [ t_cellName ]  
    [ t_viewName ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Copies graphics from an existing symbol library into the symbol design you are currently editing. Usable only when editing symbols. If you do not specify any argument, the options form appears and prompts you for the values of these fields.

Arguments

<i>t_libraryName</i>	Library that contains the symbol you want to clone; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Name of the cell you want to clone; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	Name of the view you want to clone; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCloneSymbol( "sample" "nand2" "symbol" )
```

Clones the graphic of the `nand2` symbol from the `sample` library and prompts you for a point to place it in your current symbol.

schHiComputePinRef

```
schHiComputePinRef(  
    [ t_reportFile ]  
    [ t_display ]  
    [ t_formatString ]  
    [ t_reportDups ]  
    [ t_sortByDir ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the Cross-Reference Options form for current index or sheet schematic, which computes, stores, and lists zone references for all pins and offsheet connectors in a multisheet schematic. The zone references identify where pins on other sheets reference the same net. Uses stored references to identify pin locations. The pin references can be displayed in the schematic alongside each pin or written to a report file. Can be used only when editing either the index or a sheet of a multisheet design. The index requires checking before zones can be computed.

Arguments

<i>t_reportFile</i>	Filename for the cross-reference report; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Use an empty string to suppress the report file. Default: " "
<i>t_display</i>	Controls display of cross-references in the schematic; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Set this argument to <code>on</code> to display cross-references or to <code>off</code> to remove any existing cross-references. Default: <code>on</code>
<i>t_formatString</i>	Controls the cross-reference format. You can build the cross-reference format using any combination of the following in any order: <i>sheetNumber zone referenceName direction</i> Default: <code>schGetEnv("pinRefFormat")</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<i>t_reportDups</i>	Controls reporting of duplicate pin references found within the same zone; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Set this argument to <code>on</code> to report duplicate pin references or to <code>off</code> to suppress these reports. Default: <code>schGetEnv("pinRefDuplicates")</code>
<i>t_sortByDir</i>	Controls sorting of pin references; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Set this argument to <code>on</code> to sort by direction or to <code>off</code> to sort by sheet number. Default: <code>schGetEnv("pinRefSorting")</code>

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiComputePinRef( "design.xref" )
```

Displays the Cross-Reference Options form and also creates a report file named `design.xref`.

```
schHiComputePinRef( "" "on" "1 B" "off" "on" )
```

Displays the Cross-Reference Options form to produce cross-references in the schematic alongside each pin in sheet 1 zone B. Duplicate references are not reported and references are sorted by direction.

schHiCopy

```
schHiCopy(  
    [ g_formFlag ]  
    [ x_numrows ]  
    [ x_numcols ]  
    [ t_useSelSet ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Copies objects and data such as object properties. Objects can be copied between different schematic cellviews. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

If the selected set contains multiple objects, you are prompted to click on a reference point.

Arguments

g_formFlag

Specifies whether or not to bring up the options form. A `t` displays the options form. A `nil` copies any selected object using default values set on the form.

x_numrows

Number of rows to generate. Range is limited by the system. If *x_numrows* is greater than 1, you are prompted to select a destination for the first copy in the second row. The schematic editor calculates the offsets for placing the remaining elements of the array. The resultant objects are copies of the original and are not stored as an array. *x_numrows* resets to 1 when you complete the copy.

Default: 1

x_numcols

Number of columns to generate. Range is limited by the system. If *x_numcols* is greater than 1, you are prompted to click on a location for the second copy in the first row. The schematic editor calculates the offsets for placing the remaining elements of the array. The resultant objects are copies of the original and are not stored as an array. *x_numcols* resets to 1 when you complete the copy.

Default: 1

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

t_useSelSet

Specifies whether to copy the entire selected set or only the object you select with the mouse; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set this argument to `noSelSet`, any previously selected objects are ignored and the function is nonmodal. If you set the argument to `useSelSet`, any previously selected objects are used and the function is nonmodal; otherwise, the function is modal and prompts you for objects to copy.

Valid Values: `useSelSet`, `noSelSet`

Default: `useSelSet`

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiCopy( nil 2 3 )
```

Makes six copies of objects you select and calculates the placement of each object according to your selected destination point of the first copy in the second row and the second copy in the first row. The `nil` value does not bring up the options form but uses the current field values.

```
schHiCopy( t )
```

Displays the options form you use to specify the values for your copy.

```
schHiCopy( nil 1 1 "noSelSet" )
```

Ignores the selected set and prompts you to select the object to copy.

schHiCreateBlockInst

```
schHiCreateBlockInst(  
    [ t_libraryName ]  
    [ t_cellName ]  
    [ t_viewName ]  
    [ t_blockSampleName ]  
    [ t_instanceName ]  
    [ t_pinNameSeed ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a block and places an instance of a block in a schematic. Usable only when editing schematics. If you do not type a library, view, and instance name as arguments, the options form appears and prompts you for these values. The block choices are defined by the `schBlockTemplate` variable in the `schConfig.il` file. If you type freeform, the schematic editor prompts you to type a rectangular shape by clicking on two points of the rectangle.

Arguments

<i>t_libraryName</i>	An existing library in which you want to create your block; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell name of the block you want to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View you want to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_blockSampleName</i>	Name of a block sample that represents the boundary of the block; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: small, medium, large, 2 by 1, 1 by 2, alu, mux4, mux8
<i>t_instanceName</i>	Unique name to assign to your instance; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_pinNameSeed</i>	Seed name that the schematic editor uses when generating names of new pins created on this block; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiCreateBlockInst( "ASIC_LIB" "BLOCK1" "SYMBOL_NEG" )
```

Creates a new block with the specified fields. Prompts you to type a rectangular shape that specifies the shape of the symbol as well as the origin of the instance of the new block.

`t_pinNameSeed` is set to `pin` and `t_instanceName` is assigned a unique value.

```
schHiCreateBlockInst( "ASIC_LIB" "BLOCK1 BLOCK2" "SYMBOL_NEG" "large" "I1 I2" "PIN" )
```

Creates two blocks named `BLOCK1` and `BLOCK2`. Both blocks are created in the `ASIC_LIB` library and the view name is `SYMBOL_NEG`. The instance names are `I1` and `I2`. The boundary of the blocks is a fixed size based on the pointlist in the `blockSample` map that relates the `large` `blockSampleName`. The schematic editor drags the first block and prompts you for a location to place the instance. It then drags the second block and prompts you for a location.

schHiCreateInst

```
schHiCreateInst(  
    [ t_libraryName ]  
    [ t_cellName ]  
    [ t_viewName ]  
    [ t_instanceName ]  
    [ x_rows ]  
    [ x_columns ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Places an instance of a cellview in a schematic. Usable only when editing schematics.

Arguments

<i>t_libraryName</i>	Library that contains the cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell name you want to use; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View you want to use; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_instanceName</i>	Unique name to assign to your instance; must be enclosed in quotation marks. To name more than one instance, use a space as a delimiter. The schematic editor places the instances in the order in which you specified them.
<i>x_rows</i>	Number of rows of instances to create. Range is limited by the system. If <i>x_rows</i> is greater than 1, you are prompted to click on a location to place the first instance in the second row. The schematic editor places the first components of the remaining columns, then drags all first row components and places all remaining components. It names each instance with the names that you specified in <i>t_instanceName</i> . If <i>t_instanceName</i> is empty, unique names are generated for each instance placed.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

x_columns

Number of columns of instances to create. Range is limited by the system. If *x_columns* is greater than 1, you are prompted to click on a location to place the first instance in the second column. The schematic editor places the first components of the remaining columns, then drags all first row components and places all remaining components. It names each instance with the names that you specified in *t_instanceName*. If *t_instanceName* is empty, unique names are generated for each instance placed.

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateInst( "SAMPLE" "AND2" "SYMBOL" "IO" )
```

Drags the requested AND2 symbol from the SAMPLE library until you click on a location to place it. Symbol view name is SYMBOL and the instance name is IO.

```
schHiCreateInst( "SAMPLE" "AND2" "SYMBOL" "A B" 4 3 )
```

Creates an array of 12 components. Names the first two instances in the first row A and B. Automatically generates unique instance names for the remaining instances in the array.

schHiCreateInstBox

```
schHiCreateInstBox(  
    [ g_autoBox ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates an instance box for the symbol you are editing. An instance box defines a rectangular region in which an instance of a symbol is selectable. Usable only when editing symbols.

If you specify *g_autoBox*, the editor creates an instance box. Otherwise, you are prompted to type a rectangle to represent the instance box.

Arguments

<i>g_autoBox</i>	Specifies whether the instance box is created automatically (<i>t</i>) or manually (<i>nil</i>).
------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateInstBox( t )
```

Calculates the size of the rectangle to represent the instance box by determining the centers of all symbol pins, device shapes, and device labels.

schHiCreateNetExpression

```
schHiCreateNetExpression(  
    [ t_netExpr ]  
    [ t_justify ]  
    [ t_fontStyle ]  
    [ n_fontHeight ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates an inherited connection and the corresponding net expression label. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

If you do not specify *t_netExpr* or if you specify it as `nil`, the options form appears and prompts you for the net expression. If *t_justify*, *t_fontStyle*, and *n_fontHeight* are not specified, the software applies the current value of the respective environment variables: `createLabelJustify`, `createLabelFontStyle`, and `createLabelFontHeight`. The editor drags the label described by arguments and prompts you to select a location to place the label.

Arguments

<i>t_netExpr</i>	A string containing the net expression in NLP syntax; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_justify</i>	Justification to give the net expression label text with respect to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>upperLeft</code> , <code>upperCenter</code> , <code>upperRight</code> , <code>centerLeft</code> , <code>centerCenter</code> , <code>centerRight</code> , <code>lowerLeft</code> , <code>lowerCenter</code> , <code>lowerRight</code>
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Label font style; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>euroStyle</code> , <code>fixed</code> , <code>gothic</code> , <code>math</code> , <code>roman</code> , <code>script</code> , <code>stick</code> , <code>swedish</code> , <code>milSpec</code>
<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: <code>0.0625</code>

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Example

```
schHiCreateNetExpression( "[@gnd:%:gnd!]" "lowerLeft" "stick" 0.0625 )
```

Creates the net expression label "gnd!".

schHiCreateNoteLabel

```
schHiCreateNoteLabel(  
    [ t_text ]  
    [ t_justify ]  
    [ t_fontStyle ]  
    [ n_fontHeight ]  
    [ t_type ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a note label to annotate the design for documentation purposes. These shapes do not affect connectivity. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

If you do not specify *t_text* or you specify it as `nil`, the options form appears and prompts you for the note label text. The editor drags the label described by arguments and prompts you to select a location to place the label.

Arguments

<i>t_text</i>	Text for your note to include spaces, tabs, and new lines; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_justify</i>	Justification of the label text with respect to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>upperLeft</code> , <code>upperCenter</code> , <code>upperRight</code> , <code>centerLeft</code> , <code>centerCenter</code> , <code>centerRight</code> , <code>lowerLeft</code> , <code>lowerCenter</code> , <code>lowerRight</code>
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Label font style; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>euroStyle</code> , <code>fixed</code> , <code>gothic</code> , <code>math</code> , <code>roman</code> , <code>script</code> , <code>stick</code> , <code>swedish</code> , <code>milSpec</code>
<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: <code>0.0625</code>
<i>t_type</i>	Label type; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>normalLabel</code> , <code>NLPLabel</code> , <code>ILLabel</code> Default: <code>normalLabel</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiCreateNoteLabel( "Low Pass Filter Section" )
```

Creates the single string label `Low Pass Filter Section` using the current settings of all other arguments.

schHiCreateNoteShape

```
schHiCreateNoteShape(  
    [ t_shape ]  
    [ t_style ]  
    [ x_width ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a shape to annotate the design for documentation purposes. These shapes do not affect connectivity. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

Options forms are seeded with the argument values. If you omit any arguments, the options form appears and prompts you to specify the missing values.

Arguments

<i>t_shape</i>	Shape to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>line</code> , <code>rectangle</code> , <code>polygon</code> , <code>circle</code> , <code>ellipse</code> , <code>arc</code>
<i>t_style</i>	Line style of the shape; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>solid</code> , <code>dashed</code>
<i>x_width</i>	The width of the line, if <i>t_shape</i> is set to <code>line</code> .

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateNoteShape( "rectangle" "solid" )
```

Starts creating a rectangle using a solid line in the current window.

schHiCreatePatchcord

```
schHiCreatePatchcord(  
    )  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Displays the Create Patchcord form where you can create, and add, a `patchCord` instance on a schematic along with appropriately named net stubs.

The expected use is to allow for simple aliasing of nets, where you can enter an alias prefix, for example `cd`, and also the design nets that will be used in that alias, for example `ctrl, d<0:4>` etc. The `patchCord` will then, using this example, have the nets `cd<0:5>` and `ctrl, d<0:4>` added to it.

For more information see [Adding Patchcords Using the Create Patchcord Form](#) in the *Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide*.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Successfully displayed Create Patchcord form.
<code>nil</code>	Failed to display Create Patchcord form.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiCreatePin

```
schHiCreatePin(  
    [ t_terminalName ]  
    [ t_direction ]  
    [ t_usage ]  
    [ t_interpret ]  
    [ t_mode ]  
    [ t_netExpr ]  
    [ t_justify ]  
    [ t_fontStyle ]  
    [ n_fontHeight ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a pin of a specified type in your schematic. Usable only when editing schematics.

Arguments

<i>t_terminalName</i>	Terminal name of the pin to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. To create more than one pin, use a space between names as a delimiter. Each pin is placed individually. If you did not specify <i>t_terminalName</i> or you specify it as <i>nil</i> , the Options form appears.
<i>t_direction</i>	Direction of the pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>input</i> , <i>output</i> , <i>inputOutput</i> , <i>switch</i>
<i>t_usage</i>	Type of pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>schematic</i> , <i>offSheet</i>
<i>t_interpret</i>	Interprets <i>terminalName</i> ; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set <i>t_interpret</i> to <i>member</i> , a pin for each member name in <i>t_terminalName</i> is generated in the order presented in <i>t_terminalName</i> . For example, if you designate a multibit terminal name as <i>addr<7:0></i> , the schematic editor places each member name, <i>addr<7></i> through <i>addr<0></i> , and each of these member name pins individually. If you set <i>t_interpret</i> to <i>full</i> , a pin for each space-delimited terminal name from <i>t_terminalName</i> is placed individually. Valid Values: <i>full</i> , <i>member</i> Default: <i>full</i>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<i>t_mode</i>	<p>Mode you use to place the pins; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set <i>t_mode</i> to <code>array</code> (placement field), the schematic editor places the current pin as if in <code>single</code> mode. Then, if there are any remaining pins to place, it prompts you for a second point that sets the offset between the remaining pins. When a hierarchical pin exists in a sheet schematic, the schematic editor preserves the direction of the terminal when you create an offsheet connector for the same terminal with a different direction. In this case, the direction specified for the offsheet pin is used only to select its master.</p> <p>Valid Values: <code>single</code>, <code>array</code></p> <p>Default: <code>single</code></p>
<i>t_netExpr</i>	<p>A string containing the net expression in NLP syntax; must be enclosed in quotation marks.</p>
<i>t_justify</i>	<p>Justification to give the label text with respect to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks.</p> <p>Valid Values: <code>upperLeft</code>, <code>upperCenter</code>, <code>upperRight</code>, <code>centerLeft</code>, <code>centerCenter</code>, <code>centerRight</code>, <code>lowerLeft</code>, <code>lowerCenter</code>, <code>lowerRight</code></p>
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	<p>Label font style; must be enclosed in quotation marks.</p> <p>Valid Values: <code>euroStyle</code>, <code>fixed</code>, <code>gothic</code>, <code>math</code>, <code>roman</code>, <code>script</code>, <code>stick</code>, <code>swedish</code>, <code>milSpec</code></p>
<i>n_fontHeight</i>	<p>Label height in user units.</p> <p>Default: <code>0.0625</code></p>

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreatePin( "data1" "input" "offSheet" )
```

Creates a pin for an input offsheet pin. You can drag and place the pin using the mouse. The schematic editor designates the terminal name `data1`.

```
schHiCreatePin( "data1" "input" "offSheet" "[@power:%:vdd!]" )
```

Adds a net expression to an inout offsheet pin.

```
schHiCreatePin( "addr<7:0>" "input" "schematic" "member" )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

For each member name, `addr<7>` through `addr<0>`, you can drag and place a schematic input pin with a member name.

```
schHiCreatePin( "addr<7:0> data4 data5" "input" "schematic" "full" )
```

Places one schematic input pin for each space-delimited name `addr<7:0>`, `data4`, and `data5`.

```
schHiCreatePin( "addr<2:0>" "input" "schematic" "member" "array" )
```

Places an array of schematic input pins.

schHiCreateSheet

```
schHiCreateSheet(  
    [ n_number ]  
    [ t_size ]  
    [ t_type ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a sheet for a multisheet schematic. Usable only when editing schematics.

If you do not supply all arguments, a form appears and prompts you to specify the appropriate values.

If you want to create a multisheet schematic from a nonmultisheet schematic, you are asked to confirm the conversion. The current schematic becomes the first sheet in the index, the created sheet becomes the second sheet, and an index is created. All appropriate properties in the index and on the sheet are updated.

Arguments

<i>n_number</i>	Number of the sheet to create. If the value is less than zero or specified as <code>nil</code> , the schematic editor generates a number based on the value of the last number in the multisheet schematic.
<i>t_size</i>	Size of the sheet to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If <code>none</code> is specified, the schematic editor creates a new sheet without a border. If <code>nil</code> is specified, the schematic editor designates the sheet size from a property on the index or it defaults to a standard size if the property does not exist. Valid Values: A, B, C, D, E, F, A Book, none
<i>t_type</i>	Type of border; must be enclosed in quotation marks. A <code>continue</code> sheet border contains less information than the standard sheet border. If <code>none</code> is specified for <i>t_size</i> , <i>t_type</i> is ignored. If no type is specified, a <code>basic</code> sheet border is created. Valid Values: <code>basic</code> , <code>continue</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiCreateSheet( 3 "C" "continue" )
```

Creates sheet number three, with a C-sized continuation border, which becomes the current cellview.

schHiCreateSimBox

```
schHiCreateSimBox(  
    [ t_signalName ]  
    [ t_type ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a simulation monitor in a schematic. Usable only when editing schematics.

If you do not specify a signal name, the options form appears and prompts you to specify the missing values.

Arguments

<i>t_signalName</i>	The signal name to monitor; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_type</i>	Simulation monitor type; must be enclosed in quotation marks. <code>monitor</code> creates a box in which to continuously view the state of the signal. <code>display</code> creates a box only for the duration of this function. Valid Values: <code>monitor</code> , <code>display</code>

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateSimBox( "clock" "display" )
```

Displays the clock simulation monitor and prompts you to place it.

schHiCreateSymbolLabel

```
schHiCreateSymbolLabel(  
    [ t_labelChoice ]  
    [ t_text ]  
    [ t_justify ]  
    [ t_fontStyle ]  
    [ n_fontHeight ]  
    [ t_type ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Places labels in a symbol. Usable only when editing symbols.

Use `schHiCreateSymbolLabel` to create the labels that are normally required in a symbol. For each label to place, the function drags the label specified by *t_text* and prompts you for a location to place it. The function clears *t_text* and allows setting of various options after each label is placed.

Arguments

<i>t_labelChoice</i>	The kind of label to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>instance label</code> , <code>device annotate</code> , <code>logical label</code> , <code>physical label</code> , <code>pin label</code> , <code>pin annotate</code>
<i>t_text</i>	Text of the label; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_justify</i>	Label justification of the text with respect to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>upperLeft</code> , <code>upperCenter</code> , <code>upperRight</code> , <code>centerLeft</code> , <code>centerCenter</code> , <code>centerRight</code> , <code>lowerLeft</code> , <code>lowerCenter</code> , <code>lowerRight</code>
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Label font style; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>euroStyle</code> , <code>fixed</code> , <code>gothic</code> , <code>math</code> , <code>roman</code> , <code>script</code> , <code>stick</code> , <code>swedish</code> , <code>milSpec</code>
<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: <code>0.0625</code>
<i>t_type</i>	Label type; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>normalLabel</code> , <code>NLPLabel</code> , <code>ILLabel</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiCreateSymbolLabel( "instance label" "counter" )
```

Drags the instance label `counter` and prompts you for a location to place it.

schHiCreateSymbolPin

```
schHiCreateSymbolPin(  
    [ t_terminalName ]  
    [ t_type ]  
    [ t_direction ]  
    [ t_interpret ]  
    [ t_mode ]  
    [ n_incrCount ]  
    [ t_location ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates pins in a symbol. Usable only when editing symbols.

If you do not specify *t_terminalName* or you specify it as `nil`, the options form appears and prompts you to change any of the fields.

While dragging the appropriate pin master, click on a location. If you did not set *t_location* to `none`, a label is placed to display the terminal name.

Arguments

<i>t_terminalName</i>	Terminal name of the pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks. To create more than one terminal name, use a space between names as a delimiter.
<i>t_type</i>	Type of pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks. The value must be an entry in the <code>schSymbolPinMaster</code> map.
<i>t_direction</i>	Direction of the pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>input</code> , <code>output</code> , <code>inputOutput</code> , <code>switch</code>
<i>t_interpret</i>	Interprets <i>t_terminalName</i> ; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set <i>t_interpret</i> to <code>member</code> , a pin for each member name in <i>t_terminalName</i> is generated in the order presented in <i>t_terminalName</i> . If you set <i>t_interpret</i> to <code>full</code> , a pin for each space-delimited terminal name from <i>t_terminalName</i> is placed individually. Valid Values: <code>full</code> , <code>member</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<i>t_mode</i>	Mode used to place pins; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set <i>t_mode</i> to <i>single</i> , the schematic editor drags each described pin and prompts you for a location to place each one. If you set <i>t_mode</i> to <i>array</i> , the schematic editor places the current pin as if in <i>single</i> mode. Then, if there are any remaining pins to place, it prompts you for a second point that sets the offset between the remaining pins. Valid Values: <i>single</i> , <i>array</i>
<i>n_incrCount</i>	Distance between the pin and the label. Valid Values: 0 through 32 Default: 1
<i>t_location</i>	Location of the terminal name label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>left</i> , <i>right</i> , <i>none</i>

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateSymbolPin( "data1" "square" "input" "full" "single" 0 "left" )
```

Creates a square input symbol pin using the pin master. Drags the pin with a label to the left until you select a destination point. The editor designates the pin name *data1*.

```
schHiCreateSymbolPin( "addr<7:0>" "square" "input" "member" "single" 0 "left" )
```

For each member name *addr<7>* through *addr<0>*, you can drag and place a symbol input pin with a label to the left of the pin.

The input pins are named with the individual member names.

```
schHiCreateSymbolPin( "data1 data2 data3" "square" "input" "full" "single" 0 "left" )
```

Places a pin for each space-delimited terminal name *data1*, *data2*, and *data3*.

```
schHiCreateSymbolPin( "addr<7:0>" "square" "input" "member" "array" )
```

Places an array of symbol input pins.

schHiCreateSymbolShape

```
schHiCreateSymbolShape(  
    [ t_shape ]  
    [ t_style ]  
    [ x_width ]  
    [ g_nonModal ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a line or shapes that describe a symbol. Usable only when editing symbols.

If you did not specify either *t_shape* or *t_style*, the options form appears and prompts you to change the settings. The shapes created with this function give you a visual indication about the symbol's purpose.

Arguments

<i>t_shape</i>	Type of shape to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>line</code> , <code>rectangle</code> , <code>polygon</code> , <code>arc</code> , <code>circle</code> , <code>ellipse</code>
<i>t_style</i>	Fill style of the shape; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>outline</code> , <code>solid</code>
<i>x_width</i>	Width of the line, if <i>t_shape</i> is set to <code>line</code> .
<i>g_nonModal</i>	Specifies whether the command should be modal. Valid Values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code> Default: <code>nil</code>

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateSymbolShape( "rectangle" "outline" )
```

Starts creating another rectangle.

schHiCreateWire

```
schHiCreateWire(  
    [ n_width ]  
    [ g_drawMode ]  
    [ t_routeMethod ]  
    [ t_lockAngle ]  
    [ g_nonModal ]  
    [ t_color ]  
    [ t_lineStyle ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates different style wires that represent net connections in a schematic. Usable only when editing schematics.

You can manually draw a wire or let the schematic editor route the wire automatically, depending on *g_drawMode*. *g_drawMode* allows you to draw wires of different shapes. *t_routeMethod* prompts you to enter two end points for the wire that the schematic editor then routes.

The schematic editor draws a rubberband line until you click on the next segment. The current setting for *g_drawMode* determines the rubberband line shape. You can change the value by displaying the options form.

To complete the line manually, click on a schematic pin, a pin of a component, another wire, or double-click on the wire end point. The schematic editor continually prompts you to click on another wire until you want to select another function.

When you complete the wire, the schematic editor automatically generates pins if the edge of the wire connects to the edge of a block. You can specify the pin attributes by setting the *blockDirRule* field of the Editor Options form and by specifying the *pinSeed* property on the block.

Arguments

<i>n_width</i>	Wire width in user units.
----------------	---------------------------

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<i>g_drawMode</i>	Method of wire entry; must be enclosed in quotation marks. When <i>g_drawMode</i> is set to <i>anyAngle</i> , the line can be locked to 45 degrees with <i>t_lockAngle</i> . Valid Values: <i>route</i> , <i>anyAngle</i> , <i>190X</i> , <i>190Y</i> , <i>145Long</i> , <i>145Angle</i>
<i>t_routeMethod</i>	Method to use when routing the wires; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid only when <i>g_drawMode</i> is <i>route</i> . A <i>t_routeMethod</i> of <i>flight</i> leaves flight lines in the schematic, of <i>full</i> executes an algorithm that creates orthogonal line segments, and of <i>direct</i> creates a straight solid line between the two points. In some cases, the <i>full</i> routing method is not able to complete the connection path. In these cases, a flight line is left in the schematic to indicate the intended connectivity. Valid Values: <i>flight</i> , <i>full</i> , <i>direct</i>
<i>t_lockAngle</i>	Specifies whether the drawing lines are locked to 45 degrees; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid only when <i>g_drawMode</i> is <i>anyAngle</i> . Valid Values: <i>any</i> , <i>45</i>
<i>g_nonModal</i>	Specifies whether the command should be modal. Valid Values: <i>t</i> , <i>nil</i> Default: <i>nil</i>
<i>t_color</i>	Specifies the color; must be enclosed in quotation marks. The color must be defined in the Display Resource File. If <i>t_routeMethod</i> is <i>flight</i> , <i>t_color</i> is ignored.
<i>t_lineStyle</i>	Specifies the line style; must be enclosed in quotation marks. The line style must be defined in the Display Resource File. If <i>t_routeMethod</i> is <i>flight</i> , <i>t_lineStyle</i> is ignored.

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateWire( 0.0625 "190X" )
```

Starts creating a 0.0625-unit wide line in the schematic. The rubberband line shape is set to L90 and starts in the X direction.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

```
schHiCreateWire ( 0.0 "route" "full" )
```

Prompts you to enter two points for the wire, which the schematic editor then routes using the most complete routing algorithm. Draws a rubberband line from your first selected point until you select a second point. The schematic editor routes the wire automatically using the `full` route method.

schHiCreateWireLabel

```
schHiCreateWireLabel(  
    [ t_text ]  
    [ t_purpose ]  
    [ t_justify ]  
    [ t_fontStyle ]  
    [ n_fontHeight ]  
    [ t_interpret ]  
    [ t_mode ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates wire labels in a schematic. Physical contact between a label and wire is not required. You can move a label independently from a wire. When you move a wire that has a label glued to it, the label also moves. Usable only when editing schematics.

Specify `nil` for any option you wish to skip over.

Arguments

<i>t_text</i>	Text of the label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. To create more than one label, use a space between labels as a delimiter. The schematic editor places each label individually. If you modify any portion of <i>t_text</i> while the function is active, label generation begins again from the first label in <i>t_text</i> .
<i>t_purpose</i>	Purpose of the placed label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set <i>t_purpose</i> to <code>label</code> , the placed label assigns the given name to the indicated wire by renaming it. If you set <i>t_purpose</i> to <code>alias</code> , the placed label defines an alias for the indicated wire. Valid Values: <code>label</code> , <code>alias</code>
<i>t_justify</i>	Justification of the label text with respect to its placement location; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>upperLeft</code> , <code>upperCenter</code> , <code>upperRight</code> , <code>centerLeft</code> , <code>centerCenter</code> , <code>centerRight</code> , <code>lowerLeft</code> , <code>lowerCenter</code> , <code>lowerRight</code>
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Label font style; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>euroStyle</code> , <code>fixed</code> , <code>gothic</code> , <code>math</code> , <code>roman</code> , <code>script</code> , <code>stick</code> , <code>swedish</code> , <code>milSpec</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: 0.0625
<i>t_interpret</i>	Interpretation of <i>t_text</i> ; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set <i>t_interpret</i> to <i>member</i> , a label for each member name listed in <i>t_text</i> is generated in the order presented in <i>t_text</i> and each of these member name labels is placed individually. If you set <i>t_interpret</i> to <i>full</i> , a label for each space-delimited terminal name from <i>t_text</i> is placed individually. When <i>t_interpret</i> is changed from <i>member</i> to <i>full</i> , the label text is reset to the full text of the name that generated the current member name. Valid Values: <i>full</i> , <i>member</i>
<i>t_mode</i>	Mode to place the labels; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you set <i>t_mode</i> to <i>single</i> , you can drag each label to place it. If you click on an open area, a rubberband line is drawn from the control point of the label and prompts you for the location of the wire segment to label. If you set <i>t_mode</i> to <i>array</i> , you are prompted for a location to place the first and second labels. These two points define a directed line that extends from the first point to the second. Any labels remaining to be placed are applied to the wires that cross the directed line. The offset distance from the first wire to the first label is used to offset the remaining labels from the indicated wires at the point that the wires cross the directed line. If the directed line crosses fewer wires than there are remaining labels to place, the function repeats the mode by dragging the next label and prompting for its placement location. If the directed line crosses more wires than there are labels remaining to place, the excess lines are not labeled and the function terminates. Valid Values: <i>single</i> , <i>array</i>

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiCreateWireLabel( "data<7:0>" "label" nil nil nil "member" )
```

Creates individual member names *data<7>* through *data<0>*.

```
schHiCreateWireLabel( nil "label" )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Displays the options form and prompts you to specify the label text.

```
schHiCreateWireLabel( "addr<7:0>" "label" "member" "upperLeft" )
```

Creates individual member names `addr<7>` through `addr<0>` and places the label in the upper left corner of the wire.

```
schHiCreateWireLabel( "data1 data2 data3" "label" "full" "single" )
```

Creates each space-delimited label name: `data1`, `data2`, and `data3`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiDelete

```
schHiDelete(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Deletes selected objects. Usable when editing schematics or symbols. This function cannot be used to delete a sheet border (use `schHiEditSheetSize`).

If you have not selected the object you want to delete, the editor prompts you to select the object.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiDeleteIndex

```
schHiDeleteIndex(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Converts a multisheet schematic having one drawing sheet and one index sheet into a single-sheet schematic. Usable only when editing an index schematic. Use `schHiDeleteSheet` to first remove extra drawing sheets. The index schematic must contain only one sheet.

The index is deleted and the single remaining sheet is converted into a non-multisheet schematic. Any offsheet connectors in the design are converted to terminals of the same direction. The design name is preserved. The sheet symbol is deleted. If a border exists in the converted schematic, it is replaced with its single-sheet equivalent.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiDeleteSheet

```
schHiDeleteSheet(  
    [ n_startSheet ]  
    [ n_endSheet ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Deletes a sheet or range of sheets from a multisheet schematic. Usable only when editing an index of a multisheet schematic. This function cannot be undone.

If you do not specify a start sheet number, the options form appears. If the end sheet value is equal to the start sheet, only one sheet is deleted. You are prompted to confirm the deletion before proceeding because the action cannot be undone.

Arguments

<i>n_startSheet</i>	First sheet number to delete. If you do not specify the end sheet, only the current sheet is deleted.
<i>n_endSheet</i>	Last sheet number to delete.

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Examples

```
schHiDeleteSheet( 4 )
```

Deletes the fourth sheet. You are prompted to confirm the deletion.

```
schHiDeleteSheet( 3 6 )
```

Deletes the third, fourth, fifth, and sixth sheets. You are prompted to confirm the deletion.

schHiDescend

```
schHiDescend(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Traverses down the hierarchy and displays the child cellview of a specified instance and view you select, provided you have edit permission. If you do not have edit permission, a dialog box prompts you to use read mode.

The view you descend into is displayed in either the current window or in a new window, depending on whether you have enabled the *Create New Window When Descending* option on the User Preferences form. You access the User Preferences form from the *Options – User Preferences* command on the CIW.

If the selected instance represents a multisheet or index schematic, a form appears. You use the form to specify the number of the sheet you want to descend into.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	A window ID indicating the cellview from which you want to start the descend command. If not specified, the current window is used.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

schHiDescendEdit

```
schHiDescendEdit(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Traverses down the hierarchy and displays the child cellview of a specified instance and view you select, provided you have edit permission. If you do not have edit permission, a dialog box prompts you to use read mode.

The view you descend into is displayed in either the current window or in a new window, depending on whether you have enabled the *Create New Window When Descending* option on the User Preferences form. You access the User Preferences form from the *Options – User Preferences* command on the CIW.

If the selected instance represents a multisheet or index schematic, a form appears. You use the form to specify the number of the sheet you want to descend into.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	The window ID indicating the cellview from which you want to start the descend command. If not specified, the current window is used.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiDescendRead

```
schHiDescendRead(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Traverses down the hierarchy and displays the child cellview in read mode of a specified instance and view you select. The cellview is not editable.

The view you descend into is displayed in either the current window or in a new window, depending on whether you have enabled the *Create New Window When Descending* option on the User Preferences form. You access the User Preferences form from the *Options – User Preferences* command on the CIW.

If the selected instance represents a multisheet or index schematic, a form appears. You use the form to specify the number of the sheet you want to descend into.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	A window ID indicating the cellview from which you want to start the descend command. If not specified, the current window is used.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

schHiDisplayOptions

```
schHiDisplayOptions(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Sets options associated with the window display. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

Opens a form where you can set display options.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window to be modified. If not specified, the current window is modified.
-------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

schHiDrawSymbolPin

```
schHiDrawSymbolPin(  
    [ t_terminalName ]  
    [ t_direction ]  
    [ t_interpret ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Draws a polygon that represents a symbol pin. Usable only when editing symbols.

Arguments

<i>t_terminalName</i>	Terminal name of the pin being drawn; must be enclosed in quotation marks. To create more than one pin, use a space between names as a delimiter. Each pin is placed individually.
<i>t_direction</i>	Direction of the pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Value values: <code>input</code> , <code>output</code> , <code>inputOutput</code> , <code>switch</code>
<i>t_interpret</i>	Interprets <i>t_terminalName</i> ; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>full</code> (full name), <code>member</code>

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiDrawSymbolPin( data1 "input" )
```

Prompts you to draw a polygon to represent a pin. Direction of the pin is `input`. The `data1` terminal name is not displayed with the pin.

```
schHiDrawSymbolPin( "data2" )
```

Prompts you to draw a polygon to represent a pin. Direction is the current or last value. The `data2` terminal name is not displayed with the pin.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiEditInPlace

```
schHiEditInPlace(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Edits the master of a user-selected instance within the context of its parent schematic. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

If an instance is on the selected set, the instance is edited in place. Otherwise the Virtuoso® Schematic Editor prompts you to select an instance. If you do not have edit access to the master of the instance, a warning message is displayed.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	A window indicating the cellview where you want to start the command. If not specified, the current window is used.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiEditorOptions

```
schHiEditorOptions(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Sets variables that affect the environment. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

Displays a form that you use to modify options in the editing environment.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window to be modified. If not specified, the current window is modified.
-------------------	--

Value Returned

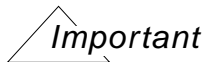
Always returns `t`.

schHiEditPinOrder

```
schHiEditPinOrder(  
    [ g_updateInstLastChanged ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates or modifies the property on the cellview that specifies the ordering of the pins in the current cellview. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.



This function replaces `schHiUpdatePinOrder`. You should use `schHiEditPinOrder` instead of `schHiUpdatePinOrder`.

Operates on the current cellview. It creates or modifies a property on the cellview that describes each pin in the cellview. The importance of the property is to maintain a specific ordering of the pins that can be synchronized against the port ordering of an HDL instance.

Arguments

g_updateInstLastChanged

Specifies whether the time stamp on the cellview is modified.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiEditSheetSize

```
schHiEditSheetSize(  
    [ t_size ]  
    [ t_type ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Edits the sheet border size of a schematic. Usable only when editing schematics.

If you edit a schematic that contains a sheet border, the function changes the border size and type specified. A warning is displayed in a dialog box if data is outside the new border.

Arguments

<i>t_size</i>	Specifies a new sheet border size; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you specify <code>none</code> , any existing border is deleted from the schematic. Valid Values: A, B, C, D, E, F, A Book, <code>none</code>
<i>t_type</i>	Specifies the sheet type; must be enclosed in quotation marks. This argument is ignored if you set <i>t_size</i> to <code>none</code> . Valid Values: <code>basic</code> , <code>continue</code> , <code>single</code> Default: <code>basic</code>

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiEditSheetSize( "C" )
```

Displays the options form with sheet size set to C.

```
schHiEditSheetSize( "D" "continue" )
```

Changes the current sheet size to D and the border to `continue`.

schHiEditTitleBlock

```
schHiEditTitleBlock(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Changes the properties of a title block in a schematic sheet. Usable only when editing schematics that have a sheet border.

One of two forms appears with this function:

- The first form appears if you call this function when you edit the index of a multisheet schematic. This form lists the title block properties that apply across all sheets in a multisheet schematic.
- The second form appears if you call this function when you edit a sheet. This form lists those title block properties that are specific to a given sheet.

If you call this function from a non-multisheet schematic that contains a border, a combination form appears where all properties applicable to the title border are presented for editing.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiEnvSaveLoad

```
schHiEnvSaveLoad(  
    t_action  
    [ t_fileName ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Saves or loads the schematic environment variables. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

If *t_action* is `save`, the current environment changes are saved to the named file. If *t_action* is `load`, the environment variables specified in *t_fileName* are read in and any corresponding form defaults are set. This is useful if you saved defaults to a file other than `~/cdsenv`.

Arguments

<i>t_action</i>	Specifies the action this function should take; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>save</code> , <code>load</code>
<i>t_fileName</i>	The name of the file from which the schematic environment variables will be saved to or loaded from; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If no filename is specified, the variables are saved in <code>~/cdsenv</code> .

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiEnvSaveLoad( "save" "/tmp/schenv" )
```

Saves the schematic environment variables and their current values to the `/tmp/schenv` file.

schHiExtractConn

```
schHiExtractConn(  
    [ t_action ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Sets extraction options and runs the schematic extractor. Usable only when editing schematics.

If you do not specify an action, or specify it as `editOptions`, the form appears for you to modify the settings of the various schematic rule checks. If you specify `run`, the connectivity is extracted from the current schematic. If you specify `editOptionsAndRun`, the form appears so that you can change the connectivity options.

The total number of errors and warnings detected is displayed in a dialog box. You must correct detected errors before the connectivity in the schematic is marked as valid.

Arguments

<i>t_action</i>	Edits extraction options, runs the schematic extractor, or both; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>editOptions</code> , <code>run</code> , <code>editOptionsAndRun</code>
-----------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiExtractConn( "run" )
```

Extracts the connectivity from the current schematic.

schHiFind

```
schHiFind(  
    [ t_propName ]  
    [ t_condOp ]  
    [ t_propValue ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Finds objects that match specified search criteria in a schematic or symbol view. You can specify the object filter as well as a property name or value expression that matches the objects. Usable when editing schematics or symbols. Matching is supported only for strings, integers, floating-point numbers, and time. Other property types are not supported.

The `schHiFind` function searches through the schematic or symbol cellview for objects that match the `t_propName`, `t_condOp`, and `t_propValue` arguments. It highlights the first object that matches the search criteria and opens the Schematic Find form.

If `t_propName` is `master`, `t_propValue` must be `libName cellName viewName` (separated by spaces). Wildcards are not supported for the `master` property.

Arguments

<code>t_propName</code>	The property name used in the search criteria; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<code>t_condOp</code>	The conditional operator that is applied to the property name and property value for matching; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>==</code> , <code>!=</code> , <code><=</code> , <code>>=</code> , <code><</code> , <code>></code>
<code>t_propValue</code>	The value of the property; must be enclosed in quotation marks. The value may include wildcard expressions.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiFind( "name" "==" "I1" )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Displays the options form with *t_propName* set to *name*, *t_condOp* set to *==*, and *t_propValue* set to *I1*. All objects that have *name* set to *I1* are added to the list. The first one is highlighted on the screen.

schHiFindMarker

```
schHiFindMarker(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Searches for the error and warning markers generated by the schematic rules checker (SRC) and displays a form that contains a list of the markers. Usable when editing a schematic or a symbol.

You invoke `schHiFindMarker` after you check your design. A form appears that contains a list of markers, if there are errors. When you click on a marker in the list, the system highlights the corresponding marker in the design window and, optionally, zooms in so you can edit the design.

The form also contains options that let you control which markers the system displays.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiFollowPin

```
schHiFollowPin(  
    [ t_order ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Changes the cellview to one that contains the specified pin or offsheet connector. Operates on the selected set. Brings in the cellview that contains the first reference of the selected pin or offsheet connector. Usable only when editing a sheet of a multisheet schematic.

You must first compute the pin references using the `schHiComputePinRef` function before you can use this function.

If you have not selected the pin or offsheet connector, the schematic editor prompts you to select the pin or offsheet connector.

The schematic editor zooms into the area that contains the specified pin or offsheet connector. For example, if you selected `first`, the schematic editor displays the cellview that contains the first reference of the pin or offsheet connector you selected.

Use the `schHiComputePinRef` function to generate the reference lists for the pins in the multisheet schematic.

Arguments

<i>t_order</i>	Specifies the relative location of other pins across the sheets in a multisheet schematic that reference the same net; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>first</code> , <code>last</code> , <code>next</code> , <code>previous</code>
----------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiFollowPin ( "first" )
```

Changes the cellview to the first view that contains the specified pin or offsheet connector.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiGotoSheet

```
schHiGotoSheet(  
    [ g_sheetNum ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Traverses sheets in a multisheet schematic. Usable only when editing an index or sheet of a multisheet schematic.

If you do not specify a sheet number, the form appears for you to indicate a value.

Arguments

<i>g_sheetNum</i>	An integer that indicates a sheet number or a string that describes the sheet number by the keywords <code>first</code> , <code>last</code> , <code>previous</code> , <code>next</code> , <code>index</code> .
-------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiGotoSheet( 3 )
```

Views or edits sheet number 3 in the current window.

schHiGridOptions

```
schHiGridOptions(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Sets options associated with the grid.

Displays a form, which you use to set the options *drawaxes*, *gridtype*, *gridspacing*, *gridmultiple*, and *snapspacing*.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window to be modified. If not specified, the current window is modified.
-------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

schHiHiliteLabel

```
schHiHiliteLabel(  
    [ t_labelType ]  
    [ t_display ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Highlights labels of wires and instances. Usable only when editing schematics.

The current set of highlighted labels is automatically unhighlighted before highlighting another label type. Highlights or unhighlights the objects that match *t_labelType* when *t_display* is on or off.

Arguments

<i>t_labelType</i>	The type of labels to be highlighted; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>wire</i> , <i>instance</i> , <i>both</i>
<i>t_display</i>	Defines if the highlight is to be turned on or off; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>on</i> , <i>off</i>

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiHiliteLabel( "wire" "on" )
```

Highlights all wire labels and the wires to which the labels are glued.

schHiInstToView

```
schHiInstToView(  
    [ t_viewName ]  
    [ t_dataType ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Generates a cellview from an instance of a symbol. Usable only when editing schematics.

If you have not selected an instance of a symbol in your current schematic, the schematic editor prompts you to select an instance.

If you do not specify a value for any argument or if you specify an argument as `nil`, a form appears to prompt you to specify the field values.

If the `schViewToPinListReg` list or the `schPinListToViewReg` list does not contain the desired view type and conversion function, you must modify the lists. The lists are defined in your `schConfig.il` file (*your_install_dir/samples/local/schConfig.il*). Refer to the following section in your `schConfig.il` file for more information about modifying the `schViewToPinListReg` and `schPinListToViewReg` lists:
REGISTERING CONVERSION FUNCTIONS FOR THE CREATE CELLVIEW FROM
CELLVIEW COMMANDS.

Arguments

<i>t_viewName</i>	View name of the cellview to be generated; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>symbol</code> , <code>schematic</code> , <code>functional</code> , <code>behavioral</code> , <code>system</code>
<i>t_dataType</i>	String corresponding to an entry in the <code>schPinListToViewReg</code> list that specifies how the created cellview will be generated; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Example

```
schHiInstToView ( "schematic" "Composer-Schematic" )
```

Generates a schematic view.

schHiMousePopUp

```
schHiMousePopUp(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays a pop-up menu at the location of the cursor. The menu displayed is sensitive to the location of the cursor and the mode of the cellview in the window. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

Selection is dependent on the `schHiSetSelectOptions` settings.

For schematic and symbol views, a set of menu categories have been predefined. Each category defines the conditions in which the cursor will display that menu. In addition, each category has a menu that you can customize and to which you can assign `read` and `edit` access modes.

When only one object is in the selected set, the type of object determines the category. Context sensitivity can be turned off with the *sensitiveMenu* option (see [schHiDisplayOptions](#) on page 76). When turned off, the `schStandard` and `symStandard` categories are used.

Category	Description
instance	Schematic instance
index sheet	Sheet instance in an index schematic
border	Sheet border in a schematic cellview
schPin	Schematic pin
symPin	Symbol pin
indexPin	Pin in an index schematic
instPin	Schematic instance pin
indexInstPin	Instance pin in an index schematic
wire	Schematic wire, path, or flightline
label	Label (note, symbol, or wire labels)
shapes	Shapes (note or device shapes)
marker	Markers

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Category	Description
indexDefault	Any other object in an index schematic
schDefault	Unknown object in a schematic cellview
symDefault	Unknown object in a symbol cellview
schematic	No object under cursor in a schematic cellview
symbol	No object under cursor in a symbol cellview
symSelSet	Multiple objects selected in a symbol cellview
schSelSet	Multiple objects selected in a schematic cellview
schStandard	Schematic menu to be used when context sensitivity is off
symStandard	Symbol menu to be used when context sensitivity is off

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiMove

```
schHiMove(  
    [ t_useSelSet ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Moves objects to a different location. You can move objects between different schematic and symbol cellviews. Usable when editing schematics or symbols. Partially selected objects cannot be moved to a different cellview. Does not support change in orientation for partially selected objects.

The argument *t_useSelSet* determines whether the function operates on the selected set. If *t_useSelSet* is *useSelSet* and the selected set contains at least one object, you are prompted to click on a reference point. If the selected set is empty or *t_useSelSet* is *noSelSet*, you are prompted to point at an object to move; that coordinate is also the reference point. Also, if *t_useSelSet* is *noSelSet*, the function is nonmodal.

When the point is specified, all connectivity is broken between the selected objects and the objects they are connected to. New connectivity is computed when the objects are placed at their destination.

Arguments

<i>t_useSelSet</i>	Specifies whether to move the selected set or an object you choose with the mouse; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>useSelSet</i> , <i>noSelSet</i> Default: <i>useSelSet</i>
--------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiMove( "noSelSet" )
```

Prompts you to select objects to move, ignoring the current selected set.

schHiNetExprAvailProps

```
schHiNetExprAvailProps(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the Net Expression Available Property Names form. Use this form to find the net expression property names that are available for setting on the selected instances.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiNetExprEvalNames

```
schHiNetExprEvalNames(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the Net Expression Evaluated Names form. Use this form to view the net names that result from the evaluation of all net expressions that are found in the hierarchy below the selected instances.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns t.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiNewCellView

```
schHiNewCellView(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the Create New File form. This function needs to be invoked from a window that contains either schematic or symbol data.

You specify the library name, the new cell name, the new view name, and the tool (either *Schematic Editor – Schematic* or *Schematic Editor – Symbol*).

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiObjectProperty

```
schHiObjectProperty(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays a form that lets you modify the properties of selected objects. Usable only when editing a schematic or symbol cellview.

Operates on the selected set. If the selected set is empty or contains no suitable object types, the form is mostly empty. If there are multiple objects in the selected set, you can step through each of them either sequentially or by object type.

The properties for the current object are displayed in a form. The contents of the form are automatically updated when you select another object.

You can modify multiple objects of the same type simultaneously. You can also control the visibility of some properties.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiOpenCellView

```
schHiOpenCellView(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the Open File form. You specify the library name, cell name, view name, and edit mode in this form. The specified cellview is displayed in the current window. Usable for opening schematic and symbol design windows.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiOpenOtherView

```
schHiOpenOtherView(  
    d_cellViewID  
    [ t_viewNames ]  
    [ w_windowID ]  
    [ w_sessionWindowID ]  
)  
=> nil | windowID
```

Description

Allows you to switch between schematic and symbol views.

If `t_viewNames` only has one entry, then `schHiOpenOtherView` will open that view. However, if `t_viewNames` is not specified, or = nil, then the command will determine what views exist (excluding the current cellview). If any views do exist, a dialog box will be displayed prompting you to select a view to open. If no views exist, a warning message will be displayed informing you that there are no views that can be opened.

Consider the following relationships between `w_windowID` and `w_sessionWindowID`:

- If both `w_windowID` and `w_sessionWindowID` are nil, a new session window will be opened to display the cellview
- If `w_sessionWindowID` is set to an existing session window, and `w_windowID` is nil, then a new tab will be opened in the existing session window to display the cellview.
- If `w_sessionWindowID` is nil, and `w_windowID` is set to an existing window, then the existing window will be reused to display the cellview.
- If `w_sessionWindowID` is set to an existing session window, and `w_windowID` is set to an existing tab, then that tab will be used to display the cellview if it belongs to the specified session window. If however the tab corresponding to the `w_windowID` belongs to a different session window than the window specified in `w_sessionWindowID`, then an error will be displayed.

Note: The UI menu equivalents are *File – Open Schematic/Symbol*.

Arguments

<code>d_cellViewID</code>	Specifies the view type that you want to update the current view to, for example “schematic”.
<code>t_viewNames</code>	Lists the view names(s) that you can choose to open. These must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<code>w_windowID</code>	Specifies the window/tab to be used to display the newly opened view.
<code>w_sessionWindowID</code>	Specifies the session window to display the opened cellview in.

Value Returned

<code>nil</code>	Indicates that the function has failed. For example, the view may not exist, or an attempt has been made to switch to schematic/symbol view from a layout view, or if the operation is canceled when asked to select a view.
<code>windowID</code>	Displays which window was updated, or created, with a new view.

Examples

```
schHiOpenOtherView(geGetEditCellView())
```

Raises a dialog box asking you to select an alternative view which, once selected, will be opened in a *new* window. If there is only one possible view to open, this view will be opened automatically in the new window.

```
schHiOpenOtherView(geGetEditCellView() nil hiGetCurrentWindow())
```

Raises a dialog box asking you to select an alternative view which, once selected, will be opened in the *current* window. If there is only one possible view to open, this view will be opened automatically in the current window.

```
schHiOpenOtherView(geGetEditCellView() list("schematic" "symbol" "layout"))
```

Offers the choice of three views (schematic, symbol, and layout), and will open the selected view, if it exists, in a new window.

schHiOpenSymbolOrSchematicView

```
schHiOpenSymbolOrSchematicView(  
    d_cellViewID  
    [ w_windowID ]  
)  
=> nil | windowID
```

Description

Takes the current viewtype, schematic or symbol, then calls [schHiOpenOtherView](#) to then switch between the views.

Note: The UI menu equivalent is *File – Open Schematic/Symbol*.

Arguments

<i>d_cellViewID</i>	Specifies the view type that you want to update the current view to, for example “symbol”.
<i>w_windowID</i>	Specifies the window to be used to display the newly opened view. If no window is specified, the current window will be used.

Value Returned

<i>nil</i>	Indicates that the function has failed. For example, the view may not exist, or an attempt has been made to switch to schematic/symbol view from a layout view, or if the operation is canceled when asked to select a view.
<i>windowID</i>	Displays which window was updated, or created, with a new view.

Examples

```
schHiOpenSymbolOrSchematicView(getEditCellView() hiGetCurrentWindow())
```

Switches to the schematic view, opening it in the *current* window, if the symbol view is currently open, and vice versa. This will perform the same action as *File – Open Schematic/Symbol* or using the bindkey “Ctrl =”.

```
schHiOpenSymbolOrSchematicView(getEditCellView())
```

As above, but will open the view in a *new* window.

schHiPinListToView

```
schHiPinListToView(  
    [ t_libName ]  
    [ t_cellName ]  
    [ t_viewName ]  
    [ t_inPinList ]  
    [ t_outPinList ]  
    [ t_ioPinList ]  
    [ t_swPinList ]  
    [ t_dataType ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Generates a cellview from a pin list. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

If you do not specify *t_libName*, *t_cellName*, or *t_viewName*, a form appears for you to specify them. The form also appears if you do not specify all four of the pin list arguments. Use an empty string (" ") to represent an empty pin list.

If you do not specify any argument or specify an argument as *nil*, the form appears so that you can specify the field values.

If the *schViewToPinListReg* list or the *schPinListToViewReg* list does not contain the desired view type and conversion function, you must modify the lists. The lists are defined in your *schConfig.il* file (*your_install_dir/samples/local/schConfig.il*). Refer to the following section in your *schConfig.il* file for more information about modifying the *schViewToPinListReg* and *schPinListToViewReg* lists:
REGISTERING CONVERSION FUNCTIONS FOR THE CREATE CELLVIEW FROM
CELLVIEW COMMANDS.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library name to which to append the generated cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell name for the generated cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View name of the cellview to be generated; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>symbol</i> , <i>schematic</i> , <i>functional</i> , <i>behavioral</i> , <i>system</i>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<i>t_inPinList</i>	The input pin names separated by spaces; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_outPinList</i>	The output pin names separated by spaces; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_ioPinList</i>	The input/output pin names separated by spaces; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_swPinList</i>	The switch pin names separated by spaces; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_dataType</i>	String corresponding to an entry in the <code>schPinListToViewReg</code> list that specifies how the created cellview will be generated; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiPinListToView( "mylib" "and2" "symbol" "a" "b" "x" "" "Schematic Editor-Symbol" )
```

Displays the options form for creating a symbol cellview with input terminals `a` and `b` and output terminal `x`.

schHiPlot

```
schHiPlot(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Brings up the Submit Plot form to let you generate schematic plots. Usable when viewing schematics or symbols.

Reads the `.cdsplotinit` file.

In the Submit Plot form, you can specify which cellview to plot, which sheet to plot (for multisheet schematics), hierarchical plotting scope, number of copies to produce, the time to start the plot job, a filename if you want to send the plot to an output file instead of a printer, and a plot template file to store or save the options.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiPlotQueueStatus

```
schHiPlotQueueStatus(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Displays the plot jobs in the spooling queues. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

You can use this function to examine the plot spooling queue. You can delete plot jobs that you own.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiReNumberAllSheet

```
schHiReNumberAllSheet(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Sequentially rennumbers all sheets in a multisheet schematic. Usable only when editing an index schematic.

Numbering starts with 1 and increments by one for every sheet. This function does not change sheet borders. The values displayed in the title block change to reflect any changed sheet numbers.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiRenumberInstances

```
schHiRenumberInstances(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Opens the Renumber Instances form.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns t.

schHiReNumberSheet

```
schHiReNumberSheet(  
    [ n_from ]  
    [ n_to ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Changes the number of a sheet in a multisheet schematic. Changes the cell name of the renumbered schematic to match the destination sheet number. If a sheet already exists with the destination number, the renumbered sheet is inserted before it. All succeeding sheets will be renumbered accordingly.

Arguments

<i>n_from</i>	The number of the sheet to renumber.
<i>n_to</i>	The new number for the sheet.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiReNumberSheet( 1 2 )
```

Renumbers sheet number 1 to sheet number 2. If sheet number 2 already exists, you are prompted to continue. If you want to continue, sheet number 2 becomes sheet number 3 and all succeeding sheets are renumbered accordingly.

schHiReplace

```
schHiReplace(  
    [ g_replaceAll ]  
    [ t_propName ]  
    [ t_condOp ]  
    [ t_propValue ]  
    [ t_newPropName ]  
    [ t_newPropValue ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Replaces objects that match the specified search criteria with a specified value. Usable when editing symbols or schematics. You must have write access to each of the cellviews. Only supports matching of strings, integers, floating-point numbers, and time. This function does not support other property types.

The search criteria let you, among other tasks,

- Specify the object filter and a property name or a value expression that the objects must match
- Replace all objects at one time or view each matching item in turn and either replace the item or skip to the next item
- Search in another library or in another cellview and change a property

The `schHiReplace` function searches through the schematic or symbol cellview for objects that match the `t_propName`, `t_condOp`, and `t_propValue` arguments.

Arguments

<i>g_replaceAll</i>	Specifies whether the replacement is done automatically or interactively. If <i>g_replaceAll</i> is set to <code>t</code> , the replacement is done automatically.
<i>t_propName</i>	The name of the property used in the search criteria; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If <i>t_propName</i> is set to <code>master</code> , <i>t_propValue</i> must be <i>t_libName</i> <i>t_cellName</i> <i>t_viewName</i> (separated by spaces). No wildcards are supported for <code>master</code> property.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

<i>t_condOp</i>	The conditional operator applied to the property name and property value for matching; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: ==, !=, <=, >=, <, >
<i>t_propValue</i>	The value of the property; must be enclosed in quotation marks. The value may include wildcard expressions.
<i>t_newPropName</i>	The name of the property to replace on each of the matching objects; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_newPropValue</i>	The value of the new property assigned to each of the matching objects; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Examples

```
schHiReplace( t "instName" "==" "I1" "instName" "I2" )
```

Assigns all objects with the name of I1 to I2.

```
schHiReplace( t "instName" "==" "I1" "newProp" "I2" )
```

Adds a new property name *newProp* with value set to I2 to all objects with the name I1.

schHiResetInvisibleLabels

```
schHiResetInvisibleLabels(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Causes the highlighted labels to either remain visible or reverse to the invisible state in the design. Usable only when editing schematics.

Click each of the blinking highlighted labels that you want to make visible after you execute this function.

When you select a label, it remains highlighted but stops blinking, indicating it will remain visible when you quit the command.

When you click again on a label to deselect it, it starts blinking again, indicating it will remain invisible when you quit the command.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiReturn

```
schHiReturn(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Returns up the hierarchy. Usable when editing schematics or symbols after completing a descend or edit-in-place action.

Displays the parent view of the specified cellview.

The parent view is displayed in the current window or an existing window depending on whether you have enabled the *Create New Window When Descending* option on the User Preferences form.

If the current cellview is a multisheet schematic and the index sheet was skipped when descending, the parent cellview of the multisheet schematic will be displayed.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window where the function runs. If not specified, the current window is used.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiReturnToTop

```
schHiReturnToTop(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Returns to the top-level cellview in the hierarchy. Usable when editing schematics or symbols after completing a series of descend commands.

The top cellview is displayed in the current window or an existing window depending on whether you have enabled the *Create New Window When Descending* option on the User Preferences form.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window where the function runs. If not specified, the current window is used.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiRotate

```
schHiRotate(  
    [ g_nonModal ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Rotates objects. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

Operates on the selected set. If the selected set contains multiple objects, you are prompted to click on a reference point. If the selected set is empty, you are prompted to point at an object to rotate; that point becomes the reference point. The objects must be fully selected.

If *g_nonModal* is *t* or there are objects in the selected set, the function cancels after the first successful rotation. Otherwise, the function repeats and prompts you to select another object.

Arguments

<i>g_nonModal</i>	Specifies whether the function should be nonmodal. Default: <i>t</i>
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

schHiRouteFlightLine

```
schHiRouteFlightLine(  
    [ t_routeMethod ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Routes logical connections shown as flight lines. Usable only when editing schematics.

If you have not selected the flight line you want to edit, the schematic editor prompts you to select the flight line. The schematic editor can process multiple flight lines. The system routes the selected flight lines.

A *t_routeMethod* of `full` executes an algorithm that creates orthogonal line segments. A *t_routeMethod* of `direct` creates a straight solid line between the two points. If you select multiple wires or flight lines, each wire or flight line is routed in sequence.

Arguments

<i>t_routeMethod</i>	Method used when routing flight lines; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>full</code> , <code>direct</code>
----------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiRouteFlightLine( "full" )
```

Routes the flight lines using the full routing algorithm.

schHiSaveCellView

```
schHiSaveCellView(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Saves the design in the current window.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns t.

schHiSelectAll

```
schHiSelectAll(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Opens a form that you use either to add all specified objects to the selected set or to delete all specified objects from the selected set. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiSelectByProperty

```
schHiSelectByProperty(  
    [ t_select ]  
    [ t_propName ]  
    [ t_condOp ]  
    [ t_propValue ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Adds objects that match specified search criteria in a schematic or symbol view to the selected set or removes objects that match specified search criteria in a schematic or symbol view from the selected set. Usable when editing schematics or symbols. Supports only selection of strings, integers, floating-point numbers, and time. This function does not support other property types.

Searches the schematic or symbol cellview for objects that match the *t_propName*, *t_condOp*, and *t_propValue* arguments.

If no arguments are specified, the Select By Property form appears.

Arguments

<i>t_select</i>	Specifies if the objects are to be added or removed from the selected set; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>select</code> (for add), <code>deselect</code> (for remove)
<i>t_propName</i>	The property name used in the search criteria; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If <i>t_propName</i> is set to <code>master</code> , <i>t_propValue</i> must be <i>t_libName</i> <i>t_cellName</i> <i>t_viewName</i> (separated by spaces). Wildcard expressions are not supported if <i>t_propName</i> is set to <code>master</code> .
<i>t_condOp</i>	The conditional operator that is applied to the property name and property value for matching; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>==</code> , <code>!=</code> , <code><=</code> , <code>>=</code> , <code><</code> , <code>></code>
<i>t_propValue</i>	The value of the property; must be enclosed in quotation marks. The value may include wildcard expressions.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiSelectByProperty( "select" "instName" "==" "I1" )
```

Displays the options form with `t_propName` set to `instName`, `t_condOp` set to `==`, and `t_propValue` set to `I1`. All objects that have names set to `I1` are added to the selected set.

```
schHiSelectByProperty( "deselect" "instName" "==" "I1" )
```

Displays the options form with `t_propName` set to `instName`, `t_condOp` set to `==`, and `t_propValue` set to `I1`. All objects in the selected set that have names set to `I1` are removed from the selected set.

schHiSetSymbolOrigin

```
schHiSetSymbolOrigin(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Relocates the origin point of a symbol and prompts you for a location of the new symbol origin point. All objects in the symbol are moved so when you later place the symbol, it is positioned on the dragging pointer relative to the new origin point.

Usable only when editing symbols.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiShowScope

```
schHiShowScope(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Displays a dialog box describing the current hierarchical scope in the window. Usable when editing or reading schematics or symbols. The scope contains a list of instance names and the corresponding cell names.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	The window that contains the design whose hierarchical scope you want to display.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

schHiSolder

```
schHiSolder(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Creates a solder dot over a + or T wire segment. Usable only when editing schematics.

Lets you place a graphical solder dot at an existing T or + connection point. If a wire crosses over another without forming a connection, placing a solder dot at the crossover point forces a connection between the two wires.

Note: When the environment variable `autoDot` is turned on, the *Create – Wire* command will automatically create solder dots at T or + wire connection points.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiSRC

```
schHiSRC(  
    [ t_action ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Sets schematic rules checker (SRC) options, and runs the schematic rules checker. Usable only when editing schematics.

If you set *t_action* to *editOptions*, a form appears on which you can modify the settings of the various schematic rules checks. If online schematic rules checking is inactive, you can also specify *run* and *editOptionsAndRun*.

If you set *t_action* to *run*, the schematic rules checker is run with the current option settings on the current schematic. If you set *t_action* to *editOptionsAndRun*, a form appears on which you can change the rules options.

When all the values have been specified, the schematic rules checker is run on the current schematic. If you do not specify *t_action* or you specify it as *nil*, the function behaves as if you specified *editOptionsAndRun*.

The checks that you run are determined by the *ignored*, *warning* (default), and *error* values of the following fields:

Floating Nets	Floating Input Terminals
Floating Output Terminals	Floating IO Terminals
Floating Switch Terminals	Unconnected Wires
Shorted Output Terminals	Solder On CrossOver
Offsheet Connectors	Overlapping Instances
Maximum Label Offset	Instance/Net Name Collision
Verilog HDL and VHDL Syntax	Instance Name Syntax
Terminal Name Syntax	Net Name Syntax
Inherited Pin/Net Connections	Pin/Net Name Collisions
Connection By Name	Pin Name Syntax
Missing Override Nets	

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

The check is run if the severity is either `warning` or `error`. If you set the severity to `ignored`, that particular schematic rules check is not performed.

All markers generated by this check are indicated with a source of `SRC`. A dialog box displays the total number of errors and warnings detected when the schematic rules checker has completed.

You must correct detected errors before the connectivity in the schematic is validated.

Arguments

<code>t_action</code>	Edits the options, runs the schematic rules checker, or both; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>editOptions</code> , <code>run</code> , <code>editOptionsAndRun</code>
-----------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiSRC( "run" )
```

Runs the schematic rules checker when online schematic rules checking is inactive by using the current option settings on the current schematic.

```
schHiSRC( "editOptionsAndRun" )
```

Displays a form where you edit the options, then runs the schematic rules checker on the current schematic.

schHiStretch

```
schHiStretch(  
    [ t_routeMethod ]  
    [ t_useSelSet ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Moves objects or partially selected objects and maintains connectivity with rubberband lines. Usable only when editing schematics. You cannot stretch objects between two different cellviews.

The *t_useSelSet* argument controls what is stretched. If this argument is set to *useSelSet* and the selected set contains multiple objects, you are prompted to click on a reference point. If the selected set is empty or *t_useSelSet* is *noSelSet*, this function is nonmodal, and you are prompted to click to select the object to stretch and this point becomes the reference point. In either case, the system prompts you to click on the destination point.

If you select objects other than instances, paths, schematic pins, or wires, they move instead of stretch.

Drag your objects while clicking on a destination. While you drag your selected object, rubberband lines appear that indicate connectivity between the selected object and the object it was connected to.

After you click on the destination, the schematic editor computes new connectivity. The schematic editor routes rubberband lines between the selected objects and their old connection by the specified route method.

Arguments

<i>t_routeMethod</i>	Method for rerouting stretched wires; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>full</i> , <i>direct</i> , <i>flight</i> , <i>simple</i>
<i>t_useSelSet</i>	Specifies whether to stretch the selected set or the object you choose with the mouse; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <i>useSelSet</i> , <i>noSelSet</i> Default: <i>useSelSet</i>

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiStretch( "flight" )
```

Stretches selected objects to a destination point leaving flight lines. Flight lines left in a schematic indicate intended connectivity.

```
schHiStretch( "full" )
```

Stretches selected objects to a destination point using a routing algorithm that generates orthogonal segments to complete the connection path.

```
schHiStretch( "full" "noSelSet" )
```

Prompts you to select the object to stretch, even if there are objects in the selected set. Connectivity between the stretched object and other objects is routed using the `full` routing method.

schHiSymStretch

```
schHiSymStretch(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Moves partially selected objects in the symbol editor. Can only be used when editing a symbol. Stretching between two different cellviews is not supported. When stretching an edge of a device border, the pin stubs attached to it are not dragged.

If the selected set contains multiple objects, you are prompted to click on a reference point. If the selected set is empty, you are prompted to point at an object to stretch; the point becomes the reference point. In either case, the objects are dragged and you are prompted to specify a destination point.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiUpdatePinOrder

```
schHiUpdatePinOrder(  
    [ g_updateInstLastChanged ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Creates or modifies the property on the cellview that specifies the ordering of the pins in the current cellview. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.



This function is replaced by `schHiEditPinOrder`. Use `schHiEditPinOrder` instead of `schHiUpdatePinOrder`.

Operates on the current cellview. It creates or modifies a property on the cellview that describes each pin in the cellview. The importance of the property is to maintain a specific ordering of the pins that can be synchronized against the port ordering of an HDL instance.

Arguments

g_updateInstLastChanged

Specifies whether the time stamp on the cellview is modified.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiVHDLProperty

```
schHiVHDLProperty(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Edits properties specific to the schematic composer and VHDL netlister. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

Operates on the current cellview. It creates or modifies properties for generics, attributes, default scalar and vector data types, library use clauses, and user comments to be used by the schematic editor and VHDL netlister. The netlister uses these properties when generating VHDL text from the cellview.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiUpdatePinsFromView

```
schHiUpdatePinsFromView(  
    [ t_viewName ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Updates the pin information in the current cellview from another view of the same cell. This works from schematic to symbol cellview, and vice-versa.

Entering `schHiUpdatePinsFromView()` will display the Update Pins form and allow you to manually select the view you want to update from.

If a pin direction is changed, using the `schHiUpdatePinsFromView()` command, the pin will be re-mastered as appropriate to the new direction, potentially changing the pin shape and label position in the process. This would be equivalent to performing the same task using Edit Object Properties and having to manually make pin direction changes.

Note: The process of updating pins between cell views cannot be interrupted. You are therefore prevented from performing any other operations that might influence any pin updates until the Update Pins form is closed or cancelled.

Arguments

<i>t_viewName</i>	Specifies the view that you want to update to update the current view from, for example "schematic".
-------------------	--

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiUpdatePinsFromView("schematic")
```

Specifies that you want to update the current cellview, for example symbol, with the latest pin information from the cell's schematic view.

schHiVIC

```
schHiVIC(  
    [ t_viewList ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Runs the cross-view checker (VIC) to check the consistency of the interface of one or more cellviews against the cellview you are editing. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

This function compares the member terminals of the cellview against the member terminals of the views named in *t_viewList*. The check flags export signals that differ between the currently edited view and the signals exported in other views of the same cell. The current cellview and the views you check it against must be compatible with the Cadence® database.

If you do not specify *t_viewList*, a form appears on which you enter the list of views to check.

The types of errors that are reported are for signals exported in one view but not the other and signals whose terminals have different directions in the two views. Use this function to check the consistency between a schematic and the corresponding symbol.

A dialog box displays the total number of errors and warnings detected when the cross-view checker has completed.

Arguments

<i>t_viewList</i>	List of view names to check; must be enclosed in quotation marks. To list several view names, use a space between names as a delimiter. <i>t_viewList</i> specifies the names of the cellviews that you want to compare with the currently edited cellview.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schHiVIC( "symbol" "verilog" )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Runs the cross-view checker between the currently edited cellview and the views named `symbol` and `verilog`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

schHiVICAndSave

```
schHiVICAndSave(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Runs the cross-view checker (VIC) on the cellview in the current active window and saves the cellview.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHiViewToView

```
schHiViewToView(  
    [ t_libName ]  
    [ t_cellName ]  
    [ t_viewNameFrom ]  
    [ t_viewNameTo ]  
    [ t_dataType ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Generates one type of cellview from another.

If you do not specify any argument or specify an argument as `nil`, the Cellview From Cellview form appears so that you can specify the field values.

If the `schViewToPinListReg` list or the `schPinListToViewReg` list does not contain the desired view type and conversion function, you must modify the lists. The lists are defined in your `schConfig.il` file (*your_install_dir/samples/local/schConfig.il*). Refer to the following section in your `schConfig.il` file for more information about modifying the `schViewToPinListReg` and `schPinListToViewReg` lists:
REGISTERING CONVERSION FUNCTIONS FOR THE CREATE CELLVIEW FROM
CELLVIEW COMMANDS.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library name that contains the two cellviews; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell name to be used for the two cellviews; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewNameFrom</i>	Source view name; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>schematic</code> , <code>symbol</code> , <code>functional</code> , <code>behavioral</code> , <code>system</code>
<i>t_viewNameTo</i>	Destination view name; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>schematic</code> , <code>symbol</code> , <code>functional</code> , <code>behavioral</code> , <code>system</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

t_dataType String corresponding to an entry in the `schPinListToViewReg` list that specifies how the created cellview will be generated; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHiViewToView( "myLib" "xyz" "schematic" "symbol" "Composer-Symbol" )
```

Translates the schematic cellview for `xyz` to a symbol cellview.

schHiZoomToSelSet

```
schHiZoomToSelSet(  
    )  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Zooms to selected objects in the current window. If no objects are selected prior to actioning the function, you will be prompted to draw a selection area.

This function is only usable when working with schematics or symbols in the Virtuoso Schematic Editing window.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> when successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> when selection not successful.

schSetSelectOptions

```
schSetSelectOptions(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Sets the filter for the selection function. You can select object types by turning toggle switches on or off. You can also choose partial or full selection. Usable when editing schematics or symbols.

The list of object types is different when editing schematic or symbol cellviews. The function displays the window where you change the object filters and set the selection option to partial or full.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schSingleSelectPt

```
schSingleSelectPt(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Selects the object under the cursor after first deselecting all objects in the selected set. Usable when editing schematics.

This function is equivalent to the Graphics Editor `mouseSingleSelectPt` function. This function also provides other functions with the identity of the most recently selected object, which is required for extended selection.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Human Interface (HI) Functions

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

The Virtuoso® Schematic Editor SKILL procedural interface (PI) functions, presented in alphabetical order in this chapter, implement primitive actions required by SKILL human interface (HI) functions. Therefore, they are considered lower-level calls. To use PI functions, you must

- Supply all the required parameters
- Use the correct syntax

You can often derive the name of the PI function from the HI function by simply removing the `Hi` portion of the name. For example, the HI function

```
schHiCreateWire
```

has the corresponding PI function

```
schCreateWire
```

Some PI functions are restricted to the schematic or the symbol cellview. Other functions are restricted to multisheet designs or indexes.

PI functions return either a Boolean `t` or an ID if the function completes successfully. If the function fails or cancels, a Boolean `nil` is returned. If the function does not recognize the argument, the function fails, but you do not receive an error message. If there is a type mismatch, you receive a Cadence® SKILL language error. Lower-level functions do not provide error messages.

schCheck

```
schCheck(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> l_errors | nil
```

Description

Performs a check on the specified cellview. This includes extracting connectivity, running the schematic rules checker, and running the cross-view checker. You must have write permission to any cellview that is to be checked. The given cellview ID must be an editable schematic.

This function uses the following environment settings:

- `updateConn` specifies whether connectivity extraction is performed
- `runSRC` specifies whether the schematic rules checker is run
- `runVIC` specifies whether the cross-view checker is run

The schematic rules checker uses a large set of environment settings that control the checks run. For a list of these settings, see [“schSRC”](#) on page 275.

Arguments

<code>d_cvId</code>	Cellview ID of the schematic to check.
---------------------	--

Value Returned

<code>l_errors</code>	A list containing the total number of errors and warnings encountered. This includes errors and warnings from both the schematic rules checker and the cross-view checker.
<code>nil</code>	No errors are found.

Example

```
cvId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "mylib" "top" "schematic" "" 'a )  
errs = schCheck( cvId )  
nErrors = car( errs )  
nWarns = cadr( errs )
```


schCheckHier

```
schCheckHier(  
    d_cvId  
    t_viewNames  
    t_refLibs  
    [ l_instViewListTable ]  
)  
=> l_errors | nil
```

Description

Performs a check of the hierarchy that starts at the given cellview.

The hierarchy traversed is defined by *t_viewNames*. Usually, the hierarchy is confined to the library of the given cellview, but you can specify a list of reference libraries to process if the hierarchy extends beyond the current library. You must have write permission to any cellview that is to be checked.

This function uses the following environment settings:

- **checkAlways** specifies whether to check every cellview regardless of the extraction status

When *nil*, cellviews are checked only if they need it.
- **updateConn** specifies whether connectivity extraction is performed on all schematics encountered
- **runSRC** specifies whether the schematic rules checker is run on all schematics encountered
- **runVIC** specifies whether the cross-view checker is run on all cellviews encountered
- **checkHierSave** specifies whether processed cellviews are automatically saved

If *nil*, you must explicitly save and close the cellviews processed, or any updates are lost.
- **saveAction** specifies what to do for those cellviews containing errors when **checkHierSave** is *t*

Valid values are *Save*, *No Save*, and *Ask Me*.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the root schematic from which to begin the hierarchical check. The given cellview ID must be an editable schematic. If a cellview contains any of the following property values, it is not processed: <pre>nlAction == { ignore stop } schType == { border patchCord ripper noSchEdit }</pre>
<i>t_viewNames</i>	String containing the list of view names to use to control the hierarchy traversal; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_refLibs</i>	String containing the list of reference libraries to process in addition to the library of the given cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>l_instViewListTable</i>	List specifying the instance view list table to use if instance-based switching is required. This list contains sublists that map a logical name to a view name list. If an instance is encountered that has an <code>instViewList</code> property whose value matches one of the logical names in the instance view list table, the view name list associated with the logical name is used for the hierarchical switch for that instance.

Value Returned

<i>l_errors</i>	A list that containing sublists of the ID of the cellview and the number of errors encountered.
<i>nil</i>	No errors are found in the hierarchy.

Example

```
cvId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "mylib" "top" "schematic" "" 'a )  
schSetEnv( "checkHierSave" t )  
schSetEnv( "saveAction" "Save" )  
errs = schCheckHier( cvId "schematic cmos_sch" "" )
```

Checks the hierarchy starting at `top schematic` in the library `mylib` where the traversal is controlled by the given view name list. If errors are encountered, `errs` is a list of cellview, number of errors pairs. You can process this list as follows:

```
foreach( x errs  
    info( "%s %s %s has %d error(s).\n" car(x)~>lib~>name
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
)      car(x)~>cellName car(x)~>viewName cadr(x))
```

schCheckHierConfig

```
schCheckHierConfig(  
    h_cfgId  
    [ v_pathVector [ g_refLibs ] ]  
)  
=> l_errors | nil
```

Description

Performs a check of the hierarchy. The check starts with the top cellview that is specified in the given hierarchy configuration. The hierarchy traversed is defined by information in this hierarchy configuration. Usually, the hierarchy is confined to the library of the given cellview, but you can specify a list of reference libraries to process if the hierarchy extends beyond the current library.

You must have write permission to any cellview that is to be checked.

This function uses the following environment settings:

- `checkAlways` specifies whether to check every cellview regardless of the extraction status

When `nil`, cellviews are checked only if they need it.
- `updateConn` specifies whether connectivity extraction is performed on all schematics encountered
- `runSRC` specifies whether the schematic rules checker is run on all schematics encountered
- `runVIC` specifies whether the cross-view checker is run on all cellviews encountered
- `checkHierSave` specifies whether processed cellviews are automatically saved

If `nil`, you must explicitly save and close the cellviews processed, or any updates are lost.
- `saveAction` specifies what to do for those cellviews containing errors when `checkHierSave` is `t`

Valid values are `Save`, `No Save`, and `Ask Me`.

The given cellview ID must be an editable schematic. If a cellview contains any of the following property values, it is not processed:

```
nlAction == { ignore | stop }  
schType == { border | patchCord | ripper | noSchEdit }Arguments
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Arguments

<i>h_cfgId</i>	The ID of a hierarchy configuration that specifies an expansion.
<i>v_pathVector</i>	The ID of a hierarchy configuration path vector. If not specified, the traversal starts from the top cellview specified in the configuration. Otherwise, the traversal starts from the current cellview defined by this argument.
<i>g_refLibs</i>	A list of library names, or a string containing a list of space-separated library names.

Value Returned

<i>l_errors</i>	A list of the errors encountered during the checking of the hierarchy as defined by the given configuration object. Each element in the list contains the cellview ID and the number of errors encountered; no information is generated if only warnings were encountered.
<i>nil</i>	No errors are found in the hierarchy.

Example

```
cfgId = deGetConfigId( getCurrentWindow( ))
schSetEnv( "checkHierSave" t )
schSetEnv( "saveAction" "Save" )
errs = schCheckHierConfig( cfgId )
cfgId = deGetConfigId( getCurrentWindow( ))
path = deGetVector( getCurrentWindow( ))
errs = schCheckHierConfig( cfgId path "libA libB" )
```

If errors are encountered, *errs* is a list of cellview/number-of-errors pairs. You can process this list as follows:

```
foreach( x errs
  info( "%s %s %s has %d error(s).\n" car(x)~>lib~>name
    car(x)~>cellName car(x)~>viewName cadr(x))
)
```

schCloneSymbol

```
schCloneSymbol(  
    d_cvId  
    d_masterId  
    l_origin  
    t_orient  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Copies or clones graphics from an existing symbol into the target symbol cellview with the given location and orientation.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the editable symbol cellview in which to place copied graphics.
<i>d_masterId</i>	ID of the clone master cellview, which can be accessed using several different methods, such as an explicit call to <code>dbOpenCellViewByType</code> .
<i>l_origin</i>	Location to place the clone. The origin of the instance master is used as the reference point.
<i>t_orient</i>	Orientation to give the clone placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: R0, R90, R180, R270, MX, MXR90, MY, MYR90

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Graphics were copied or cloned from an existing symbol into the target symbol cellview with the given location and orientation.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
symbolId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "sample" "inv" "symbol" "" 'r )  
schCloneSymbol( cvId symbolId 0:0 "R0" )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Clones an `inverter` symbol from the sample library in the specified symbol cellview. The cloned graphics are placed at 0,0 with an `R0` orientation.

schCmdOption

```
schCmdOption(  
    )  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Cycles through a predefined set of values. By default, this function is bound to the right mouse button. When you click the right mouse button during an active command, the command applies the next value in the predefined set.

You can customize the predefined set of values by making calls to `schSetCmdOption`.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Cycled through a predefined set of values.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

schComputePinRef

```
schComputePinRef(
    d_cellView
    [ t_reportFile ]
    [ t_display ]
    [ t_formatString ]
    [ t_reportDups ]
    [ t_sortByDir ]
    [ t_separator ]
    [ t_inputDesignator ]
    [ t_outputDesignator ]
    [ t_ioDesignator ]
    [ x_charsPerLine ]
)
=> t | nil
```

Description

Creates offsheet pin references for multisheet designs. The pin references can be displayed in the schematic next to each pin or in a report file. This function creates an offsheet pin reference report that lists each pin followed by a list of all other locations of this pin. The pin references can also be displayed in the schematic next to each pin.

Arguments

<i>d_cellView</i>	Cellview of the index schematic or any sheet in a multisheet design to be cross-referenced; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_reportFile</i>	File in which to output the cross-reference report; specify <code>nil</code> for no report. Default: " "
<i>t_display</i>	Set to <code>on</code> to display cross-references in schematic, set to <code>off</code> to remove cross-references in schematics if they exist; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Default: <code>on</code>
<i>t_formatString</i>	Controls the cross-reference format. You can build the cross-reference format using any combination of the following in any order: <i>sheetNumber zone referenceName direction</i> Default: <code>schGetEnv("pinRefFormat")</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

<i>t_reportDups</i>	Set to <code>off</code> to suppress reporting of duplicate pin references found within the same zone; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Default: <code>off</code>
<i>t_sortByDir</i>	Sets whether pin reference sorting is by direction or sheet number; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Set this argument to <code>on</code> to sort by direction. Default: <code>off</code>
<i>t_separator</i>	String used to separate pin references; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Default: <code>,</code>
<i>t_inputDesignator</i>	String used to designate input pins; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Default: <code>i</code>
<i>t_outputDesignator</i>	String used to designate output pins; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Default: <code>o</code>
<i>t_ioDesignator</i>	String used to designate IO pins; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Default: <code>io</code>
<i>x_charsPerLine</i>	Number of characters before automatically inserting a new line within a cross-reference list. Default: <code>100</code>

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Created offsheet pin references for multisheet designs.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schComputePinRef( cellview )
```

Produces cross-references on pins in a schematic using default options.

```
schComputePinRef( cellview "design.xref" "on" nil "off" "off" " " " " )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Produces a cross-reference report file in `design.xref`. Use a space " " or a reference separator instead of the default comma ", ". The pin references also appear in the schematic by default.

schCopy

```
schCopy(  
    d_fig  
    d_destCV  
    l_transform  
)  
=> d_object | nil
```

Description

Copies the given object to the given destination cellview. The object location and orientation can be specified before it is placed at the destination location by the given transformation argument. The copied figure is first rotated and reflected about the origin as specified by the orientation of the transform, then translated by the offset of the transform.

The destination cellview must be editable. This function copies figures between schematic or symbol cellviews only.

Arguments

<i>d_fig</i>	Figure to copy.
<i>d_destCV</i>	Cellview in which to place the copied object. This argument must be a schematic or symbol cellview.
<i>l_transform</i>	Relative location and orientation for the copied figure, which is specified as list of (<i>l_offset</i> <i>t_orient</i> [<i>n_magnification</i>]).

Value Returned

<i>d_object</i>	The ID of the new figure.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
objId = schCopy( fig1 cv2 list(10.0:5.0 "R0") )
```

Creates a copy of *fig1* in the cellview specified by *cv2*. The new figure has the same rotation as *fig1* and is translated by offset 10.0, 5.0, with an *R0* orientation.

schCreateInst

```
schCreateInst(  
    d_cvId  
    d_masterId  
    t_instanceName  
    l_origin  
    t_orient  
    [ n_magnification ]  
)  
=> d_inst | nil
```

Description

Creates an instance of the given master cellview in the specified cellview at the given location with the given orientation. You can specify the magnification to set for the instance. Although not fully supported, you can use this property to scale the appearance of an instance.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the editable schematic cellview in which to create the instance.
<i>d_masterId</i>	ID of the instance master cellview. You can access the master ID using several different methods; for example, an explicit call to <code>dbOpenCellViewByType</code> .
<i>t_instanceName</i>	Instance name to give the instance; must be enclosed in quotation marks. This argument can be <code>nil</code> , a simple name, or a name with a vector expression. When the argument is <code>nil</code> , a unique instance name will be generated automatically. When the argument is a simple name or a name with a vector expression, the name must be unique among existing instances in the cellview. If the name has a vector expression—for example, " <code><0:3></code> "—the expression is used to create an iterated instance.
<i>l_origin</i>	Location to place the instance. The origin of the instance master is used as the reference point.
<i>t_orient</i>	Orientation to give the instance placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>R0</code> , <code>R90</code> , <code>R180</code> , <code>R270</code> , <code>MX</code> , <code>MXR90</code> , <code>MY</code> , <code>MYR90</code>
<i>n_magnification</i>	Database magnification value to set on the instance. Default: <code>1.0</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

<i>d_inst</i>	The ID of the instance.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
symbolId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "sample" "inv" "symbol" "" 'r )
instId = schCreateInst( cvId symbolId "I23" 0:0 "R0" )
```

Creates an instance of the inverter symbol from the sample library in the specified *cvId*. The instance name is *I23* and the name is placed at 0,0 with an *R0* orientation.

```
intId = schCreateInst( cvId symbolId "I24<0:1>" 0:1 "R90" )
```

Creates an iterated instance of the same inverter. The instance rotates 90 degrees before being placed.

schCreateInstBox

```
schCreateInstBox(  
    d_cvId  
    [ l_bBox ]  
)  
=> d_id | nil
```

Description

Creates an instance box in the given cellview. This function uses a bounding box you specify or determines a bounding box from the pins and device shapes.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable symbol cellview in which to create the instance box.
<i>l_bBox</i>	List specifying the corners of the instance box to create. If not specified, or specified as <i>nil</i> , a bounding box created from all the pins and device shapes is used.

Value Returned

<i>d_id</i>	The ID of the created instance box.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
cvId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "sample" "inv" "symbol" "" 'a )  
boxId = schCreateInstBox( cvId )
```

Creates an instance box in the *inv* symbol cellview based on the pins and device shapes in the cellview.

```
boxId = schCreateInstBox( cvId list(0:0 2:2) )
```

Creates an instance box with the specified *bBox* coordinates.

schCreateNetExpression

```
schCreateNetExpression(  
    d_cvId  
    t_netExpr  
    d_glueId  
    l_point  
    t_justify  
    t_orient  
    t_fontStyle  
    n_fontHeight  
)  
=> d_id | nil
```

Description

Creates an inherited connection and the corresponding net expression label. Attaches the given net expression to the given database object. It validates the syntax of the expression and attaches a net expression label to the database object. If the object is a schematic wire, you must run the schematic extractor to create the inherited connection. Before calling this function, you must acquire all the required arguments of the function.

You can programmatically create inherited terminals by explicitly calling `dbCreateTermNetExpr`. A net expression label will not be created. You cannot create inherited signals by explicitly calling `dbCreateSigNetExpr` because the schematic extractor deletes an inherited signal that does not have a net expression label.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview in which to create the expression.
<i>t_netExpr</i>	The net expression in NLP syntax; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>d_glueId</i>	The database object to associate the net expression with. It must be either a schematic wire, schematic pin, or symbol pin object.
<i>l_point</i>	The origin point to locate the net expression.
<i>t_justify</i>	Justification to give the net expression label text with respect to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: upperLeft, upperCenter, upperRight, centerLeft, centerCenter, centerRight, lowerLeft, lowerCenter, lowerRight

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

<i>t_orient</i>	Orientation to give the placement of the net expression; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: R0, R90, R180, R270, MX, MXR90, MY, MYR90
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Label font style; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: euroStyle, fixed, gothic, math, roman, script, stick, swedish, milSpec
<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: 0.0625

Value Returned

<i>d_id</i>	The ID of the net expression label for the inherited connection.
<i>nil</i>	There is a syntax error in the given expression or the parent object is not a schematic wire, schematic pin, or symbol pin.

Example

```
netExprLabelId = schCreateNetExpression( cv "[@power:%%vdd!]" wireId (0:1.875)  
"net1" "lowerLeft" "R0" "fixed" 0.125 )
```

Creates the net expression label [*@power:%%vdd!*] glued to the specified wire figure at location 0, 1.875. The label is control-point justified at the lower left of the label, the font is a fixed-width font, and the height is 0.125 user units.

schCreateNoteLabel

```
schCreateNoteLabel(  
    d_cvId  
    l_point  
    t_text  
    t_just  
    t_orient  
    t_fontStyle  
    n_fontHeight  
    t_type  
)  
=> d_label | nil
```

Description

Creates note labels in a schematic or symbol cellview with the attributes and properties you specify. These labels do not affect the connectivity but can be useful for annotation.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable schematic or symbol cellview in which to create the note label.
<i>l_point</i>	Location of the note label specified as a point.
<i>t_text</i>	Text of the note label; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_just</i>	Justification of the label text with respect to its placement. Use string values; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: upperLeft, upperCenter, upperRight, centerLeft, centerCenter, centerRight, lowerLeft, lowerCenter, lowerRight
<i>t_just</i>	Justification of the label text with respect to its placement. Use string values; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: upperLeft, upperCenter, upperRight, centerLeft, centerCenter, centerRight, lowerLeft, lowerCenter, lowerRight
<i>t_orient</i>	Orientation of the note label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: R0, R90, R180, R270, MY, MYR90, MX, MXR90

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Font style of the label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>euroStyle</code> , <code>fixed</code> , <code>gothic</code> , <code>math</code> , <code>roman</code> , <code>script</code> , <code>stick</code> , <code>swedish</code> , <code>milSpec</code>
<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: <code>0.0625</code>
<i>t_type</i>	Type of label to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>normalLabel</code> , <code>NLPLabel</code> , <code>ILLabel</code>

Value Returned

<i>d_label</i>	The ID of the new label.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
labelId = schCreateNoteLabel( cv 0.0:1.875 "any Text String" "lowerLeft" "R0"  
"fixed" 0.125 "normalLabel" )
```

Creates a note label called `any Text String` in the specified cellview located at 0,1.875 with no rotation. The label's control point is justified at the lower left of the label, the font is a fixed-width font, the height is 0.125 user units, and it is a normal label.

schCreateNoteShape

```
schCreateNoteShape(  
    d_cvId  
    t_type  
    t_lineStyle  
    l_points  
    [ n_width ]  
)  
=> d_shape | nil
```

Description

Creates note shapes in a schematic or symbol cellview with the attributes and properties you specify. These shapes do not affect the connectivity but can be useful for annotation.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable schematic or symbol cellview in which to create the note shape.
<i>t_type</i>	Type of shape to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: line, rectangle, polygon, arc, ellipse, circle
<i>t_lineStyle</i>	Line style of the shape; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: solid, dashed
<i>l_points</i>	Location of the note shape specified as a list of at least two points.
<i>n_width</i>	Width of the line.

Value Returned

<i>d_shape</i>	The ID of the new shape.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
shapeId = schCreateNoteShape( cv "rectangle" "solid" list(0:0 10:10) )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Creates a rectangle in the specified cellview whose lower left corner is at 0,0 and upper right corner is at 10,10. The boundary of the rectangle is displayed as a solid line.

schCreatePin

```
schCreatePin(  
    d_cvId  
    d_master  
    t_termName  
    t_direction  
    g_offSheetP  
    l_origin  
    t_orientation  
)  
=> d_pin | nil
```

Description

Creates instances that are used to represent pins of terminals in a schematic cellview.
Creates only a pin in a schematic cellview. The destination cellview must not be the same as the master cellview and must be editable.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable schematic cellview in which to create the pin.
<i>d_master</i>	Master cellview to which the pin instance refers.
<i>t_termName</i>	Terminal name created for the pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_direction</i>	I/O direction of the pin terminal; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: input, output, inputOutput, switch
<i>g_offSheetP</i>	Specifies whether the pin is an offsheet connector. Valid Values: t, nil
<i>l_origin</i>	Origin of the pin specified as a point.
<i>t_orientation</i>	Orientation of the pin relative to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: R0, R90, R180, R270, MY, MYR90, MX, MXR90

Value Returned

<i>d_pin</i>	The ID of the new pin.
--------------	------------------------

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

`nil` Unsuccessful.

Example

```
inputCvId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "basic" "ipin" "symbol" "" 'r )
pinId = schCreatePin( cvId inputCvId "I1" "input" nil 0:0 "R0" )
```

Creates a pin in the specified cellview. The pin is created from the `inputCvId` master cellview and assigned `I1` pin name with `input` direction. The pin is not an offsheet pin and is placed at 0,0 with no rotation.

schCreateSheet

```
schCreateSheet(  
    d_cvId  
    x_number  
    t_borderLibrary  
    t_borderCell  
    t_borderView  
)  
=> d_sheetInstId | nil
```

Description

Creates a new sheet for a multisheet schematic.

The schematic is generated based on the cell name of the index with the sheet number appended; for example, `sheet003`. A multisheet symbol is created with the `msymbol` view and an instance is placed in the index schematic.

If the source is not a multisheet schematic, it is converted into a multisheet schematic. An index is created, and the source becomes the specified sheet number in the multisheet design.

If the numbered sheet already exists, the new sheet is inserted before the existing sheet. The remaining sheets are renumbered. Also, if the sheet number is less than or equal to zero, a sheet number is generated based on the value of the last sheet number in the multisheet schematic.

When you specify the library, cell, and view of a sheet border master, a border instance is added to the new multisheet schematic.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the source editable schematic, which must be an index schematic or a nonsheet schematic cellview.
<i>x_number</i>	Number of the new sheet.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

<i>t_borderLibrary</i>	<p>Name of the library containing the sheet border master. If specified as an empty string or <code>nil</code>, the new sheet is created without a sheet border.</p> <p>Also used to specify the library containing the <code>sheetSymbol</code> to use when creating the sheet instance in the index schematic that represents the new sheet. If specified as an empty string or <code>nil</code>, each library in your <code>cds.lib</code> file is searched until a <code>sheetSymbol</code> cell that has an <code>msymbol</code> view is found.</p>
<i>t_borderCell</i>	<p>Cell name of the sheet border master. If specified as an empty string or as <code>nil</code>, the new sheet is created without a sheet border; must be enclosed in quotation marks.</p>
<i>t_borderView</i>	<p>View name of the sheet border master. If specified as an empty string or as <code>nil</code>, the new sheet is created without a sheet border; must be enclosed in quotation marks.</p>

Value Returned

<i>d_sheetInstId</i>	The instance ID of the new sheet instance in the index schematic.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
sheetInstId = schCreateSheet( indexId 4 "US_8ths" "Asize" "symbol" )
```

Creates sheet number 4, with an A-sized sheet border from the `US_8ths` library in the multisheet schematic defined by the given `index` schematic.

```
sheetInstId = schCreateSheet( cvId 1 "" "" "" )
```

Converts an ordinary schematic into sheet 1 of a multisheet schematic and creates an index schematic with the same name as the original schematic. Searches each library specified in your `cds.lib` file until a `sheetSymbol` is found to create an instance representing the new sheet in the `index` schematic.

```
sheetInstId = schCreateSheet( cvId 2 "US_8ths" "Dsize" "symbol" )
```

Converts an ordinary schematic into sheet 2 of a multisheet schematic and creates an index schematic with the same name as the original schematic. A D-sized border is added to the converted schematic.

```
sheetInstId = schCreateSheet( indexID 4 "US_8th" "" "" )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Creates sheet number 4, without a sheet border, in the multisheet schematic defined by the given index schematic. Uses the `sheetSymbol` from the `US_8ths` library to create an instance representing the new sheet in the index schematic.

schCreateSymbolLabel

```
schCreateSymbolLabel(  
    d_cvId  
    l_point  
    t_labelChoice  
    t_text  
    t_justify  
    t_orient  
    t_fontStyle  
    n_fontHeight  
    t_type  
)  
=> d_label | nil
```

Description

Creates a label in only a symbol cellview with the specified attributes that is opened in append mode.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of a symbol cellview in which to create the label.
<i>l_point</i>	Location of the label specified as a point.
<i>t_labelChoice</i>	Type of label to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: instance label, device label, device annotate, pin name, pin annotate
<i>t_text</i>	Text of the label; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_justify</i>	Justification of the label text with respect to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: upperLeft, upperCenter, upperRight, centerLeft, centerCenter, centerRight, lowerLeft, lowerCenter, lowerRight
<i>t_orient</i>	Orientation of the instance placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: R0, R90, R180, R270, MX, MXR90, MY, MYR90
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Font style of the label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: euroStyle, fixed, gothic, math, roman, script, stick, swedish, milSpec

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: 0.0625
<i>t_type</i>	Type of label to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: normalLabel, NLPLabel, ILLabel

Value Returned

<i>d_label</i>	The ID of the new label.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
labelId = schCreateSymbolLabel( cv 0:1.875 "instance label" "[@instanceName]"  
"lowerLeft" "R0" "fixed" 0.125 "NLPLabel" )
```

Creates an instance label [@instanceName] in the specified cellview, located at 0,1.875. The label's control point is justified at the lower left of the label, the font is a fixed-width font, the height is 0.125 user units, and the label is an interpreted NLPLabel label.

schCreateSymbolPin

```
schCreateSymbolPin(  
    d_cvId  
    d_master  
    t_termName  
    t_direction  
    l_origin  
    t_orientation  
    [ g_flatten ]  
)  
=> t_pinFigId | nil
```

Description

Creates a pin in the given cellview with the name, direction, and orientation you specify.

The figures that describe the pin are taken from the given pin master cellview, which can be accessed with a call to `dbOpenCellViewByType`, and are copied into the specified cellview. A terminal is created for the pin with the given name. The objects are created in the cellview with the specified orientation.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable symbol cellview in which to create the pin.
<i>d_master</i>	Master cellview containing the objects that specify the symbol pin.
<i>t_termName</i>	Name for the terminal that is created for the pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_direction</i>	I/O direction of the pin terminal; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: input, output, inputOutput, switch
<i>l_origin</i>	Location for the pin specified as a point.
<i>t_orientation</i>	Orientation of the pin placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: R0, R90, R180, R270, MX, MXR90, MY, MYR90
<i>g_flatten</i>	Controls whether the pin figures are copied from <i>d_master</i> into <i>d_cvId</i> (that is, flattened) or placed as instances.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

<i>t_pinFigId</i>	The ID of the new pin figure.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
symPinId = schCreateSymbolPin( symbolCV masterCV "A" "input" 0:0 "R0" )
```

Creates terminal A, takes the objects from the symbol pin master *masterCV*, and creates corresponding objects in the *symbolCV* cellview. The objects are placed relative to the 0,0 location without rotation.

schCreateSymbolShape

```
schCreateSymbolShape(  
    d_cvId  
    t_shape  
    t_style  
    l_points  
    [ n_width ]  
)  
=> d_shapeId | nil
```

Description

Creates the specified shape using the given fill style and the list of points in the given cellview.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable symbol cellview in which to create the shape.
<i>t_shape</i>	Type of shape to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: line, rectangle, polygon, arc, circle, ellipse
<i>t_style</i>	Fill style of the shape to create; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: outline, solid
<i>l_points</i>	List of points for the specified shape.
<i>n_width</i>	Width of the line.

Value Returned

<i>d_shapeId</i>	The ID of the specified shape.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
shapeId = schCreateSymbolShape( cv "rectangle" "solid" list(0:0 1:1) )
```

Creates a solid rectangular shape between points 0:0 and 1:1.

schCreateWire

```
schCreateWire(  
    d_cvId  
    t_entryMethod  
    t_routeMethod  
    l_points  
    n_xSpacing  
    n_ySpacing  
    n_width  
    [ t_color ]  
    [ t_lineStyle ]  
    )  
=> l_wireId
```

Description

Creates flight lines, wide wires, or narrow wires in the specified schematic cellview.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of a schematic cellview in which to create the wire.
<i>t_entryMethod</i>	Wire entry method; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you specify <i>t_entryMethod</i> as <i>draw</i> , the resulting wires are created using the given list of points and <i>t_routeMethod</i> is ignored. If you specify <i>t_entryMethod</i> as <i>route</i> , <i>t_routeMethod</i> is applied and only the first two points in the list of points are used. Valid Values: <i>draw</i> , <i>route</i>
<i>t_routeMethod</i>	Method to use when routing the wires; must be enclosed in quotation marks. This argument applies only when <i>t_entryMethod</i> is <i>route</i> . If you specify <i>t_routeMethod</i> as <i>flight</i> , flight lines are created between the points specified. If you specify <i>t_routeMethod</i> as <i>direct</i> or <i>full</i> , the appropriate routing algorithm is applied to route the wires between the points. Default: <i>flight</i> , <i>direct</i> , <i>full</i>
<i>l_points</i>	List of points to use to create the wire. This can be any number of points, but the system creates as many two-point line segments as needed to exhaust the list of points.
<i>n_xSpacing</i>	Horizontal snap spacing to apply to the specified point.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

<i>n_ySpacing</i>	Vertical snap spacing to apply to the specified point.
<i>n_width</i>	Physical width of the wire. A width of 0 specifies a line. A width greater than 0 specifies a wide wire.
<i>t_color</i>	The color of the wire. The color must be defined in the Display Resource File. If <i>t_routeMethod</i> is <i>flight</i> , <i>t_color</i> is ignored.
<i>t_lineStyle</i>	The line style of the wire. The line style must be defined in the Display Resource File. If <i>t_routeMethod</i> is <i>flight</i> , <i>t_lineStyle</i> is ignored.

Value Returned

<i>l_wireId</i>	A list of database objects for each wire segment you create.
-----------------	--

Example

```
schCreateWire( cv "draw" "full" list(0:0 1:0) 0.0625 0.0625 0.0 )
```

Creates a wire from 0:0 to 1:0.

```
schCreateWire( cv "route" "full" list(0:0 1:20) 0.0625 0.0625 0.05 )
```

Routes a wide wire from 0,0 to 1,20.

schCreateWireLabel

```
schCreateWireLabel(  
    d_cvId  
    d_glue  
    l_point  
    t_text  
    t_justify  
    t_orient  
    t_fontStyle  
    n_fontHeight  
    g_aliasP  
)  
=> d_labelId | nil
```

Description

Creates wire labels and glues them to the object you specify.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable schematic cellview in which to create the wire label.
<i>d_glue</i>	Wire or pin on which to glue the label.
<i>l_point</i>	Location of the label specified as a point.
<i>t_text</i>	Text of the label.
<i>t_justify</i>	Justification of the label text with respect to its placement; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: upperLeft, upperCenter, upperRight, centerLeft, centerCenter, centerRight, lowerLeft, lowerCenter, lowerRight
<i>t_orient</i>	Orientation of the label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: R0, R90, R180, R270, MX, MXR90, MY, MYR90
<i>t_fontStyle</i>	Font style of the label; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: euroStyle, fixed, gothic, math, roman, script, stick, swedish, milSpec
<i>n_fontHeight</i>	Label height in user units. Default: 0.0625

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

<i>g_aliasP</i>	Label alias flag, which specifies if a wire label has an alias or a normal net name. Valid Values: <i>t</i> , <i>nil</i>
-----------------	---

Value Returned

<i>d_labelId</i>	The ID of the new wire label.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schCreateWireLabel( cv wireId (0:1.875) "net1" "lowerLeft" "R0" "fixed" 0.1 nil )
```

Creates the wire label *net1* glued to the specified wire figure at location 0,1.875. The label is control-point justified at the lower left of the label, the font is a fixed-width font, and the height is 0.1 user units.

schDelete

```
schDelete(  
    d_fig  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Deletes the figure or object you specify only from schematic or symbol cellviews.

Arguments

<i>d_fig</i>	Figure to delete.
--------------	-------------------

Value Returned

t	Deleted the figure or object you specify only from schematic or symbol cellviews.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schDelete( fig1 )
```

Deletes fig1.

schDeleteIndex

```
schDeleteIndex(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Deletes an index schematic if there is one remaining sheet. Converts the remaining sheet into an ordinary schematic with the cell name of the index schematic and replaces any offsheet pins with schematic pins.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the index schematic to delete.
---------------	---

Value Returned

t	Deleted an index schematic if there is one remaining sheet.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schDeleteIndex( cv )
```

Deletes the multisheet index and converts the remaining sheet into an ordinary schematic and converts any offsheet pins to schematic pins.

schDeleteSheet

```
schDeleteSheet(  
    d_cvId  
    x_number  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Deletes a sheet from a multisheet schematic design.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the index schematic.
<i>x_number</i>	Number of the sheet to delete.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Deleted a sheet from a multisheet schematic design.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schDeleteSheet( cv 3 )
```

Deletes sheet number 3 from the multisheet index schematic.

schDeselectAllFig

```
schDeselectAllFig(  
    [ d_cvId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Deselects all objects in a specified cellview. Bypasses the selection filter.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview containing the objects you want to deselect. If no cellview is specified, the current cellview is used.
---------------	---

Value Returned

t	Deselects all objects in a specified cellview.
---	--

Example

```
schDeselectAllFig()
```

Deselects all figures from the cellview in the current window.

schDrawSymbolPin

```
schDrawSymbolPin(  
    d_cvId  
    t_termName  
    t_direction  
    l_points  
)  
=> t_pinFigId | nil
```

Description

Creates a symbol pin in the specified cellview by creating a terminal of the given name with the given direction and a polygon shape specified by the given list of points.

Can be used only when editing a symbol. *d_cvId* must be editable.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable symbol cellview ID in which to create the pin.
<i>t_termName</i>	Name for the terminal that is created for the pin; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_direction</i>	I/O direction for the pin terminal; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: input, output, inputOutput, switch
<i>l_points</i>	List of points that specify the shape of the polygon that represents the pin.

Value Returned

<i>t_pinFigId</i>	The ID of the new pin shape.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
pinFigId = schDrawSymbolPin( cvId "A" "input" list(0:0 0.0625:0 0.0625:0.0625  
0:0.625) )
```

Creates a pin with terminal A with `input` direction using a shape specified by four points.

schEditPinOrder

```
schEditPinOrder(  
    d_cvId  
    l_pinList  
    g_updateInstLastChanged  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Updates the pin ordering for schematic or symbol cellviews given a list of pin names contained in the cellview and their desired order.

The purpose of this function is to keep the pin ordering of a schematic or symbol synchronized with the port ordering of a Verilog[®] HDL or VHDL model.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable schematic or symbol cellview.
<i>l_pinList</i>	List of ordered pin names.
<i>g_updateInstLastChanged</i>	Boolean flag specifying whether to update the time stamp for the instances last changed.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Updated the pin ordering for schematic or symbol cellviews given a list of pin names contained in the cellview and their desired order.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
pinList = list( "q" "qbar" "d" "clk" "preset" )  
schEditPinOrder( cvId pinList nil )
```

Sets the pin order for the cellview ID to *q*, *qbar*, *d*, *clk*, and *preset*.

schEditSheetSize

```
schEditSheetSize(  
    d_cvId  
    t_borderLib  
    t_borderCell  
    t_borderView  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Places or replaces a sheet border instance in a schematic. This function works for both multisheet and non-multisheet schematics.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable schematic to modify.
<i>t_borderLib</i>	Name of the library containing the sheet border master; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Use an empty string if you want no border.
<i>t_borderCell</i>	Cell name of the sheet border master; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Use an empty string if you want no border.
<i>t_borderView</i>	View name of the sheet border master; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Use an empty string if you want no border.

Value Returned

t	Placed or replaced a sheet border instance in a schematic.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schEditSheetSize( cv "US_8ths" "Asize" "symbol" )
```

Adds an A-sized sheet border to the schematic you specify. If the schematic already contains a sheet border, it is replaced with the A-sized sheet border.

```
schEditSheetSize( cv "" "" "" )
```

Removes any existing sheet borders.

schExistsEditCap

```
schExistsEditCap(  
    { t | nil }  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Tests if any licenses that support the schematic editing feature are available for checkout.
Does not check out any licenses.

Arguments

<code>t</code>	Specifies that the application-specific error message or the original License Manager error message should be issued.
<code>nil</code>	Specifies that no message should be issued.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Tested if any licenses that support the schematic editing feature are available for checkout.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schExistsEditCap(t)
```

Tests if the schematic editing feature is available.

schExtendSelSet

```
schExtendSelSet(  
    w_windowId  
    l_pt  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Extends the selection of the object in the specified position by selecting the object around the current object.

Searches through the schematic cellview for objects that touch the object in the specified position and adds them to the selected set. For example, extending a wire selects all segments in the same branch (stopping at T-intersections, pins, instance pins, or changes in wire width). The function extends it again and selects all objects in the path, stopping only at pins and instance pins.

You can extend an instance to select all wire segments connected to any of its instance pins. Repetitive extended selection of an instance extends the wires as defined above.

You can extend labels to apply to more objects. Repetitive extended selection of a label extends the label as defined above.

When this function reaches the maximum selection level, it cycles back to the single object.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window to which to apply the selection.
<i>l_pt</i>	Point that specifies the location of the selection.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Extends the selection of the object in the specified position by selecting the object around the current object.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schExtendSelSet( hiGetCurrentWindow( ) hiGetCommandPoint( ) )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

If the specified point is over the object, this function selects the object. If the object is already selected, this function extends the object. Any objects in the next selection level are added to the selected set. You can incrementally increase the selection level until an object is selected. If the function reaches the maximum extension level, it cycles back to a single object.

schExtractConn

```
schExtractConn(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> l_result
```

Description

Runs the schematic connectivity extractor on the cellview you specify.

Figures on the wire layer with `drawing`, `flight`, or `label` purposes are processed. Figures on the pin layer with `drawing` purposes are processed as schematic pins. Instances are of either `cell` or `pin` purpose; components that have `cell` purpose and `pin` instances must have objects in the master on the `pin` layer with `drawing` purpose to be processed correctly.

The extractor uses three schematic environment settings:

- `maxLabelOffsetUU` specifies an offset distance from a label in which automatic association, or gluing, occurs

Refer to [“schGlueLabel”](#) on page 200 for details. If a wire is within the distance specified by `maxLabelOffsetUU`, the label is automatically glued to it.
- `runSRC` specifies whether the schematic rules checker is run after the connectivity is successfully extracted from the cellview
- `runVIC` specifies whether the cross-view checker is run after the connectivity is successfully extracted from the cellview

If you initiate the extraction from the index of a multisheet design, the extractor automatically extracts the sheets that require extracting.

Can be used only when editing a schematic cellview.

Note: Cadence recommends that you use [schCheck](#) instead of this function and that you replace existing calls to this function with calls to `schCheck`.

Arguments

<code>d_cvId</code>	Cellview ID of the cellview from which to extract connectivity.
---------------------	---

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

l_result A list containing the errors and total number of warnings generated, in that order. This also includes errors or warnings from the schematic rules checker or cross-view checker.

Example

```
schExtractConn( cv )
```

Extracts connectivity for the cellview you specify.

```
schSetEnv( "runSRC" nil )  
schSetEnv( "runVIC" nil )  
result = schExtractConn( cv )
```

Extracts connectivity for the cellview you specify but does not run the schematic rules checker or the cross-view checker.

schExtractStatus

```
schExtractStatus(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> t_status | nil
```

Description

Returns the schematic extraction status for the specified cellview.

The status is based on the values of the two time stamps, `instancesLastChanged` and `lastSchematicExtraction`.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview to check. Although <i>d_cvId</i> is typically the ID of a schematic cellview, there is no internal check for cellview type.
---------------	---

Value Returned

<i>t_status</i>	The string <code>obsolete</code> if the cellview has been updated since the last time the connectivity was extracted for the cellview, <code>dirty</code> if the connectivity is current but there are error or warning markers in the cellview, and <code>clean</code> if the connectivity is current and there are no error or warning markers in the cellview.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
cvId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "lib" "block" "schematic" "" 'r )  
case( schExtractStatus( cvId )  
    (obsolete info("Re-Check schematic.\n"))  
    (dirty info("Ok but look it over.\n"))  
    (clean info("GO FOR IT!\n"))  
    )  
)
```


schGetBundleDisplayMode

```
schGetBundleDisplayMode(  
    d_labelId  
)  
=> vertical | horizontal | nil
```

Description

Takes a label Id and returns its display mode. This only works for label type objects. If the specified object Id is not a label object, then the API will return `nil`. This will only work when the cellview is editable.

Arguments

<code>d_labelId</code>	Label Id whose bundle display mode value, horizontal or vertical, is to be obtained.
------------------------	--

Value Returned

<code>vertical</code>	Label Id display mode is set to vertical.
<code>horizontal</code>	Label Id display mode is set to horizontal.
<code>nil</code>	Object Id entered was not a label.

Example

If `labId` represents a wire bundle label, which is being displayed vertically, then:

```
schGetBundleDisplayMode (labId) => "vertical"
```

If `figId` represents the Id of a pin name, then:

```
schGetBundleDisplayMode (figId) => nil
```

schGetCellViewListInSearchScope

```
schGetCellViewListInSearchScope(  
    d_cvId  
    t_scope  
    d_topCV  
    t_viewNameList  
    t_libName  
    t_mode  
)  
=> l_cvList | nil
```

Description

Returns a list of cellviews in the search scope you specify.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the schematic or symbol cellview in which to base the search. <i>d_cvId</i> must be a schematic or symbol cellview. Hierarchy is not supported for symbol cellviews.
<i>t_scope</i>	Scope of the search; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If <i>t_scope</i> is <code>library</code> , only cellviews of the same view type as the base cellview will be identified. Valid Values: <code>selected set, cellview, hierarchy, library</code>
<i>d_topCV</i>	ID of the top-level cellview from which to start the hierarchical search. This argument is used only when <i>t_scope</i> is <code>hierarchy</code> .
<i>t_viewNameList</i>	A string of view names that specify the expansion of the hierarchy. This argument is used only when <i>t_scope</i> is <code>hierarchy</code> .
<i>t_libName</i>	Name of the library in which to search. This argument is used only when <i>t_scope</i> is <code>library</code> .
<i>t_mode</i>	Access mode used to open the cellviews found during the search; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>read, write</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

l_cvList The list is a list of “writable” and “readable” cellviews. If *t_mode* is *write*, the system tries to get write access for each cellview found. If it can get write access, it puts the cellview in the writable list; otherwise, it puts it in the readable list. If *t_mode* is *read*, the system puts all the cellviews in the readable list.

nil Unsuccessful.

Example

```
cvId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "projectLib" "top" "schematic" "" 'r )
retList = schGetCellViewListInSearchScope( cvId "hierarchy" cvId "schematic
    symbol" "" "read" )
cvList = cadr( retList )
```

Returns a list of schematic and symbol cellviews that are in the hierarchy underneath the cellview *top*. The cellviews are placed in the readable list (second element).

schGetEnv

```
schGetEnv(  
    t_variableName  
)  
=> g_value
```

Description

Gets the value of a schematic environment variable.

Along with the [schSetEnv](#) function, this function lets you program the values for various options within the schematic editor without using a form. Also, these functions complement the general environment variable mechanism, which lets you preset values at startup using a `.cdsenv` file.

Arguments

<i>t_variableName</i>	Name of the schematic environment variable whose value you want to get; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Refer to <u>Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide</u> schematic environment variable descriptions.
-----------------------	--

Value Returned

<i>g_value</i>	Current value of the specified variable.
----------------	--

Example

```
result = schGetEnv( "maxLabelOffsetUU" )
```

Returns the value of the `maxLabelOffsetUU` environment variable.

schGetMatchingObjects

```
schGetMatchingObjects(  
    d_cvId  
    t_propName  
    t_condOp  
    t_propValue  
    g_useSelSet  
)  
=> l_objects | nil
```

Description

Finds the set of objects that match the specified search criteria in a cellview. You can search by property to limit the search in the selected set.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of a schematic or symbol cellview in which to place copied graphics.
<i>t_propName</i>	Property name to search for.
<i>t_condOp</i>	Conditional operator to use during the matching; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: ==, !=, <, >, <=, >=
<i>t_propValue</i>	Property value to search for; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If <i>t_propName</i> is master, <i>t_propValue</i> must be <i>t_libName t_cellName t_viewName</i> (separated by spaces).
<i>g_useSelSet</i>	Search is limited to the selected set if set to <i>t</i> ; search includes the entire cellview if set to <i>nil</i> .

Value Returned

<i>l_objects</i>	The set of objects that match the search criteria.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
cvId = dbOpenCellViewByType( "sample" "flipflop" "schematic" "" 'r nil )
instList = schGetMatchingObjects( cvId "cellName" "==" "nand2" nil )
```

Returns all the `nand2` instances in the `flipflop` schematic.

schGetPinOrder

```
schGetPinOrder(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> l_pinList
```

Description

Returns the pin list, as defined in the portOrder property (if present) or as the default pin list.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	The cellview whose pin order you want retrieved.
---------------	--

Return Value

<i>l_pinList</i>	The pin list of the cellview, as defined in the portOrder property (if present) or as the default pin list.
------------------	---

Example

```
cv = geGetEditCellView( )  
pinList = schGetPinOrder(cv)
```

Gets the pin order list for *cv*.

schGlueLabel

```
schGlueLabel(  
    d_label  
    d_figure  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Glues the label to the figure you specify using a database child/parent relationship in which the label is the child. You can glue a pin label to a pin only when the label defines the name for that pin. You can glue a wire label only to a wire, a pin of a component, or a pin of a schematic. The label defines the name of the net associated with the wire, the pin of the component, or the pin of the schematic. You can glue note labels to any object.

Arguments

<i>d_label</i>	ID of the label to glue.
<i>d_figure</i>	ID of the figure on which to glue the label.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Glued the label to the figure you specify using a database child/parent relationship in which the label is the child.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schGlueLabel( labelId figId )
```

Glues the label designated by *labelId* to the figure designated by *figId*.

schHdlPrintFile

```
schHdlPrintFile(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Prints the current HDL file.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHdlPrintVars

```
schHdlPrintVars(  
    )  
=> t
```

Description

Prints the current values of the schematic HDL variables.

These variables are defined in “Customizing Global Environment Variables for Form Fields” in Chapter 13, “[Customizing the Virtuoso Schematic Editor](#),” in *Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide*.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

schHDLReturn

```
schHDLReturn(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Returns up the hierarchy from a Verilog view window.

Usable when viewing `verilog` after completing a descend action from a schematic.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window where the function runs. If not specified, the current window is used.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schHDLReturn( )
```

Displays the parent view of the cellview in the specified window. The parent view is displayed in the current window or an existing window depending on whether you have turned on the *Create New Window When Descending* option on the User Preferences form.

schInhConFind

```
schInhConFind(  
    w_windowId  
    [ d_inst ]  
)  
=> l_inhConList
```

Description

Given a `windowId` and an optional list of instances (or all instances in the window if none are explicitly specified), will return a list of inherited connections eligible for override beneath these instances.

Each inherited connection in the list is represented by a DPL (disembodied property list) with the following fields:

- `name`
The name of the inherited connection (the “property name” that must be used to override the connection).
- `default`
The default net name.
- `value`
The current net to which the connection is attached.
- `inst`
The instance under which the connection was found.

Arguments

<code>w_windowId</code>	Window where the function runs. If not specified, the current window is used.
<code>[d_inst]</code>	Optional list of instances whose eligible inheritance connection details you want to return.

Value Returned

<code>l_inhConList</code>	DPL list of each returned inherited connection.
---------------------------	---

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
schInhConFind(hiGetCurrentWindow())  
=>  
((nil name POWER default pwr! value pwr! inst db:12345678)  
(nil name GROUND default gnd! value gnd! inst db:12345678))
```

schInhConSet

```
schInhConSet(  
    t_inhCon  
    [ t_name ]  
    [ t_default ]  
    [ t_value ]  
    [ t_pinName ]  
    [ t_pinDir ]  
    [ t_pinPos ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Manipulates inherited connections located using [schInhConFind](#).

You can use this function to:

- override a connection by passing the name of a net to connect to.
- convert a connection to a local pin with no associated net expression.
- convert to an inherited pin (with potentially different connection parameters).
- change the connection name or default net.

Arguments

<i>t_inhCon</i>	The given inherited connection.
<i>t_name</i>	If not <i>nil</i> , re-parameterizes the connection using this new name. If <i>nil</i> , the connection retains its original name.
<i>t_default</i>	Re-parameterizes the connection with the specified default net name, or leaves it as is if <i>nil</i> .
<i>t_value</i>	Specifies the name of a local or global net to connect the connection to.
<i>t_pinName</i>	Specifies the name of a pin that is to be used to connect to the inherited connection. The pin is automatically created.
<i>t_pinDir</i>	If <i>pinName</i> has been specified will give the required direction of the pin.
<i>t_pinPos</i>	If <i>pinName</i> has been specified, this is the x:y location of the created pin.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

t	Inherited connection successfully modified.
nil	Modification unsuccessful.

Example

Note: These examples assume that `inhCon` is an entry in a list previously returned by `schInhConFind`. If we therefore have:

```
inhCon = `(nil name "POWER" default "pwr!" value "pwr" inst db:12345678)
; Override a connection by connecting to a local net.
; Creates netSet on inhCon->inst:
; name=inhCon->name, value=myPower.
schInhConSet(inhCon ?value myPower)

; Override by connecting to a global net.
; Creates netSet on inhCon->inst:
; name=inhCon->name, value=vdd!
schInhConSet(inhCon ?value vdd!)

; Convert to a schematic pin.
; Creates pin VDD in inhCon->insts cellview, and adds netSet to inst:
; name=inhCon->name, value=VDD
schInhConSet(inhCon ?pinName VDD ?pinPos 0:0)

; Change the name of a connection, but leave default net alone.
; Creates netSet on inhCon->inst:
; name=inhCon->name, value=[@VDD:%:pwr!]
schInhConSet(inhCon ?name VDD)

; Change default net, leave name alone.
; Creates netSet on inhCon->inst:
; name=inhCon->name, value=[@POWER:%:vdd!]
schInhConSet(inhCon ?default vdd!)

; Change both name and default value.
; Creates netSet on inhCon->inst:
; name=inhCon->name, value=[@VDD:%:vdd!]
schInhConSet(inhCon ?name VDD ?default vdd!)

; Propagate inherited connection via inherited pin.
; Creates pin VDD in inhCon->insts cellview, and adds netSet to inst:
schInhConSet(inhCon ?pinName VDD ?pinPos 0:0 ?name VDD ?default vdd!)

; Convert all inherited connections to pins.
procedure(pinPos() /* Generate a pin position. */ )
foreach(inhCon schInhConFind(hiGetCurrentWindow()))
schInhConSet(inhCon ?pinName inhCon->name ?pinPos pinPos())
)
; ...etc...
```

schInstallHDL

```
schInstallHDL(  
    g_library  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
    t_srcName  
    [ g_createSymbol ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Installs a Verilog HDL source file as an HDL cellview and creates the cell, view, and cellview objects in the library if necessary. This function can also create a matching symbol cellview.

Note: This function will not overwrite an existing cellview.

Arguments

<i>g_library</i>	Either a library name string or a library identifier returned by <code>ddGetObj</code> .
<i>t_cellName</i>	Name of the cell; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	Name of the view; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_srcName</i>	Path to the Verilog HDL source file; must be enclosed in quotation marks. <code>@optional</code> is a keyword that you must include if you specify <i>g_createSymbol</i> .
<i>g_createSymbol</i>	Boolean flag that specifies whether a matching symbol is created.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Installed a Verilog HDL source file as an HDL cellview and created the cell, view, and cellview objects in the library if necessary.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
lib = ddGetObj( "myLib" )  
schInstallHDL( lib "myDesign" "functional" "myDesign.v" )
```

Creates the HDL cellview `myDesign functional` in the library `myLib`.

schInstToView

```
schInstToView(  
    d_inst  
    t_viewTo  
    t_fromFunc  
    t_toFunc  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates a cellview type from an instance of a symbol.

The instance master and the destination view must have the same library and cell name.

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for the `schViewMasters` list of translation functions and documentation for creating your own translation functions.

Arguments

<i>d_inst</i>	Instance ID from a schematic to use as the source for the translation.
<i>t_viewTo</i>	Name of the destination view; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_fromFunc</i>	Name of the SKILL procedure to translate from the instance master to the pin list intermediate format; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_toFunc</i>	Name of the SKILL procedure to translate from the pin list intermediate format to the destination view; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Generated a cellview type from an instance of a symbol.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
schInstToView( inst "functional" "schSymbolToPinList" "schPinListToVerilog" )
```

Generates a Verilog HDL shell from the specified instance.

schIsHDLCapEnabled

```
schIsHDLCapEnabled(  
    { t | nil }  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Validates that a license supporting the schematic editing feature is already checked out and does a recheck to ensure that the license has not timed out. Otherwise, attempts to check out a license.

Arguments

<code>t</code>	Specifies that the application-specific error message or the original License Manager error message should be issued.
<code>nil</code>	Specifies that no message should be issued.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Validated that a license supporting the schematic editing feature is already checked out and does a recheck to ensure that the license has not timed out.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schIsHDLCapEnabled( t )
```

Validates that a license supporting the schematic editing feature is already checked out.

schIsIndexCV

```
schIsIndexCV(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Tests whether the given cellview is an index schematic cellview.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview to be tested.
---------------	---

Value Returned

t	Tested whether the given cellview is an index schematic cellview.
nil	Unsuccessful.

schIsSchEditOk

```
schIsSchEditOk(  
    d_cvId  
    [ g_dialog ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Tests whether the given schematic cellview is writable and whether the edit capability is enabled.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview to be tested.
<i>g_dialog</i>	When not set to <code>nil</code> , messages are not presented. When set to <code>t</code> , messages are presented in a dialog box.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Tested whether the given schematic cellview is writable and whether the edit capability is enabled.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

schIsSheetCV

```
schIsSheetCV(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Tests whether the given cellview is a multisheet schematic cellview.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview to be tested.
---------------	---

Value Returned

t	Tested whether the given cellview is a multisheet schematic cellview.
nil	Unsuccessful.

schIsSymEditOk

```
schIsSymEditOk(  
    d_cvId  
    [ g_dialog ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Tests whether the given schematic symbol cellview is writable and whether the edit capability is enabled.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview to be tested.
<i>g_dialog</i>	When not set or set to <code>nil</code> , messages are printed to the CIW. When set to <code>t</code> , messages are presented in a dialog box.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Tested whether the given schematic symbol cellview is writable and whether the edit capability is enabled.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

schIsViewCapEnabled

```
schIsViewCapEnabled(  
    g_printMesg  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Obsolete function. No replacement.

schIsWireLabel

```
schIsWireLabel(  
    d_figId  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Tests whether the given database figure is a schematic wire label.

Arguments

<i>d_figId</i>	The database ID of a figure.
----------------	------------------------------

Value Returned

t	Tested whether the given database figure is a schematic wire label.
nil	Unsuccessful.

schLayoutToPinList

```
schLayoutToPinList(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
)  
=> g_pinList
```

Description

Translates a `layout` cellview into an intermediate pin list format. The pin list represents all of the terminals in the layout and their directions. The pin list also represents the cellview level properties in the `maskLayout`.

Arguments

<code>t_libName</code>	Library containing the <code>maskLayout</code> cellview to translate; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<code>t_cellName</code>	Cell containing the <code>maskLayout</code> cellview to translate; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<code>t_viewName</code>	View containing the <code>maskLayout</code> cellview to translate; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

<code>g_pinList</code>	Terminal and property information organized in a pin list.
------------------------	--

Example

```
pinList = schLayoutToPinList( myLib myDesign layout )
```

where

```
pinList = `( nil ports (( nil name "a" direction "input" )  
    ( nil name "b" direction "input" )  
    ( nil name "c" direction "output" )  
    )  
)
```

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
g_pinList = `( nil ports portList
               [prop proplist] )
portlist = ( termDef termDef...termDef )
termDef = (nil name termName
           direction termDir
           [prop proplist]
           [pins termPins]
           )
proplist = ( nil propName propValue
             propName propValue
             ...
             )
termPins = ( pinDef pinDef...pinDef )
pinDef = ( nil name pinName [accessDir accessDir] )
```

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for usage of *schLayoutToPinList* in the *schViewMasters* list of translation functions.

schMouseApplyOrFinish

```
schMouseApplyOrFinish(  
    )  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Adds a point and applies or finishes the active enter function command based on the setting of the `modalCommands` schematic environment variable. It is designed to be used for double-clicking with the left mouse button.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Added a point and applies or finishes the active enter function command based on the setting of the <code>modalCommands</code> schematic environment variable.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
hiSetBindKey( "Schematics" "None<Btn1Down>(2) EF" "schMouseApplyOrFinish()" )
```

Binds the left mouse button double-click action during schematic editor enter function commands to `schMouseApplyOrFinish`.

schMove

```
schMove(  
    d_fig  
    d_destCV  
    l_transform  
)  
=> d_object | nil
```

Description

Moves the object you specify to a destination cellview. The object location and orientation can be specified before the object is placed at the destination location by the given transformation argument. The copied figure is first rotated and reflected about the origin as specified by the orientation of the transform, then translated by the offset of the transform.

The destination cellview must be editable. This function moves figures between schematic or symbol cellviews only.

Arguments

<i>d_fig</i>	Figure to move.
<i>d_destCV</i>	Destination schematic or symbol cellview in which to place the object.
<i>l_transform</i>	Relative location and orientation of the moved figure, which is specified as list of (<i>l_offset</i> <i>t_orient</i> [<i>n_magnification</i>]).

Value Returned

<i>d_object</i>	The ID of the figure after it is moved.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
fig1 = schMove( fig1 cv2 list(10.0:5.0 "R90" ) )
```

Moves *fig1* to the cellview *cv2*; the offset for *fig1* is 10.0,5.0 and *fig1* is rotated 90 degrees from the original orientation. The resulting *figId* is returned and assigned to *fig1*.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

schNetExprAvailProps

```
schNetExprAvailProps(  
    l_designSpec  
    l_instPaths  
)  
=> l_availProps
```

Description

Returns a list of available properties, and their evaluated values, for the various occurrences passed.

Arguments

l_designSpec

A DPL with the format:

```
`(nil  
  libname t_libname  
  cellName t_cellname  
  viewName t_viewName  
  switchViewList t_switchViewList  
  stopViewList t_stopViewList)
```

Note: If the *viewName* is a configuration cellview, then *switchViewList* and *stopViewList* are optional, and will be ignored if set. The design configuration is based on the configuration file.

l_instPaths

A list of full instance names in the hierarchy for which data is requested.

Note: Wherever possible you should pass a list of instances to these functions, rather than call functions multiple times to get results for specific *instPaths*, as each cell will lead to a design traversal and can be time consuming.

An example of an *instPaths* argument value is:

```
`("/I0" "/I1/MN0")
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

l_availProps

Returns a list of available properties, and their evaluated values, for the various occurrences passed to the function.

For example:

```
`((("gnd" "gnd!") )
 ("vdd" "vdd!" ) )
(("gnd" "gnd!" )
 ("vdd" "vdd!" ) )
)
```

Example

See *Example* section for [schNetExprEvalNames](#).

schNetExprEvalNames

```
schNetExprEvalNames(  
    l_designSpec  
    l_instPaths  
    [g_listCellView]  
    [g_listOccurrences]  
)  
=> l_netExprEvalNames
```

Description

Returns a list of evaluated names for all occurrences specified.

Arguments

l_designSpec

A DPL with the format:

```
`(nil  
  libname t_libname  
  cellName t_cellname  
  viewName t_viewName  
  switchViewList t_switchViewList  
  stopViewList t_stopViewList)
```

Note: If the viewName is a configuration cellview, then switchViewList and stopViewList are optional, and will be ignored if set. The design configuration is based on the configuration file.

l_instPaths

A list of full instance names in the hierarchy for which data is requested.

Note: Wherever possible you should pass a list of instances to these functions, rather than call functions multiple times to get results for specific instPaths, as each cell will lead to a design traversal and may be time consuming.

An example of an instPaths argument value would be:

```
`("/I0" "/I1/MN0")
```

g_listCellView

A boolean value to indicate whether cellview data is also required for each evaluated name.

g_listOccurrences

A boolean value to indicate whether occurrence data is also required for each evaluated name.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

l_netExprEvalNames Returns a list of evaluated names for all occurrences specified.

When occurrence or cellview data is not requested, the evaluated name data is an ordered tuple of: evaluated name, number of cellviews and the number of occurrences. For example:

```
...  
( "5V!" "1" "3" )  
...
```

When cellview data and/or occurrence data is requested for each evaluated name, the list will have five members as *cvInfo* followed by *occInfo* is appended. If only one data element is requested the corresponding entry for the omitted data is *nil*. Both *cvInfo* and *occInfo* are also lists:

- *cvInfo* is a list containing the *libName*, *cellName*, *viewName*, property name, default value, and the number of occurrences, for example:

```
...  
( "inhConnSmall" "pmos" "schematic" "gnd" "gnd!" 2 )  
...
```

- *occInfo* contains the *occPath* (another list), property name, and default value. The *occPath* is specified as a list of (*libName cellName viewName instName*). The last list entry will not have an *instName*, and refers to the switch instance master, for example:

```
`(  
  ( ( ( "inhConnSmall" "top" "schematic" "I4" )  
    ( "inhConnSmall" "inv" "schematic" "P1" )  
    ( "inhConnSmall" "pmos" "schematic" )  
  )  
  "bulk_p"  
  "vdd!"  
)  
...)
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Examples

```
ds = '( nil libName      "vanlib_cdb"
        cellName        "test_inh_pi"
        viewName        "schematic"
        switchViewList  "schematic spectre"
        stopViewList    "spectre" )
schNetExprAvailProps( ds '("/M0" "/M1"))
==> returns:
(
  (("bulk_n" "gnd!"))
  (("bulk_n" "gnd!"))
)

schNetExprEvalNames( ds '("/M0" "/M1"))
==> returns:
(
  ("gnd!" 1 1)
  ("gnd!" 1 1)
)
schNetExprEvalNames( ds '("/M0" "/M1") ?listOccurrences t)
==> returns:
(
  ("gnd!" 1 1 nil
    (((("vanlib_cdb" "test_inh_pi" "schematic" "M0")
        ("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre")
        ) "bulk_n" "gnd!"
      )
    )
  )
  ("gnd!" 1 1 nil
    (((("vanlib_cdb" "test_inh_pi" "schematic" "M1")
        ("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre")
        ) "bulk_n" "gnd!"
      )
    )
  )
)
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
schNetExprEvalNames( ds '("/M0" "/M1") ?listCellView t)
==> returns:
(
  (("gnd!" 1 1
    (("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre" "bulk_n" "gnd!"
      1
    )
  ) nil
)
)
)
(("gnd!" 1 1
  (("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre" "bulk_n" "gnd!"
    1
  )
) nil
)
)
)
schNetExprEvalNames( ds '("/M0" "/M1") ?listCellView t ?listOccurrences t)
==> returns:
(
  (("gnd!" 1 1
    (("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre" "bulk_n" "gnd!"
      1
    )
  )
  (((("vanlib_cdb" "test_inh_pi" "schematic" "M0")
    ("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre")
  ) "bulk_n" "gnd!"
  )
)
)
)
)
(("gnd!" 1 1
  (("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre" "bulk_n" "gnd!"
    1
  )
  )
  (((("vanlib_cdb" "test_inh_pi" "schematic" "M1")
    ("analogLib" "nmos" "spectre")
  ) "bulk_n" "gnd!"
  )
)
)
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
)  
  )  
    )  
    )  
  )
```

schPinListToSchem

```
schPinListToSchem(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
    g_pinList  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates a schematic cellview from a pin list.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the schematic to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the schematic to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the schematic to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information to use in generating the target schematic.

Value Returned

t	Generated a schematic cellview from a pin list.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schPinListToSchem( "myLib" "myDesign" "schematic" pinList )
```

where

```
pinList = `(nil ports ((nil name "a" direction "input")  
    (nil name "b" direction "input")  
    (nil name "c" direction "output")  
    )  
)
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Generates a schematic with two input pins, "a" and "b", and one output pin, "c".

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `(nil ports portList
              [prop proplist] )
portlist = (termDef termDef...termDef)
termDef = (nil name "termName"
           direction "termDir"
           [prop proplist]
           [pins termPins]
           )
proplist = (nil propName propValue
            propName propValue
            ...
            )
termPins = (pinDef pinDef...pinDef)
pinDef = (nil name "pinName"
          [accessDir "accessDir"])
```

schPinListToSchemGen

```
schPinListToSchemGen(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
    g_pinList  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Opens the Create Schematic form if *t_viewName* is a schematic.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the schematic to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the schematic to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the schematic to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information to use in generating the target schematic.

Value Returned

t	Generated a schematic cellview from a pin list.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schPinListToSchemGen( "myLib" "myDesign" "schematic" pinList )
```

where

```
pinList = `(nil ports ((nil name "a" direction "input")  
    (nil name "b" direction "input")  
    (nil name "c" direction "output")  
    )  
)
```


Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Generates a schematic with two input pins, "a" and "b", and one output pin, "c".

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `(nil ports portList
               [prop proplist] )
portlist = (termDef termDef...termDef)
termDef = (nil name "termName"
           direction "termDir"
           [prop proplist]
           [pins termPins]
           )
proplist = (nil propName propValue
            propName propValue
            ...
            )
termPins = (pinDef pinDef...pinDef)
pinDef = (nil name "pinName"
          [accessDir "accessDir"])
```

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for usage of `schPinListToSchemGen` in the `schPinListToViewReg` list of translation functions.

schPinListToSymbol

```
schPinListToSymbol(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
    g_pinList  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates a symbol cellview from a pin list.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the symbol to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the symbol to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the symbol to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information to use in generating the target symbol.

Value Returned

t	Generated a symbol cellview from a pin list.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schPinListToSymbol( "myLib" "myDesign" "symbol" pinList )
```

where

```
pinList = `(nil ports ((nil name "a" direction "input")  
    (nil name "b" direction "input")  
    (nil name "c" direction "output")  
    )  
)
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Generates a symbol with two input pins, "a" and "b", and one output pin, "c".

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `(nil ports portList
               [prop proplist] )
portlist = (termDef termDef...termDef)
termDef = (nil name "termName"
           direction "termDir"
           [prop proplist]
           [pins termPins]
           )
proplist = (nil propName propValue
            propName propValue
            ...
            )
termPins = (pinDef pinDef...pinDef)
pinDef = (nil name "pinName"
          [accessDir "accessDir"])
```

schPinListToSymbolGen

```
schPinListToSymbolGen(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
    g_pinList  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates a symbol cellview from a pin list.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the symbol to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the symbol to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the symbol to generate from the pin list.; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information to use in generating the target symbol.

Value Returned

t	Generated a symbol cellview from a pin list.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schPinListToSymbolGen( "myLib" "myDesign" "symbol" pinList )
```

where

```
pinList = `( nil ports ((nil name "a" direction "input" )  
    ( nil name "b" direction "input" )  
    ( nil name "c" direction "output" )  
    )  
)
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Generates a symbol with two input pins, "a" and "b", and one output pin, "c".

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `(nil ports portList
               [prop proplist] )
portlist = (termDef termDef...termDef)
termDef = (nil name "termName"
           direction "termDir"
           [prop proplist]
           [pins termPins]
           )
proplist = (nil propName propValue
            propName propValue
            ...
            )
termPins = (pinDef pinDef...pinDef)
pinDef = (nil name "pinName"
          [accessDir "accessDir"])
```

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for usage of `schPinListToSymbolGen` in the `schPinListToViewReg` list of translation functions.

schPinListToVerilog

```
schPinListToVerilog(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
    g_pinList  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates a Verilog HDL cellview from a pin list. The generated Verilog HDL cellview can be used with the Verilog integration.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the Verilog HDL cellview to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the Verilog HDL cellview to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the Verilog HDL cellview to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information to use in generating the target Verilog HDL cellview.

Value Returned

t	Generated a Verilog HDL cellview from a pin list.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schPinListToVerilog( "myLib" "myDesign" "functional" pinList )
```

where

```
pinList = `( nil ports ((nil name "a" direction "input" )  
    ( nil name "b" direction "input" )  
    ( nil name "c" direction "output" )  
    )  
)
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Generates the following Verilog module:

```
module myDesign ( "a", "b", "c" );
    input a;
    input b;
    output c;
endmodule
```

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `(nil ports portList
    [prop proplist] )
portlist = (termDef termDef...termDef)
termDef = (nil name "termName"
    direction "termDir"
    [prop proplist]
    [pins termPins]
    )
proplist = (nil propName propValue
    propName propValue
    ...
    )
termPins = (pinDef pinDef...pinDef)
pinDef = (nil name "pinName"
    [accessDir "accessDir"])
```

schPinListToView

```
schPinListToView(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
    g_pinList  
    t_toFunc  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates a cellview from a pin list.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the data to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the data to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the data to generate from the pin list; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal information to use in generating the target data.
<i>t_toFunc</i>	Name of the SKILL procedure to translate from the intermediate pin list format to the target; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

t	Generated a cellview from a pin list.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schPinListToView( "myLib" "myDesign" "symbol" pinList "schPinListToSymbol" )
```

where

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
pinList = '( nil ports ((nil name "a" direction "input" )
                        nil name "b" direction "input" )
              ( nil name "c" direction "output" ) )
```

Generates a symbol with two input pins, a and b, and one output pin, c.

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties in the design and their directions; for example, input and output. The terminal and property information is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = '(nil ports portlist
              [prop proplist] )
portlist = (termDef termDef...termDef)
termDef = (nil name "termName"
           direction termDir
           [prop proplist]
           [pins termPins]
           )
proplist = (nil propName propValue
           propName propValue
           ...
           )
termPins = (pinDef pinDef...pinDef)
pinDef = (nil name "pinName"
          [accessDir "accessDir"])
```

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for schViewMasters list of translation functions and documentation for creating your own translation functions.

schPlot

```
schPlot(  
    [ t_file ]  
    [ w_windowId ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates a plot. The plot is defined in the *t_file* plot template file. If you do not specify *t_file*, this function uses the plot options stored in the `schPlotOptions` property list. If you backannotate the schematic and you specify *w_windowId*, the generated plot has backannotated values.

See also [Plotting Designs](#) in the *Virtuoso Schematic Editor L User Guide*.

A `.cdsplotinit` file describing the plotter must be available in one of the following:

- your home directory
- `$install_dir/tools/plot/.cdsplotinit`
- `$cwd/ .cdsplotinit`
- `$HOME/ .cdsplotinit`

A sample `.cdsplotinit` file is available in

`your_install_dir/tools/plot/samples/cdsplotinit.sample`

Two sample template files are available in

`your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/plot/schPlot.il`

`your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/plot/schMetPlot.il`

Arguments

<i>t_file</i>	A plot template file that stores plot options in a disembodied property list named <code>schPlotOptions</code> ; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>w_windowId</i>	Window ID in which the schematic is backannotated.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Generated a plot.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schPlot( "plotTemplate" window(2))
```

From window 2, generates the plot using the `plotTemplate` template file with backannotated values.

schRegisterFixedMenu

```
schRegisterFixedMenu(  
    t_category  
    r_menuHandle  
    [ s_disableTrigger ]  
    [ s_enableTrigger ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Registers a vertical fixed-menu handle for specific cellview types to customize the schematic and symbol editor fixed menus. This function also registers triggers to enable and disable specific items in the fixed menu based on whether the editor window is in edit or read mode.

To reinstate the system default icon bar associated with the specified menu type, use the `schUnregisterFixedMenu` function.

A sample file containing the SKILL source code for the default fixed menus is located at `your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schFixMenu.il`.

Arguments

<i>t_category</i>	Cellview type for which the menu is assigned; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>schematic</code> , <code>sheetSchematic</code> , <code>indexSchematic</code> , <code>symbol</code>
<i>r_menuHandle</i>	Menu to display. The <code>hiCreateVerticalFixedMenu</code> function creates <i>r_menuHandle</i> . Refer to <u>SKILL Language Reference Manual</u> .
<i>s_disableTrigger</i>	SKILL function that is called when the cellview is opened in read mode or changed from edit to read mode. The trigger passes the <i>r_menuHandle</i> value of the fixed menu and the ID of the window containing the fixed menu. It calls <code>hiDisableMenuItem</code> for all menu entries to be disabled in read mode. Must be preceded by a tic mark (<code>'</code>).

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

s_enableTrigger SKILL function that is called when the cellview is opened in edit mode or changed from read to edit mode. The trigger passes the *r_menuHandle* value of the fixed menu and the ID of the window containing the fixed menu. It calls *hiEnableMenuItem* for all menu entries that might have been disabled by the disable trigger.

Value Returned

t Registered a vertical fixed-menu handle for specific cellview types to customize the schematic and symbol editor fixed menus.

nil Unsuccessful.

Examples

```
schRegisterFixedMenu( "schematic" myFixedMenu )
```

Registers *myFixedMenu* as the fixed menu to display when the current cellview is a schematic.

```
schRegisterFixedMenu( "symbol" symFixMenu 'symDisableProc 'symEnableProc )
```

Registers *symFixMenu* as the fixed menu to be displayed when the current cellview is a symbol. Also registers *symDisableProc* as the SKILL procedure to call when the cellview is in read mode and *symEnableProc* as the SKILL procedure to call when the cellview is in edit mode.

schRegisterPopUpMenu

```
schRegisterPopUpMenu(  
    t_category  
    r_menuHandle  
    [ t_mode ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Registers *r_menuHandle* for a specific object type to customize the object-sensitive menus (OSMs). You can specify the commands you want for each *t_category* and the text to be displayed on the menu.

Arguments

<i>t_category</i>	Category for which the menu is assigned; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: instance, schPin, instPin, wire, label, marker, schematic, schDefault, schSelSet, symPin, shapes, symbol, symDefault, symSelSet, schStandard, symStandard
<i>r_menuHandle</i>	Specifies the menu to be displayed. <i>r_menuHandle</i> is created by <code>hiCreateMenu</code> , as documented in <u>SKILL Language Reference Manual</u> .
<i>t_mode</i>	Access mode for which <i>r_menuHandle</i> is registered; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you do not specify the mode, both modes are reassigned. Valid Values: read, edit

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Registered <i>r_menuHandle</i> for a specific object type to customize the object-sensitive menus (OSMs).
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schRegisterPopUpMenu( "instance" newInstanceMenu "read" )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Registers `newInstanceMenu` as the OSM to display when the cursor is over an instance when the current cellview is opened in read mode.

```
schRegisterPopUpMenu( "instance" newInstanceMenu )
```

Registers `newInstanceMenu` as the OSM to display when the cursor is over an instance when the current cellview is opened in read mode or edit mode.

The following table shows object type selections.

ObjType (Category)	Selection
<code>instance</code>	instances
<code>schPin</code>	schematic pins
<code>instPin</code>	schematic instance pins
<code>wire</code>	wire (narrow) or wire (wide)
<code>label</code>	labels
<code>marker</code>	rectangle with layer
<code>schNone</code>	nothing under the cursor for schematic cellview
<code>schMultiple</code>	more than one object under cursor
<code>symPin</code>	symbol pins
<code>shapes</code>	symbol shapes
<code>symNone</code>	nothing under cursor for symbol cellview
<code>symMultiple</code>	more than one object under cursor
<code>symUnknown</code>	unknown figure under cursor
<code>schStandard</code>	schematic pop-up for nonsensitive
<code>symStandard</code>	symbol pop-up for nonsensitive
<code>indexSheet</code>	instance of sheet in index cellview
<code>indexPin</code>	pin in index schematic
<code>indexInstPin</code>	instance pin in index schematic
<code>indexDefault</code>	any other object in index schematic
<code>border</code>	sheet border in schematic cellview

schRegPostCheckTrigger

```
schRegPostCheckTrigger(  
    s_functionName  
    [ g_onceOnly ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Registers a function that will be called after a schematic is checked. The called function must be defined to accept three arguments: the cellview ID of the schematic, the number of errors encountered, and the number of warnings encountered during the check.

If your registered function implements additional checks, consider also using [schUpdateUserSRCErrorAndWarn](#).

There are limitations to be aware of when using `schRegPostCheckTrigger`:

- `schRegPostCheckTrigger` will not update the last checked timestamp.
Note: If adding markers, with a customer SKILL program, you can update the last checked timestamp using `dbIsConnCurrent()` or `dbSetConnCurrent()`.
- Customer defined SKILL programs should avoid using any `modify` SKILL functions as they can break connectivities.

Arguments

<i>s_functionName</i>	The symbol for the SKILL function that is to be called.
<i>g_onceOnly</i>	If not specified or specified as 'nil', the registered function is called after each schematic is checked. If specified as anything else, the routine is only called once; this allows you to register a routine that is called only once after a hierarchical check is done rather than for each schematic that is checked.

Value Returned

t	Registers a function that will be called after a schematic is checked.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
procedure( userSRC(cv nErr nWarn "dxx" )
    let((isCurrent nUserErr nUserWarn)
        isCurrent = dbIsConnCurrent(cv)
        printf( "Running userSRC rules checking....\n" )
        nUserErr = 0
        nUserWarn = 0
        ; Create markers according to your schematic rule checks. Update the
local
        ; variables nUserErr and nUserWarn accordingly.
        ; (code omitted)
        ; Request additional error and warning checks to be included in the
check
        ; report.
        schUpdateUserSRCErrAndWarn( nUserErr nUserWarn )
        when(isCurrent
            dbSetConnCurrent(cv)
        )
    )
)
schRegPostCheckTrigger( 'userSRC )
```

schReNumberAllSheet

```
schReNumberAllSheet(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Resequences all sheets starting at 1 and fills any holes in the sequence.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the index for a multisheet schematic design.
---------------	---

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Resequenced all sheets starting at one and fills any holes in the sequence.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schReNumberAllSheet( cv )
```

Resequences the sheets contained in the index schematic cellview.

schReNumberInstances

```
schReNumberInstances(
    g_objId
    [ t_scope ]
    [ g_verbose ]
    [ t_sequence ]
    [ x_startIndex ]
    [ t_applyTo [ t_libraryName t_cellName t_viewName ] ]
)
=> t | nil
```

Description

Resequences instances using the format *instNamePrefix number* that results in unique numbering indexes for each component name prefix encountered. Any voids in a numbering sequence are resolved by renaming instances with the highest numbers to fill the voids.

Arguments

<i>g_objId</i>	ID of a cellview or library. Valid Values: db cellview ID (<i>d_cvId</i>), dd library (<i>b_libId</i>)
<i>t_scope</i>	Defines the range of cellviews to have their instances renumbered; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: For a cellview ID: cellview, hierarchy; for a library ID: library Default: cellview when the ID is <i>d_cvId</i> ; library when the ID is <i>b_libId</i>
<i>g_verbose</i>	Echoes the renumbered instance names and source names to the CIW. Default: nil
<i>t_sequence</i>	Defines the sequencing mechanism; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: filling the voids, X+Y+, Y+X+, X+Y-, Y-X+, X-Y+, Y+X-, X-Y-, Y-X- Default: filling the voids
<i>x_startIndex</i>	The number assigned to the first renumbered instance.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

t_applyTo Defines the group of instances; must be enclosed in quotation marks. To renumber all instances, specify `any master`; to renumber only the instances of a specific master, specify `same master` and specify *t_libraryName* *t_cellName* *t_viewName*
Valid Values: `any master`, `same master`
Default: `any master`

t_libraryName *t_cellName* *t_viewName*

The library, cell, and view name of the instance to apply the renumbering sequence to; each item must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

t Resequenced instances using the specified format.
nil Instances were not resequenced.

Example

```
schRenumberInstances( cv )
```

Resequences the instances contained in the cellview.

```
schRenumberInstances( cv "cellview" t "Y-X+" 0 "same master" "sample" "buf" "symbol" )
```

Resequences the `symbol` view of the cell `buf` from the library `sample` with `verbose` set to on, using the Y-X+ order, starting the sequence with index 0.

schRenumberSheet

```
schRenumberSheet(  
    d_cvId  
    x_from  
    x_to  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Changes the number of a sheet in a multisheet schematic and changes the cell name of the renumbered schematic to match the destination sheet number. If a sheet already exists with the destination number, the new sheet is inserted before it and all succeeding sheets are renumbered accordingly.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the index schematic containing the sheet to renumber.
<i>x_from</i>	Source number of the sheet to renumber.
<i>x_to</i>	Destination number for the source sheet.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Changed the number of a sheet in a multisheet schematic and changes the cell name of the renumbered schematic to match the destination sheet number.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Examples

```
schRenumberSheet( cv 3 4 )
```

Renumbers sheet 3 as sheet 4. Any succeeding sheets are renumbered.

```
schRenumberSheet( cv 4 3 )
```

Renumbers sheet 4 as sheet 3. If sheet 3 exists, the sheets are swapped.

schReplaceProperty

```
schReplaceProperty(  
    l_objId  
    t_propName  
    t_propValue  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Changes the value of *t_propName* to *t_propValue* for the object. This function checks if the net, pin terminal, and master properties exist for the object.

This function can replace only those properties that can be modified with `dbSetq`.

Arguments

<i>l_objId</i>	List that contains one object ID. <i>l_objId</i> must be a database object in a schematic or symbol cellview. The cellview containing the property must be editable.
<i>t_propName</i>	Name of the property to add or modify; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_propValue</i>	String value of the property to assign; must be enclosed in quotation marks. The value type is converted to the found property. If no property is found, a property of type <code>string</code> is created. If <i>t_propName</i> is master, <i>t_propValue</i> must be a string and the string must contain <i>t_libName t_cellName t_viewName</i> (separated by spaces).

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Changes the value of <i>t_propName</i> to <i>t_propValue</i> for the object.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
instList = list( instId )  
schReplaceProperty( instList "instName" "myInst" )
```

Changes the instance name of specified instance to `myInst`.

schSaveCurrentPlotOptions

```
schSaveCurrentPlotOptions(  
    t_fileName  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Writes the current plot settings to a file.

Arguments

<i>t_fileName</i>	The filename where you want to save the settings.
-------------------	---

Value Returned

t	Wrote the current plot settings to the file which you specified.
nil	Unsuccessful.

Example:

```
myPlotSettingsFile="userHomeDir/currentPlotSettings"  
procedure( RememberPlotSettings()  
    schSaveCurrentPlotOptions( myPlotSettingsFile )  
)  
regExitBefore( 'RememberPlotSettings )
```

Writes the current plot settings to myPlotSettingsFile. You can add this function to your .cdsinit file to ensure that every time you exit the software, the last plot settings are automatically saved in the specified file.

schSchemToPinList

```
schSchemToPinList(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
)  
=> g_pinList
```

Description

Generates a pin list from a schematic cellview.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the schematic; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the schematic; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the schematic; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information in the form of a pin list, generated from the source schematic.
------------------	---

Example

```
pinList = schSchemToPinList( "myLib" "myDesign" "schematic" )
```

Returns the pin list representing the source schematic.

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `( nil ports portList  
               [prop proplist] )  
portlist = ( termDef termDef...termDef )  
termDef = ( nil name "termName"  
            direction termDir  
            [pins termPins]  
            )  
proplist = ( nil propName propValue
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
propName propValue
...
)
termPins = ( pinDef pinDef...pinDef )
pinDef = ( nil name "pinName"
  [accessDir "accessDir"] )
```

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for usage of `schSchemToPinList` in the `schViewToPinListReg` list of translation functions.

schSelectAllFig

```
schSelectAllFig(  
    [ d_cvId ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Selects all objects in a cellview that pass the selection filter.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview you want to select. If not specified, the current cellview is used.
---------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schSelectAllFig( )
```

Selects all objects from the cellview in the current window.

schSelectPoint

```
schSelectPoint(  
    w_windowId  
    l_pt  
    g_isPartial  
    g_isAdditive  
    x_timeDelay  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Interactively selects the object under the cursor. With single selection, this function first deselects all objects on the selected set. With additive selection, this function maintains the selected set and adds the current object to the selected set.

These procedures have the same functionality as `mouseSingleSelectPt` and `mouseAddSelectPt` as defined by the schematic editor.

This function also sets the most-recently selected object needed by extended selection. If time has not expired (as defined by `x_timeDelay`), this function calls extended selection instead of simple selection.

You can use this function only for schematics.

Arguments

<code>w_windowId</code>	Window in which to apply selection.
<code>l_pt</code>	List of X and Y coordinates that define the selection area.
<code>g_isPartial</code>	Boolean flag that specifies if partial selection is supported.
<code>g_isAdditive</code>	Boolean flag that specifies if selection is single or additive.
<code>x_timeDelay</code>	Specifies how much time must elapse before the selection becomes simple selection. If the command is executed a second time before time has elapsed, extended selection is applied.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Interactively selects the object under the cursor.
----------------	--

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

nil Unsuccessful.

Examples

```
schSelectPoint( hiGetCurrentWindow( ) hiGetCommandPoint( ) t nil 0 )
```

Deselects all objects. If the cursor is over an object, the object is selected.

```
schSelectPoint( hiGetCurrentWindow( ) hiGetCommandPoint( ) nil t 0 )
```

If the cursor is over the object, the object is added to the selected set.

schSetAndLoadTsgTemplateType

```
schSetAndLoadTsgTemplateType(  
    t_tsgType  
    [ t_templateFileName ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Sets the `tsgTemplateType` environment variable and loads the corresponding `tsg` template file.

Use this function to load a new TSG template file to overwrite the currently loaded TSG template file. A TSG template file is automatically loaded when you first create a symbol or first open the [Symbol Generation Options form](#). After that time, a TSG template file is only loaded upon request.

`schSetAndLoadTsgTemplateType` is the procedural equivalent to the *Load* button of the Symbol Generation Options form.

A TSG template file contains settings that describe the attributes, labels, and properties that the `tsg` engine references when creating symbols automatically.

Arguments

`t_tsgType`

Sets the `tsgTemplateType` environment variable to this keyword. This keyword indirectly references the full path to a TSG template file using the `tsgTemplatesMasters` list, which is defined in the `schConfig.il` file.

The Cadence-provided keywords and TSG template files are as follows:

Keyword	Full Path to tsg Template File
digital	<code>your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/symbolGen/default.tsg</code>
artist	<code>your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/symbolGen/artist.tsg</code>
PCB	<code>your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/symbolGen/package.tsg</code>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

metric	<code>your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/symbolGen/metric.tsg</code>
--------	---

other	not defined
-------	-------------

t_templateFileName

If you specify `other` as the *t_tsgType* keyword, this argument lets you specify the full path to any TSG template file rather than using the *tsgType* keyword mapping described above.

Value Returned

t	Set the <i>tsgTemplateType</i> environment variable and performs a load of the corresponding tsg template file.
---	---

nil	Unsuccessful.
-----	---------------

Example

```
schSetAndLoadTsgTemplateType( "metric" )
```

Assigns the keyword `metric` to the *tsgTemplateType* environment variable and reads the settings from the corresponding *tsg* template file. The system references those settings when creating symbols automatically.

schSetBundleDisplayMode

```
schSetBundleDisplayMode(  
    d_labelId  
    t_displayMode  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Takes a label Id whose display mode is to be changed and applies either a `vertical` or `horizontal` display value. This will only work when the cellview is editable.

Arguments

<i>d_labelId</i>	Label Id whose bundle display mode is to be set.
<i>t_displayMode</i>	Sets the label Id display mode to be either <code>vertical</code> or <code>horizontal</code> .

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Successfully set bundle display mode value.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful. Failure can occur if the Id specified is not a label or if an incorrect value is set for the display mode.

Example

If `labId` represents a wire bundle label which is being displayed horizontally, but you want to change this to vertical, then:

```
schSetBundleDisplayMode (labId "vertical") => vertical
```

If `figId` represents the Id of a pin name, then:

```
schSetBundleDisplayMode (figId "vertical") => nil
```


schSetCmdOption

```
schSetCmdOption(  
    g_form  
    s_field  
    l_fieldValues  
    x_key  
    t_mousePrompt  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Customizes which form fields are modified by calls to `schCmdOption`, right mouse button, and `schShiftCmdOption`, Shift-right mouse button, when the command is active.

Arguments

<i>g_form</i>	Form to customize.
<i>s_field</i>	Symbol of the form field to modify.
<i>l_fieldValues</i>	List of valid values that the field cycles through.
<i>x_key</i>	Specifies whether this form field is changed during <code>schCmdOption</code> or <code>schShiftCmdOption</code> . Valid Values: 1 for normal, 2 for shift
<i>t_mousePrompt</i>	Description of the command that will be displayed on the status line to explain the effect of clicking on the mouse button; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Customized which form fields are modified by calls to <code>schCmdOption</code> , right mouse button, and <code>schShiftCmdOption</code> , Shift-right mouse button, when the command is active.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
schSetCmdOption( schCreatePinForm 'direction list( "input" "output" ) 1 "toggle  
Direction" )
```

Sets the direction field to toggle between input and output when the createPin command is active and you click the right mouse button.

schSetEnv

```
schSetEnv(  
    t_variableName  
    g_value  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Sets the value of a schematic environment variable.

This function, along with the [schGetEnv](#) function, lets you program the values for various options within the schematic editor without using a form. Also, these functions complement the general environment variable mechanism, which lets you preset values at startup using a `.cdsenv` file.

Arguments

<i>t_variableName</i>	Name of the schematic environment variable whose value you want to set.; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>g_value</i>	The value to give the variable. This varies depending on the variable. Refer to <u>Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide</u> for environment variable descriptions.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Set the value of a schematic environment variable.
<i>nil</i>	Either the named variable is not a schematic environment variable or the value is of the wrong type.

Examples

```
result = schSetEnv( "maxLabelOffsetUU" 0.0125 )
```

Sets the value of the `maxLabelOffsetUU` schematic environment variable to `0.0125`. This value is then used by both the schematic extractor and the schematic rules checker.

```
schSetEnv( "vicViewList" "layout symbol" )
```

Sets the value of the `vicViewList` environment variable for the cross-view-checker.

schSetSymbolOrigin

```
schSetSymbolOrigin(  
    d_cvId  
    l_origin  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Moves all the objects in the specified cellview relative to the given origin point.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of an editable symbol cellview in which to set the origin for moving the objects.
<i>l_origin</i>	Origin specified as a point.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Moved all the objects in the specified cellview relative to the given origin point.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schSetSymbolOrigin( symbolCV 1:0 )
```

Moves the origin of the cellview specified by *symbolCV* to the point 1,0.

schSetTextDisplayBBox

```
schSetTextDisplayBBox(  
    d_tdId  
    d_instId  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Sets or updates the value of a bounding box that encloses a given `textDisplay` object. A text display object displays the string or value based on derived information; for example, the current value of a property. Accordingly, the software must update the bounding box that encloses the text display object when the derived string or value changes.

Arguments

<i>d_tdId</i>	ID of the text display object. A text display object has all the characteristics of a label, such as <code>fontStyle</code> , <code>fontHeight</code> , and <code>overBar</code> .
<i>d_instId</i>	ID of an instance when <i>d_tdId</i> is within the symbol cellview of the instance. You should set this argument to <code>nil</code> when <i>d_tdId</i> is in the current schematic.
<i>d_instId</i>	ID of an instance when <i>d_tdId</i> is within the symbol cellview of the instance. You should set this argument to <code>nil</code> when <i>d_tdId</i> is in the current schematic.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Set or updated the value of a bounding box that encloses a given <code>textDisplay</code> object.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Examples

```
schSetTextDisplayBBox( tdId nil )
```

Sets the bounding box of the text display object as defined by `tdId`.

```
schSetTextDisplayBBox( tdId instId )
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Sets the bounding box of the text display object as defined by both `tdId` and `instId`.

schShiftCmdOption

```
schShiftCmdOption(  
    )  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Cycles through a predefined set of values. By default, this function is bound to the `Shift-right` mouse button. When you click the right mouse button while pressing the `Shift` key during an active command, the command applies the next value in the predefined set. You can customize the predefined set of values by making calls to `schSetCmdOption`.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Cycled through a predefined set of values.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

schSingleSelectBox

```
schSingleSelectBox(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
    [ g_partial ]  
    [ l_bBox ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Selects objects within a rectangular area from a specified schematic editing window. With no arguments, it prompts you to enter the area to be selected in the current window. Partial selection is performed if the window environment variable *partialSelect* is set.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Database ID of the window containing the objects.
<i>g_partial</i>	Indicates whether partial selection should be performed.
<i>l_bBox</i>	List specifying the corners of the rectangular area to select. If not specified, or specified as <code>nil</code> , you are prompted to define the area with the mouse.

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
schSingleSelectBox( )
```

Prompts you to define the area in the current window for selection with the mouse.

schSnapToConn

```
schSnapToConn(  
    )  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Interactively connects a wire to the nearest connectivity object during the *Create Wire* command and the schematic `snapEnabled` environment variable is set.

Can only be used when the *Create Wire* command is active in the schematic editor.

Arguments

None.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Interactively connects a wire to the nearest connectivity object during the <i>Create Wire</i> command and the schematic <code>snapEnabled</code> environment variable is set.
<code>nil</code>	Unsuccessful.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

schSolder

```
schSolder(  
    d_cvId  
    l_solderPt  
)  
=> d_shapeId | nil
```

Description

Solders two wires together in a schematic. This function places the solder dot over the given point if it is a + or T- wire intersection.

Arguments

<i>d_cvId</i>	Cellview ID of the cellview to contain the solder dot. Must be a schematic cellview.
<i>l_solderPt</i>	Location of the solder dot specified as a point.

Value Returned

<i>d_shapeId</i>	The ID of the specified shape.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
shapeId = schSolder( cv 2:3 )
```

Places a solder dot at the specified location.

schSRC

```
schSRC(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> l_result
```

Description

Runs the schematic rules checker (SRC) on a specified cellview.

You can set the schematic rules checker rules by

- Specifying options on the Setup Schematic Rules Checks options form
- Calling `schSetEnv` to set the schematic environment variable that controls a check
- Specifying values for the schematic environment variables in your `.cdsenv` file

You can set the values for the schematic environment variables that control the logical, physical, and name checks. For most of the schematic environment variables that control checks, the three possible values are `ignored`, `warning`, and `error`. These three values are collectively known as the check severity.

- When you set the check severity value for a variable to `ignored`, the system does not perform the check associated with that variable.
- When you set the check severity value for a variable to `warning`, the system marks any violations discovered during the check as warnings. You can save a design that contains warnings, and you can simulate a design that contains warnings. Nevertheless, you should review the warnings before proceeding.
- When you set the check severity value for a variable to `error`, the system marks any violations discovered during the check as errors. You can save a design that contains errors, but you cannot simulate the design simulation until you correct the errors.

Can be used only on an editable schematic.

Refer to *Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide* for environment variable descriptions.

Arguments

<code>d_cvId</code>	Cellview ID on which to run the schematic rules checker.
---------------------	--

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

l_result A list containing the number of errors and warnings, respectively.

Example

```
result = schSRC( cvId )
numErrors = car( result )
numWarns = cadr( result )
```

Runs the schematic rules checker on the given cellview and extracts the number of errors and warnings from the result.

```
schSetEnv( "srcUnconnectedWires" "ignored" )
schSetEnv( "srcVerilogSyntax" "error" )
schSetEnv( "srcVHDLSyntax" "ignored" )
result = schSRC( cvId )
```

Sets the severity of the three checks—srcUnconnectedWires, srcVerilogSyntax, and srcVHDLSyntax—and then invokes the schematic rules checker.

schStretch

```
schStretch(  
    l_figIds  
    l_transform  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

The `schStretch` command can be used to stretch objects. The API takes a list of `figIds` and a transformation, and then stretches the specified figure in `figId~>cellView` by applying the transformation.

Note: `schStretch` is a non-HI equivalent of `schHiStretch`.

The `schStretch` function has no requirement for a cellview to be open in a window, and can operate successfully when the cellview is opened using `dbOpenCellViewByType`.

The `schStretch` function also follows the same constraints as those followed by `schHiStretch` (for example, the error messages are the same and all environment variables are obeyed).

The stretching behavior performed is also very similar to that used by `schHiStretch`, and you are able to control the stretch behavior using the environment variable `stretchMethod`.

There is however one important difference, where stretching is performed within the cellview of the `figId` (`figId~>cellview`). For instances (symbol and schematic), wires, markers, patch cords, pins, pin and wire names, and so on, that are placed on the schematic, the stretching is done in that schematic cellview. If however you specify the `figId` of some object that is in a symbol (`figId` of a symbol pin), that would be stretched inside a symbol. In this scenario, the behavior would be exactly the same as `schMove`.

With object stretching, the reference point is taken as the origin. The `figIds` are stretched in their totality, as if in fully selected mode, in the same way that `schCopy` and `schMove` works.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Note: As the stretching reference point is always the origin, if you want a different origin, you will need to adhere to the following example:

If `xy` is the reference point that you want to use, and `xform` is the transformation relative to that reference point, then:

```
newXform=dbConcatTransform(  
    dbConcatTransform(  
        list(mapcar('minus xy) "R0" 1) xform)  
        list(xy "R0" 1))
```

And then do:

```
schStretch(figs newXform)
```

Arguments

<code>l_figIds</code>	The list of ids of the objects to be stretched together. All objects must belong to the same cellview. Only objects in the schematic or schematicSymbol view types are stretched. The cellview type for stretching is determined by checking the cellview of the first object in the <code>l_figIds</code> .
<code>l_transform</code>	A list describing how to transform the object.

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Stretch operation has been successful.
<code>nil</code>	Stretch operation has been unsuccessful.

Example

Example 1

To use the `schStretch()` command, you can take the following steps:

1. Open a schematic that contains some instances.
2. Select the objects that you wish to stretch
3. In the CIW enter:

```
figIds = geGetSelSet()  
trans = list (0:0 "R90")  
schStretch (figIds trans)
```

This first of all gets a list of the selected figIds, moves the instances by 90, before then performing the stretch.

Example 2

Alternatively you could:

1. Open a schematic that contains some instances.
2. In the CIW enter:

```
cv = geGetEditCellView()  
figIds = cv~>instances  
trans = list (-1:-1 "R90")  
schStretch(figIds trans)
```

Firstly, this gets the `cvId` for the current window, then gets a list of `figIds` (in this example it is `instances`), before moving them by 90 and then by (-1 -1). The last step again sees the actual stretch being performed.

schSubSelectBox

```
schSubSelectBox(  
    [ w_windowId ]  
    [ g_partial ]  
    [ l_bBox ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Deselects objects within a rectangular area from a specified schematic editor window. Implements the *sub* mode of area selection. With no arguments, it prompts you to enter the deselection area in the current window. Partial deselection is performed if the window environment variable *partialSelect* is set.

Arguments

<i>w_windowId</i>	Window ID of the window containing the objects.
<i>g_partial</i>	Indicates partial selection.
<i>l_bBox</i>	List specifying the corners of the instance box to subselect. If not specified, or specified as <i>nil</i> , a bounding box created from all the pins and device shapes is used.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Deselected objects within a rectangular area from a specified schematic editor window.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schSubSelectBox( )
```

Prompts you to enter the deselection area in the current window of the objects to deselect.

schSymbolToPinList

```
schSymbolToPinList(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
)  
=> g_pinList | nil
```

Description

Generates a pin list from a symbol cellview.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the symbol; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the symbol; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the symbol; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information in the form of a pin list, generated from the source symbol.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
pinList = schSymbolToPinList( "myLib" "myDesign" "symbol" )
```

Returns the pin list representing the source symbol.

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `( nil ports portList  
               [prop proplist] )  
portlist = ( termDef termDef...termDef )  
termDef = ( nil name "termName"  
            direction termDir
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
[prop propList]
[pins termPins]
)
proplist = ( nil propName propValue
             propName propValue
             ...
             )
termPins = ( pinDef pinDef...pinDef )
pinDef = ( nil name "pinName"
           [accessDir "accessDir"] )
```

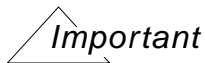
See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for usage of `schSymbolToPinList` in the `schViewToPinListReg` list of translation functions.

schSync

```
schSync(  
    l_cvId  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Synchronizes the schematic and Cadence database (CDB) data representations.



You must call this function when you use Cadence database access (CDBA) PI functions, such as `dbCreateInst`, to create a schematic cellview. However, you do not need to call this function when you use PI schematic functions.

Arguments

<code>l_cvId</code>	A list of the schematic cellview IDs (<code>d_cvId</code>) whose cellview data representations you want to synchronize with CDB data representations.
---------------------	---

Value Returned

Always returns `t`.

Example

```
dbCreateInst( cvId master nil 0:0 "RO" )  
schSync( list(cvId) )
```

Uses `dbCreateInst` to add an instance of `master` to the cellview of `cvId`, and then calls `schSync`, which synchronizes the schematic data representation with the CDB data representation.

schUnregisterFixedMenu

```
schUnregisterFixedMenu(  
    t_category  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Unregisters the user-registered fixed menu for a specific cellview type and reassigns the default fixed menu.

Arguments

<i>t_category</i>	Cellview type for which the default fixed menu is restored; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: <code>schematic</code> , <code>sheetSchematic</code> , <code>indexSchematic</code> , <code>symbol</code>
-------------------	--

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Unregistered the user-registered fixed menu for specific cellview type and reassigns the default fixed menu.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schUnregisterFixedMenu( "schematic" )
```

Unregisters the user-registered fixed menu for schematic cellviews and reassigns the system default fixed menu.

schUnregisterPopUpMenu

```
schUnregisterPopUpMenu(  
    t_category  
    [ t_mode ]  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Unregisters the specific category and access mode for object-sensitive menus (OSMs) and reassigns the system default menus.

Arguments

<i>t_category</i>	Category for which the menu is unregistered.; must be enclosed in quotation marks. Valid Values: instance, schPin instPin, wire, label, marker, schematic, schDefault, schSelSet, symPin, shapes, symbol, symDefault, symSelSet, schStandard, symStandard
<i>t_mode</i>	Access mode for which the menu handle is unregistered; must be enclosed in quotation marks. If you do not specify the mode, both modes are unregistered. Valid Values: read, edit

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Unregisters the specific category and access mode for object-sensitive menus (OSMs) and reassigns the system default menus.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Examples

```
schUnregisterPopUpMenu( "instance" "read" )
```

Unregisters the current OSM and reassigns the system default *instance* OSM. The system default appears when the cursor is over an instance when the current cellview is opened in read mode.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

`schUnregisterPopupMenu("instance")`

Reassigns the system default for the instance category for both edit and read modes.

schUnregPostCheckTrigger

```
schUnregPostCheckTrigger(  
    s_funcName  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Unregisters a post check trigger routine.

Arguments

<i>s_funcName</i>	Name of the routine to unregister; must be the symbol for a routine that was registered using <code>schRegPostCheckTrigger</code> .
-------------------	---

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Unregistered a post check trigger routine.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
schUnregPostCheckTrigger( 'checkTrig ) => t
```

Unregisters the 'checkTrig routine.

schUpdateUserSRCErrorAndWarn

```
schUpdateUserSRCErrorAndWarn(  
    x_nUserErr  
    x_nUserWarn  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Increases the number of errors and warnings that are reported on the Schematic Check dialog box that appears after running the schematic rules checker (SRC) commands. This function is useful if you implement additional checks besides those provided by the schematic rules checker.

Arguments

<i>x_nUserErr</i>	Number of additional user-reported errors.
<i>x_nUserWarn</i>	Number of additional user-reported warnings.

Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Increased the number of errors and warnings that are reported on the Schematic Check dialog box that appear after running the SRC commands.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
; Register a function which will be called after running the Composer SRC checks.  
schRegPostCheckTrigger( 'userSRC )  
)  
  
procedure( userSRC(cv nErr nWarn "dxx" )  
    printf( "Running userSRC rules checking....\n" )  
    nUserErr = 0  
    nUserWarn = 0  
    ; Create markers according to your schematic rule checks. Update the local  
    ; variables nUserErr and nUserWarn accordingly.  
    ; (code omitted)  
    ; Request additional error and warning checks to be included in the check  
    ; report.  
    schUpdateUserSRCErrorAndWarn( nUserErr nUserWarn )  
)
```


Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

The `schRegPostCheckTrigger` function registers a new function which will be called after running the schematic rules checker. The procedure which follows creates markers according to your schematic rule checks, updates the local variables, and requests additional error and warning checks be included in the check report. The `schUpdateUserSRCErrorsAndWarn` function shows the total number of errors and warnings in a dialog box after running the check.

```
schUpdateUserSRCErrorsAndWarn ( 6 4 )
```

Increases the number of errors and warnings reported by the schematic rules checker by six and four, respectively.

schVerilogToPinList

```
schVerilogToPinList(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewName  
)  
=> g_pinList | nil
```

Description

Generates a pin list from a Verilog HDL cellview.

Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library containing the Verilog HDL cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell containing the Verilog HDL cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewName</i>	View containing the Verilog HDL cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

<i>g_pinList</i>	Terminal and property information in the form of a pin list, generated from the source Verilog HDL cellview.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful.

Example

```
pinList = schVerilogToPinList( "myLib" "myDesign" "symbol" )
```

Returns the pin list representing the source Verilog HDL cellview.

The pin list format represents all the terminals and properties and is stored in a disembodied property list with the following format:

```
g_pinList = `(nil ports portList  
    [prop proplist] )  
portlist = (termDef termDef...termDef)  
termDef = (nil name "termName"  
direction termDir
```

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

```
[prop propList]
[pins termPins]
)
proplist = (nil propName propValue
propName propValue
...
)
termPins = (pinDef pinDef...pinDef)
pinDef = (nil name "pinName"
[accessDir "accessDir"])
```

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for usage of `schVeriloglToPinList` in the `schViewToPinListReg` list of translation functions.

schVIC

```
schVIC(  
    d_cvId  
)  
=> l_result
```

Description

Runs the cross-view checker to check the consistency of the interface of one or more views against the view of the given cellview.

The member terminals of the specified cellview are compared against member terminals of the views specified in the schematic environment `vicViewList` variable. This check flags differences between signals exported from the specified cellview and signals exported in other views of the same cell.

The following types of errors are reported:

- Signals that are exported in one view but not the other
- Signals that have terminals with different directions in the two views

You can use this function to check the consistency between a schematic and its corresponding symbol. All markers generated by this check are indicated with the source of `VIC` and are placed in the given cellview.

The `vicViewList` default in the schematic environment is `symbol`. You can change this with a call to `schSetEnv`. It is not an error if a named view does not exist for the cell.

The current cellview and the views to check must be Cadence databases.

Arguments

<code>d_cvId</code>	Cellview ID of the cellview in which to check the view interface.
---------------------	---

Value Returned

<code>l_result</code>	List containing the number of errors and warnings generated by the check.
-----------------------	---

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Example

```
result = schVIC( cv )  
numErrors = car( result )  
numWarns = cadr( result )
```

Runs the cross-view checker on the cellview `cv`.

schViewToView

```
schViewToView(  
    t_sourceLibName  
    t_sourceCellName  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
    t_viewFrom  
    t_viewTo  
    t_fromFunc  
    t_toFunc  
)  
=> t | nil
```

Description

Generates one type of cellview from another.

See the *your_install_dir/tools/dfII/samples/local/schConfig.il* file for *schViewMasters* list of translation functions and documentation for creating your own translation functions.

Arguments

<i>t_sourceLibName</i>	Name of the library that contains the data to translate; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_sourceCellName</i>	Name of the cell that contains the data to translate; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_libName</i>	Name of the existing library that will contain the translated cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell name for the translated cellview; must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewFrom</i>	View name to translate from (the source view); must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_viewTo</i>	View name to translate to (the destination view); must be enclosed in quotation marks.
<i>t_fromFunc</i>	SKILL procedure to translate from the source view to the intermediate pin list format; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

t_toFunc SKILL procedure to translate from the intermediate pin list format to the destination view defined by *t_libName*, *t_cellName*, and *t_viewTo*; must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Value Returned

t Generates one type of cellview from another.

nil Unsuccessful.

Examples

```
schViewToView( "srcLib" "srcDesign" "myLib" "myDesign" "symbol" "functional"
"schSymbolToPinList" "schPinListToVerilog" )
```

Generates a Verilog HDL shell (myLib myDesign functional) based on the specified symbol (srcLib srcDesign symbol).

schZoomFit

```
schZoomFit(  
    f_scale1  
    f_scale2  
)  
=> t
```

Description

Performs a zoom-to-fit with the given zoom scale values. If the schematic cellview contains a sheet border, the first zoom scale value is used. The second zoom scale value is used when there is no sheet border.

Arguments

<i>f_scale1</i>	The zoom scale if the schematic cellview contains a sheet border.
<i>f_scale2</i>	The zoom scale if the schematic cellview does not contain a sheet border.

Value Returned

Always returns *t*.

Example

```
schZoomFit( 1.0 0.9 )
```

If the schematic cellview contains a sheet border, it is scaled 1 . 0, which represents fitting the cellview bounding box to the size of the current graphic window. If the schematic cellview contains no sheet border, it is scaled 0 . 9, which represents fitting the cellview bounding box to 90% of the current graphic window.

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

tsg

```
tsg(  
    library  
    inputFile  
    [ templateFile ]  
)  
=> t
```

Description

The `tsg` function is used to generate a `schematicSymbol` type cellview from a `tsg` (text-to-symbol generator) file. The `tsg` file, `inputFile`, is a simple text file that provides a textual description of the symbol.

Note: The `tsg` file has a pre-specified format which is covered in the [Text-to-Symbol Generator](#) appendix in the *Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide*.

Arguments

<code>library</code>	Specifies the name of the pre-existing library (or a library <code>ddId</code>) where the symbol view is to be created.
<code>inputFile</code>	<p>Specifies the <code>tsg</code> file to be used to create symbol from. This ASCII file contains the symbol description and is the primary input file that controls the symbol to be generated by <code>tsg()</code>.</p> <p>As mentioned, the <code>tsg</code> file has a pre-specified format which is discussed in the Text-to-Symbol Generator appendix in the <i>Virtuoso Schematic Editor User Guide</i>.</p>
<code>templateFile</code>	<p>The <code>tsg</code> template file is a secondary, optional, file that specifies default controls for symbols to be generated by <code>tsg</code>. The <code>templateFile</code> uses the same format as the <code>tsg</code> description file.</p> <p>If specified, its symbol parameters are used as defaults when creating the symbol unless they are overridden by the corresponding parameters set out in the <code>inputFile</code>. Again, you should see Text-to-Symbol Generator for more information.</p>

Virtuoso Schematic Editor SKILL Functions Reference

Virtuoso Schematic Editor Procedural Interface (PI) Functions

Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Generates the symbol view.
<code>nil</code>	Cannot create symbol or <code>tsg</code> parsing has failed.

Example

```
tsg("testlib" "/hm/gblack/tsgFile")
```

This will create a symbol view in `testlib`. The `cellName` and `viewName` will be as specified in the `tsgFile`.